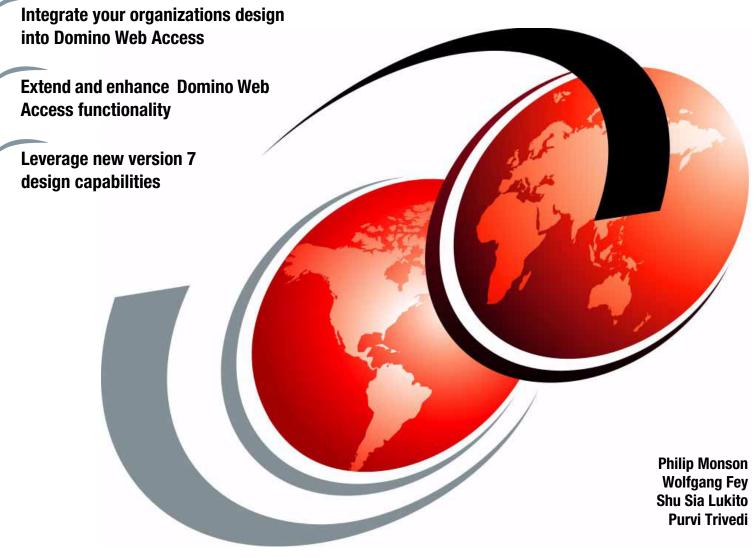


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Domino Web Access 7 Customization



Redpaper

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International Technical Support Organization

Domino Web Access 7 Customization

May 2006

Note: Before using this information and the product it supports, read the information in "Notices" on page vii.

First Edition (May 2006)

This edition applies to Version 6 and Version 7 of IBM Lotus Notes and Domino.

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Preface

Domino® Web Access is a client that allows users to access different Domino services using a web browser. Domino Web Access provides the browser user with access to a number of features that were previously only available for users with non-browser clients, such as Lotus® Notes®.

After you finish reading this Redpaper, you will discover Domino Web Access is highly customizable. Domino Web Access is categorized as a markup based application. As a markup based application, the markup and/or script is the factor that defines the look and feel and function of the application. Therefore, if you know what to change, you can customize Domino Web Access by modifying this markup and/or script. This Redpaper will provide you with the guidance you need to determine where changes should be made in Domino Web Access to accomplish the customization relevant to your organizations needs. In this Redpaper we will use a fictitious financial institution called ITSO Bank to illustrate the customizations necessary for their business needs.

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Introduction to Lotus Domino Web Access Customization

Note: This Redpaper is in "draft" mode and is undergoing both technical and grammatical review. While in draft mode, the paper may contain minor omissions, technical inaccuracies or spelling errors. Please note that this draft will continue to be updated on a weekly basis until it is complete and ready for publication.

This chapter is an overview of IBM Lotus Domino Web Access and the topics covered in this Redpaper. Specifically we begin to introduce you to:

- What is Domino Web Access?
- History of Domino Web Access
- Why customize Domino Web Access
- How customizable is it?
- Upgrading a customized Domino Web Access environment
- Going off line with customized Domino Web Access
- Browser considerations
- Language pack considerations
- IBM Support policy for customizations

1.1 What is Domino Web Access?

Domino Web Access (formerly iNotes[™] Web Access) is a sophisticated Web client that delivers leading Domino messaging, collaboration and personal information management (PIM) capabilities to Web browsers. Browser users can take full advantage of Domino services through an ultra-intuitive, easy-to-use interface, both on and off-line, seamlessly.

Domino Web Access 7 was architected using the latest Web application development technologies, such as AJAX and can be centrally administered, and touts a low-touch to the desktop deployment model.

Domino Web Access is a client that allows users to access different Domino services using a web browser. Domino Web Access provides the browser user with access to a number of features that were previously only available for users with non-browser clients, such as Lotus Notes. These features are in the areas of messaging, calendar and scheduling, personal information management, task management, and personal journal.

Address Book and Journal

One major difference between the Domino Web Access client and the Notes client is that the local address book and local journal don't exist with Domino Web Access. Instead, Contact and Journal entries are stored in the mail file as opposed to separate databases. For users that maintain both a Notes client and Domino Web Access client agents are available to sync Contact and Journal entries. The agent, which is part of the Domino Web Access template, must be run from the Notes client.

Domino Off-Line Services

Users can also work offline to manage email messages, contacts, calendars, to do items, and so forth via Domino Offline Services (DOLS).

Heterogeneous Environment Support

Domino Web Access can be used independently, or together with the Lotus Notes client. Users can use the Notes client while they are in their office environment, and use Domino Web Access while they are remote and their only choice is to use a Web browser—such as when they are at another user's PC, or on their home PC.

Note: Until Lotus Domino version 6.5, Domino Web Access was called iNotes Web Access, or iNotes. For this reason, many elements of Domino Web Access (such as mail templates) still carry the iNotes name. For the sake of simplicity in this text, all versions of the product including those released prior to Domino 6.5, will be referred to as Domino Web Access.

The Domino Web Access environment is comprised of 5 components:

- Supported Browser
- Domino Server running the HTTP task
- The mail template iNotesX.ntf and dwaX.ntf
- Shared forms database (Forms5.nsf, Forms6.nsf or Forms7.nsf)
- Domino Off-line Services (DOLS) for offline use

Important: All of these components need to be considered in any case of customizing Domino Web Access. Sometimes there are several ways to implement a specific customization in different places. In all cases the customization should be tested in a real world environment.

For an overview of Domino Web Access 7, please refer to the product page at:

http://www-142.ibm.com/software/sw-lotus/products/product1.nsf/wdocs/dwawhatsnew

1.2 The history of Domino Web Access

The first browser-based mail client that could access Domino mail files was Webmail. Webmail was introduced in Lotus Notes and Domino 4.6. It required the Web Mail template (mailw46.ntf) or the Combo Mail template (mailc46.ntf). In Notes and Domino 5.x to 7.x, Webmail template design elements were combined into the Standard Mail template (mail50.ntf, mail60.ntf, mail7.ntf).

Domino Web Access (then called iNotes) was introduced in Domino 5.0.8 as a new standard browser based mail client for Lotus Domino. Key Points:

- Enhanced Web access to Domino messaging/PIM capabilities
- Targeted at "richer" browsers such as Internet Explorer and Mozilla that have DHTML support
- ► Uses powerful web technologies (XML, JavaScript[™], DHTML, AJAX) to provide enhanced usability, performance and interface functionality over Webmail
- Works with Domino Off-line Services (DOLS) to allow users to access web applications (primarily mail files) offline.

1.3 Why customize Domino Web Access?

Domino Web Access has a very rich set of features. With that in mind, why do customers still want to customize it? As flexible and feature rich as any application can be there are always unique customer needs or creative desires to be met. Some common customizations requested by customers are:

- Look and feel customization
- Preferences customization
- Add and remove features
- Implementation of a mail retention policy
- Integration with other systems (such as document management systems, J2EE™ applications, Portal applications, relational databases, etc.)

Before deciding to customize Domino Web Access, please note that every release adds more options and flexibility to customize Domino Web Access through Administrative settings. For example, configuration documents, notes.ini settings, etc. (see Appendix A, "Additional Customization Tips" on page 103 for more information). The Domino Web Access design team has devoted increasing attention to customization, and with Lotus Domino 7 the Domino Web Access template is even more customizable.

1.4 How customizable is Domino Web Access?

After you finish reading this Redpaper, you will discover Domino Web Access is highly customizable. Domino Web Access is categorized as a markup based application. As a markup based application, the markup and/or script is the factor that defines the look and feel and function of the application. Therefore, if you know what to change, you can customize Domino Web Access by modifying this markup and/or script. This Redpaper will provide you with the guidance you need to determine where changes should be made in Domino Web Access to accomplish the customization relevant to your business needs. In this Redpaper we will use a fictitious financial institution called ITSO Bank to illustrate the customizations

necessary for their business needs. You'll read about it next in Chapter 2, "Customization Scenario - ITSO Bank" on page 11

There are two main areas of customizations discussed in this Redpaper:

- Skin customization
- ► Feature customization

These areas are covered in Chapter 4, "Skin Customization Techniques" on page 21 and Chapter 5, "Feature Customization Techniques" on page 25.

In Domino Web Access 7.0.1, the only tool required for customization is the Domino Designer® Client. However, "Tools helpful for Domino Web Access Development" on page 104 will discuss additional tools that are helpful for the customization process.

1.4.1 Skin Customization

Chapter 4, "Skin Customization Techniques" on page 43 discusses how ITSO Bank changes the look and feel of Domino Web Access in order to comply to their standard corporate GUI design. This will be followed by slightly more complicated examples involving moving skin components and also explains how to move the search bar next to the Preferences button and remove the additional trash icon. The final example will demonstrate how to create a new skin component. Also illustrated is creating a skin component that displays the remaining database size based on mail file quota.

Based on the scenario examples provided in this paper, you will be able to design sophisticated real-world customizations. You will also find how much easier skin customization with Domino Web Access version 7.0.1 is compared to version 6.5.

Skins are now easier to edit as the skins editor tool is not necessary for Forms7.nsf. All skins are stored as File Resource design elements. The names of relevant design elements will be the skin group name followed by a hyphen followed by the skin type name.

This Redpaper will equip you with techniques on:

- Domino Web Access look and feel customization
- Rearranging the layout of a skin
- Removing skin components
- Creating new skin components

1.4.2 Feature Customization

Chapter 5, "Feature Customization Techniques" on page 65 demonstrates how extensible Domino Web Access truly is. We start by covering various operations that can be performed on action menus, such as overwrite, remove, and add Domino Web Access action menus. Then we will get into more complex customizations involving creating a custom dialogbox and implementing a QuerySave agent. In addition, we will cover an example of the common customizations for the Preferences dialog. Finally, we will show you how to create a custom main page in Domino Web Access by providing a step by step example.

Based on the examples provided in the feature customization section, you will be well equipped to extend the customizations to meet your organization's needs. You will learn techniques to:

Manipulate action menus (overwrite, create, remove)

- Create custom dialogbox
- Implement QuerySave agent
- Create new main page
- Change default settings in preferences

1.5 Upgrading a customized Domino Web Access environment

Chapter 3, "Customization Considerations" on page 17, discusses how Domino Web Access has improved from previous releases. Before deciding to add a custom feature to Domino Web Access, please review the latest features. You may find that the feature your organization needs is now available out of the box. For example, prior to version 7.0.1, there is no capability to import country-specific corporate holidays.

Unlike some of the mail template customizations for the Lotus Notes client, custom code in Domino Web Access will not automatically work after a version upgrade. The reason is because there are common external script files that may change from release to release. Additionally, various releases emit the script tags in different ways. Therefore, it is important to consider the following best practices for minimizing problems during the upgrade:

- Use a custom forms file
- Isolate your custom code
- Document your changes
- Other considerations

1.5.1 Use a custom forms file

Prior to Domino Web Access 7 it is difficult to have Domino Web Access use a custom forms file other than the one that comes with the product (formsX.nsf - where X represents the version number), "Different techniques to include externalized code" on page 103 shows in detail how Domino Web Access can be forced to use a different default forms database.

1.5.2 Isolate your custom code

It is a good practice in Domino Web Access to separate your custom code from the out of the box Domino Web Access code. For example, instead of embedding custom Notes Dictionary fields and/or vars, you can have them in a separate subform and then insert the subform into the s_MailMemoDictionary subform. Refer to "Modify s_MailMemoDictionary subform" on page 74 for more information. There are also different techniques to externalize code and caching operations to consider. These topics are covered in detail in, "Different techniques to include externalized code" on page 103.

1.5.3 Document your changes

Even though documentation is an important practice for any application development effort, it is that much more important in Domino Web Access because you have to track the changes. Then you will be able to port the changes to the next version by implementing the logic to the new version of the forms file (formsX.nsf).

In some cases you might be able to simply copy and paste the custom code. However, if Domino Web Access has changed its implementation, you might have to re-write the code so that it will work in the new version. For example, the action menu structure has changed from version 6.5 to 7.0.1. Refer to 5.1, "Implementation overview" on page 66 for more information.

Important: It is important to know that if you have created custom main pages and dialogbox pages, you should not simply copy and paste the entire forms and/or subforms from the older forms file to the newer one. The markup and scripts that are on the head portion of these forms or subforms are different from release to release. You should start with one of the main pages or dialogboxes that came out of the box and follow a similar procedure performed when you created the custom pages.

1.5.4 Other considerations

In some cases Domino Web Access customization is only required for a subset of the users in an organization. If so, you can consider setting up a separate environment for these users. This can be done with two different forms files on the same server as outlined in, "Different techniques to include externalized code" on page 103. With such separation, if there are resource constraints you have the option to upgrade those users who use out-of-box Domino Web Access first and schedule the upgrade for the other group later.

1.6 Going offline with customized Domino Web Access

Domino Off-Line Services (DOLS) provides a way for users to take Domino Applications and Mail files offline, work in them, and synchronize the changes with an online replica on the Domino server. Changes made to the Forms7.nsf file on the domino server are not automatically included in the DOLS install. For performance reasons, the DOLS install is a pre-packaged fileset that includes the standard Forms7.nsf. Customers have the ability to replace the out-of-box Forms7.nsf with the custom Forms7.nsf from the fileset. Chapter 3.11, "Taking Customized Domino Web Access Offline" on page 41 details the steps for bringing Domino Web Access customizations offline.

1.7 Browser Considerations

In the real world there will almost never be two identical implementations of Domino Web Access. So if the customization of Domino Web Access is considered for a particular environment, the development team has to know everything about the browser software used. Also, it is important to know which local desktop restrictions and security software are in use and which security settings in the browser are set.

Note: For the customization examples within this Redpaper, the Redpaper team used Microsoft Internet Explorer 6.0 and Mozilla Firefox 1.0.x.

It is possible to do specific customizations for each browser type differently. For example, in our ITSO Bank scenario the skin customization is done only for Microsoft Internet Explorer but the corporate logo is done for both as shown in Figure 1-1 on page 9.

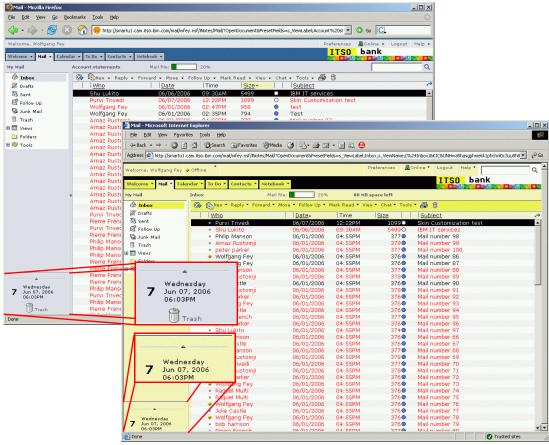


Figure 1-1 Different customization sample for Mozilla Firefox and Microsoft Internet Explorer

1.8 Language pack Considerations

Doing customization to a multilingual Domino environment is also possible using the same techniques as we discussed for single language environment. The design elements used are all the same and have no language specific names. The only difference in the design is the \$Language item on the respective design notes. The value will reflect the relevant language the design note is to be used for.

Attention: Implementing Domino Web Access customization(s) in a multilingual Domino environment requires applying the customization(s) to the design elements for each language.

Also skins are not language-specific, so any implementation should avoid placing user visible text directly within a skin. Rather this is placed within skin components or subforms.

1.9 IBM Support Policy for Customized Domino Web Access

Customizing Domino database templates, including the Standard Mail template, is a common practice with many customers. This has led to numerous questions regarding what type of customization can be made to the Domino Web Access mail template. While it is possible to

customize Domino Web Access, and several customizations are discussed in this RedPaper, please understand this disclaimer:

Important: IBM Lotus Support neither certifies nor supports Domino Web Access installations using altered templates or other customizations. IBM Lotus Support will instruct customers who open incidents resulting from a customized template to revert to the stock template to see whether or not the problem still occurs. If it does, IBM Lotus Support will troubleshoot the problem as it exists in the stock template. If the problem does not exist in the stock template, IBM Lotus Support will recommend that the customer remove the modifications and submit an enhancement request of the desired functionality for the next release. This policy includes the Forms6.nsf database as well.

The current, detailed support policy can be found online in technote 1100952 at:

http://www-1.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21100952

2

Customization Scenario - ITSO Bank

Note: This Redpaper is in "draft" mode and is undergoing both technical and grammatical review. While in draft mode, the paper may contain minor omissions, technical inaccuracies or spelling errors. Please note that this draft will continue to be updated on a weekly basis until it is complete and ready for publication.

In this chapter we introduce a financial institution, ITSO Bank, that has decided to customize their Domino Web Access user interface (UI) to adopt their corporate standard web design. Additionally, ITSO Bank addresses a Sarbanes-Oxley (SOX) mail management compliance issue by storing copies of outgoing e-mail messages into a separate Domino Database repository.

The following customizations are addressed in detail:

- Incorporate ITSO Bank corporate design
 - Color Scheme
 - Corporate Logo
 - Display available space
 - Corporate Login Page
 - Updating DOLS to bring customizations offline
- Mail Management Compliance
 - Store a copy of each mail sent out
 - Remove functionality to block mail from sender
- Integrate an Account Statement Form
 - Create new documents
 - Read and edit existing documents

- Enable the documents to be forwarded by mail

The following sections in this chapter outline these customizations in general and point to the places in the book where the specific implementation is documented.

Important: Please note that this Redpaper is not addressing the business and legal perspectives of SOX compliance - the scenario is solely used to outline the various techniques used to accomplish Domino Web Access customizations.

2.1 Corporate standard design customization

By implementing a corporate standard design for ITSO Bank we demonstrate how skin customization is accomplished in Domino Web Access. We examine stylesheet modifications to illustrate implementing the corporate UI look and feel. We then discuss modifying HTML layout files to modify and create skin components.

Figure 2-1 displays the out of the box Domino Web Access user interface in comparison to the customized look and feel of ITSO Bank UI shown in Figure 2-2.

🗿 Mail - Microsoft Internet Explorer					
<u> </u>	es <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp				
🚱 Back 🔹 🐑 🗸 🗶) 🗟 🏠 🔎 Search 🚽	Favorites Media	🚱 🔗 §	s 🕞 💭 🛍	8 😐
Address Address	Mail/ptrivedi.nsf/iNotes	/Mail/?OpenDocument&Pre	esetFields=s_ViewLa	bel;Inbox,s_ViewName;	;(%24Inbo) 💙 🛃 Go
	Lycos 👸 IBM Business Transform				»
Welcome, Purvi Trivedi X	IM Disconnected		Draf	erences <u>@</u> Online	·▼ Logout Help ▼
	· · ·		FIEI	Lotus. Domino'	
Welcome Mail Calen	dar • To Do • Contacts •	Notebook -		Lotus, Domino	web Access
My Mail	Inbox	Mail file:	75%		Q
🙆 Inbox 🔺	🚱 🔊 New 🔻 Reply 🔻 Forv	vard • Move • Follow	Up 🔻 Mark Read	• View • Tools •	46
🕅 Drafts	Who	Date	Time	Size	Subject
🚯 Sent	Purvi Trivedi	06/20/2006	09:50AM	44260 0	Fw: RSS & Ato
😵 Follow Up	Purvi Trivedi	06/20/2006	09:47AM	15145	Hi Level outline
🖓 Junk Mail	Jason Dumont	06/19/2006	04:48PM	73720	Re: 1st draft o
Trash	Wolfgang Fey	06/19/2006	01:49PM	44053	Re: Chpt 4
H I Views	Vinod Seraphin	06/19/2006	09:45AM	89050	FYI: Invoking a
	Philip Monson	06/16/2006	04:08PM	18020	Chapter 6 "Adr
🗄 🛄 Folders 🛛 🖣	Wolfgang Fey	<i>₽</i> 06/14/2006	06:56PM		👂 Skin Customiza
🖻 🚳 Tools 🗾	John LeJeune	06/13/2006	02:38PM	541546 😔	Test Plan
•	Shu Sia Lukito	06/12/2006	06:01PM		Re: 1st draft o
	Philip Monson	06/09/2006	02:52PM	84310	Re: Showcase
A	Jason Dumont	06/08/2006	04:55PM	5052 0	Re: Showcase
Tuesday	Vinod Seraphin	₩ 06/07/2006	06:31PM	3122	Info on DOLS a
20 Jun 20, 2006 03:18PM	Vinod_Seraphin Wolfgang Fey	06/07/2006 06/07/2006	03:07PM 12:41PM	142850 d 168520	Re: Question r Question regar
	Vinod Seraphin	₩ 06/07/2006	12:41PM 12:40PM	78490	Re: Hi Level ou
Trash	Jane L Wilson	06/06/2006	03:22PM		Re: Hi Level ou

Figure 2-1 Before Skin Customization

🚰 Mail - Microsoft Inter	net Explorer				
<u>File E</u> dit <u>V</u> iew F <u>a</u> vor	rites <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp				
🚱 Back 🔹 🕥 - [🗴 😰 🏠 🔎 Search 🦞	🕇 Favorites 🔮 Media 🥝	Ø• 🎍 🛙	🗟 • 🧾 🎎	8 😐
Address 🖉 http://www.sa	www.ive.dise.com/mail/ptrivedi.nsf/iNe	otes/Mail/?OpenDocument&PresetF	ields=s_ViewLabel;	Inbox,s_ViewName;	(%24Ir 🗸 🛃 Go
	ith Lycos 🛛 👸 IBM Business Transforr				
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Welcome, Purvi Trivedi 🔳	I Am Active	Preferences 🖳 Online	e 🔹 Logout H	Help 🔻	Q
			ITSO	bank	
Welcome * Mail * Cale	endar • To Do • Contacts •	Notebook 🔻	1130	Dank	
My Mail	Inbox	Mail file: 18%	82 MB	space left	
Inbox	🚱 🛐 New 🔻 Reply 🔻 Forv	ard 🔻 Move 👻 Follow Up 👻 M	1ark Read 🔻 Vie	w Chat Tools	• <i>4</i> 6
🕅 Drafts	Who	Date	Time	Size	Subject 💀
🚳 Sent	Purvi Trivedi	06/20/2006	03:48PM	1008	Important A
🚭 Follow Up	 Cotton Lukito 	06/08/2006	10:01AM	1409	Yellow is t
🕲 Junk Mail	Purvi Trivedi	06/07/2006	12:22PM	1099	Skin Cust
🕅 Trash	 Shu Lukito 	06/06/2006	09:30AM	5499	IBM IT se
🔲 🔲 Views	Wolfgang Fey	06/01/2006	02:30PM	385	Mail numb
_	Wolfgang Fey	06/01/2006	02:30PM	385	Mail numb
Folders	Wolfgang Fey	06/01/2006	02:30PM	385	Mail numb
) 🚳 Tools	 Shu Lukito 	06/01/2006	02:30PM	383	Mail numb
	 Shu Lukito 	06/01/2006	02:30PM	383	Mail numb
	Purvi Trivedi	06/01/2006	02:30PM	386	Mail numb
	Purvi Trivedi	06/01/2006	02:30PM	386	Mail numb
	 Shu Lukito 	06/01/2006	02:30PM	383	Mail numb
▲	Purvi Trivedi	06/01/2006	02:30PM	385	Mail numb
Tuesday	 Philip Manson 	06/01/2006	02:30PM	385	Mail numb
20 Jun 20, 2006 04:08PM	Wolfgang Fey	06/01/2006	02:30PM	384	Mail numb 🗸

Figure 2-2 After Skin Customization

Chapter 4, "Skin Customization Techniques" on page 43 will provide you with step-by-step instructions on how to accomplish the standard corporate design for ITSO Bank.

- Modifying StyleSheet
- Modifying UI elements
 - Background color for divider arrow
 - · Removing trash icon
 - Relocating search bar
- Modifying Forms and Subforms
 - · Introducing the corporate logo
- Added a new skin component
 - · Available mailfile space indicator
- Customizing the login screen

2.2 Mail management compliance

ITSO Bank has a business requirement to implement and integrate an e-mail management compliance system. The main reason is to be SOX compliant as well as having a secure copy of every email in a central repository. Other possible customizations utilizing the same techniques outlined here are: integration with other Notes and Domino applications as well as non Notes and Domino applications and the integration of new user interfaces such as the new account form illustrated later. The scenario is used to demonstrate the following techniques:

- Usage of a custom dialogbox
- Action menu operations

- Integration of a new main page
- Further customization techniques

Chapter 5, "Feature Customization Techniques" on page 65 will discuss ITSO Bank mail management compliance customization in details and provides you with the step-by-step instructions on how to accomplish the different implementations and integrations.

2.2.1 Custom Dialogbox Creation

ITSO Bank requires their employees to select the document category and type for outgoing mail messages from a list of given values prior to sending them. These meta data items are stored in the document and are used for categorization in the mail compliance storage. This is accomplished by overwriting the Domino Web Access *New Message* action so that it prompts the employees to populate the header information via a dialogbox (see Figure 2-3) before displaying the Domino Web Access new message page.

🕘 Header Information Web Page Dialog 🔯			
		?	
Category:	Checking Account	✓	
Туре:	Comment	~	
	OK Canc	el	
http://smartu1	🕐 Internet		

Figure 2-3 Header Information dialogbox

The following customization operations are covered in detail by the corresponding sections of Chapter 5, "Feature Customization Techniques" on page 65:

- Modal Dialogbox creation
- Providing additional JavaScript functions for integration of the dialogbox
- Store data from dialogbox in memo form
- JavaScript call to existing Domino Web Access functions (such as openNewShimmerDoc)

2.2.2 Action Menu Operations

ITSO Bank does not want its employees to filter any incoming messages to ensure that every customer email gets delivered and nothing important risks being blocked by a rule. Therefore, ITSO Bank decided to remove the *Block Mail from Sender* item from the Tools action menu as shown in its default state in Figure 2-4.

New 🔻 Reply 👻 Fo	New 🔻 Reply 👻 Fo	Tools 🕈 🎒 👸
Message	Message	Preferences
Phone Message Calendar Entry	Phone Message Calendar Entry	Out of Office
To Do	To Do	View Mail Rules
Contact	Contact	Block Mail from Sender
E-mail Group	E-mail Group	New Mail Rule
Notebook Page	Notebook Page	New Quick Rule
Folder	Folder	View Stationery
	Account	New Message - Using Stationery
		New Stationery

Figure 2-4 Action menu operations

The following customization operations are covered in detail by the corresponding sections of Chapter 5, "Feature Customization Techniques" on page 65:

- Remove "Tools \rightarrow Block Mail from Sender" submenu
- ► Overwrite the "New" menu and "New → Message" submenu

2.2.3 Application Integration

In order to provide a new form integrated in the Domino Web Access interface to create new account statements, ITSO Bank wants to incorporate an existing Notes form. The form has five fields to take the appropriate data as shown in Figure 2-5. For the first approach the documents created shall be stored in the mail database of the user. The technique to store a document in a different database is outlined later in the section 2.2.4, "Further Customization Examples" on page 15.

Http://smartu1.cam.its	o.ibm.com - Account information - Microsoft Internet Explorer	_ 🗆 🖂
New - Save & Close Save	X	?
ITSO bank		
Account Sta	itement	
Account #		
Account Type		
Lastname		
Firstname		
Internal Contact		
🛃 Done	🎯 Internet	.::

Figure 2-5 New account form

The following customization operations are covered in detail by the corresponding sections of Chapter 5, "Feature Customization Techniques" on page 65:

- ► Add "New → Account" submenu to create new documents based on the account form
- Creation of the backend form
- Creation of the Domino Web Access form
- Integration of the form into Domino Web Access using formsmap technique
- Read existing documents through Domino Web Access
- Implementation of an edit function for existing documents
- What is needed to forward a document by mail

2.2.4 Further Customization Examples

The following are additional helpful techniques to create the code for the customizations operating in the background of Domino Web Access. They are covered in detail in the corresponding sections of Chapter 5, "Feature Customization Techniques" on page 65:

- How to work with Custom_JS form
- Use of QuerySave agents
- Ability to interact with other applications (for example, copies of outgoing e-mail messages stored in a Domino database repository)

2.3 Domino Offline Services

For the mobile ITSO Bank employee the above customizations can be delivered via Domino Offline Services (DOLS) through a web browser. This will boost productivity by providing a smooth transition from online to offline. Section 3.11, "Taking Customized Domino Web Access Offline" on page 41 discusses this in more detail.



Customization Considerations

Note: This Redpaper is in "draft" mode and is undergoing both technical and grammatical review. While in draft mode, the paper may contain minor omissions, technical inaccuracies or spelling errors. Please note that this draft will continue to be updated on a weekly basis until it is complete and ready for publication.

This chapter outlines general customization considerations and improvements in release 7 for Domino Web Access. In addition, we will go through an in-depth discussion on the architecture and page generation logic. The outline of this chapter includes:

- General Customization Considerations
- What's new regarding customization since Version 6.5
- Domino Web Access Architecture and components
- Domino Web Access Web page generation components, logic and process
- Domino Web Access Web pages
- ► Domino Web Access Scenes, Subscenes, Skins and Skin Components
- ► Forms map
- Domino Web Access special web page elements
- How to edit Domino Web Access markup

3.1 General Customization Considerations

Corporate layout and identity, as well as more functionality tailored to the specific needs in a browser based application environment, have made customization of Domino Web Access very popular in companies like ITSO Bank. Tight integration with other Notes applications (as well as non- Notes applications) are also on top of customization wish lists.

The next few sections provide an overview of the customization options in Domino Web Access version 6.5 and the subsequent improvements in Domino Web Access 7.

3.1.1 Domino Web Access Customization in Domino 6.5

Domino Web Access version 6.5 was the first release that focused on making Domino Web Access much more customizable. A "Web developer" or anyone with development skills in JavaScript, CSS and HTML could perform customizations. Version 6.5 also added a Custom_Welcome form and a Custom_Banner subform. These and other features are discussed in detail in chapter 11 of *Domino Web Access 6.5 on Linux,* SG24-7060 at: http://www.redbooks.ibm.com/abstracts/sg247060.html

3.1.2 Customization improvements in Domino Web Access 7

This section provides a brief overview of the customization options added in Domino Web Access 7.

Graphics Resources

The images used within Domino Web Access pages are stored as File Resources in the forms7.nsf databases and therefore can be saved to disk or replaced with Designer. This is a big improvement over the older releases of Domino Web Access where they were stored as attachments to documents. How to modify images in release 6.5 of Domino Web Access is described in chapter 11 of the Redbook, *Domino Web Access 6.5 on Linux*, SG24-7060.

Skin Customization

Prior to Domino Web Access 7.0, you needed an additional tool for skin customization, called *DWA Skin Editor*, downloadable from the Lotus Sandbox on developerWorks® at:

http://www-10.lotus.com/ldd/sandbox.nsf/ecc552f1ab6e46e4852568a90055c4cd/66aed8a94 144eafa85256e2e006d38ba

Now in release 7, the design elements for skins are stored as file resources. You can easily export the file resources and make modifications with your editor of choice (e.g., Notepad, or your favorite professional text editor tool like Rational® Application Developer or Visual Studio®). Once you finish with your changes you can import the modifications back into Domino Designer. Also you can use the "Open with..." action to have Designer export this to it's temp directory and then invoke your favorite editor to edit this file. The Refresh action may then be used to import in any saved changes to the temp file.

Action menu operations

The action menu implementation in release 7 has totally changed. The newer object structure makes action menu manipulation easier. For instance, the function call that creates a new menu entry does this automatically for the top menu as well as for the right click menu. Additionally, there are new functions that make working with action menu far easier than in previous releases. Refer to 5.1, "Implementation overview" on page 66 for more details.

Enable and/or disable functional areas

This item refers to a new INI setting which allows a way to easily turn off functional areas. Previously there was a way to go customize the template and remove some elements in the Table of Contents view, but it was too complicated for most folks. This notes.ini setting makes it much easier to do something like solely expose the Mail and Contacts functionality. With this feature if Mail is disabled in addition to not having the Mail tab, the Mail panels in Preferences will also disappear, and so will various actions which don't make sense if Mail isn't available.

One of the significant improvements in the notes.ini settings is the capability to easily disable certain functional areas. This is done by the notes.ini Variable iNotes_WA_Areas. The specific values are documented in , "iNotes_WA_Areas" on page 96.

New dwa: tags

The new dwa: tags are used in cases where only a custom Domino Web Access formula is being called. It removes the need to invoke the formula evaluator and improves performance. This new tag is designed to be extensible. The tags are defined in dwa_tags form. Example 3-1 shows an example of a tag definition.

Example 3-1 Tag definition and usage example

```
The following shows a sample of a tag definition:

<tagdefinition name="getvars" outputformat="jscript">

<description>Provide access to the h_Vars functionality. </description>

<argument type="text" optional="yes" name="unidstring" />

<argument type="text" optional="yes" name="prefixstring" />

<argument type="text" optional="yes" name="includeall" />

<bodyfunction namespace="haiku" builtin="h_Vars" />

</tagdefinition>

and here's an example of the usage:

<dwa:getvars includeall="0" />
```

Base 64 encoding replaced by @ Formula

Formulas on forms and subforms are no longer compiled and Base 64 encoded and hence easily modifiable.

Base 64 encoding was necessary for performance reasons optimizations. In release 7, server-side forms processing code has been enhanced to compile these formulas the first time the form is processed and then to store the compiled formula within a server cache to avoid having to recompile it every time the form is utilized. This is a huge improvement for customization.

Reduced Line Length to meet Designer Limitations

Reducing the line length is another enhancement. Prior to 6.5.5, if a form had been built and saved with edits in a tool other than Domino Designer the line length sometimes would be truncated when edited in Designer. This would result in broken script files.

Since version 7 the line length in the build process has been reduced so that all forms can be edited with Designer without breaking the scripts. This enhancement has been implemented in 6.5.5 and 7.

QueryOpen/QuerySave agents

In traditional Domino web applications developers are familiar with the QueryOpen and QuerySave agents. Now this option is available in Domino Web Access as well. This feature was developed for Domino Web Access 7 and also added to version 6.5.5.

In Domino Web Access, QueryOpen and QuerySave agents must reside in the mail template, and can be written in any of the supported agent languages (Notes formula, LotusScript, or Java[™]).

Obfuscation List as File Resource

One of the customization challenges in Domino Web Access is that JavaScript code used in Domino Web Access is obfuscated (or condensed). This is necessary to improve the runtime performance of the application.

The obfuscation list, a text file which describes the mapping of the meaningful names to the obfuscated names is now included as a file resource in the forms database, in both release 6.5.5 and 7. The descriptive names give developers a better idea of what the JavaScript functions are for.

For releases prior to 7 the obfuscation list could be retrieved as additional material for the redbook *Domino Web Access 6.5 on Linux*, SG24-7060.

Tip: To use the obfuscation list, export the *ObfuscationList.txt* file resource from Domino Designer to the disk drive. You can then open it with an editor of choice and perform lookup on any obfuscated abbreviation. Refer to Example 3-2 to see what the list looks like.

Example 3-2 Sample section of obfuscationlist.txt

```
The keys on the left have replaced the following functions and variables in DWA
code:
AA IWAOfflineCtrl_DoInstall
AB getViewList
AC bEditable
AD refreshtree
AE sFormsFile
AF tableMenu
...
```

Lite Skin fully incorporated

Lite skins were originally introduced to speed up performance by reducing the number of images employed within Domino Web Access pages. Starting in release 7, the lite skins are incorporated into the normal skins. So there is no difference anymore in loading the default UI versus the lite UI of Domino Web Access.

The lite skins are no longer utilized by Domino Web Access release 7.

3.1.3 Custom_JS form

The *Custom_JS* form in version 7 still plays an important role in Domino Web Access customization. It serves as a container for a collection of customization entry point functions that are included in almost every Domino Web Access page. The core part of this was the introduction of a common non-obfuscated form named Custom_JS which is an external script file emitted along with just about every Domino Web Access page.

Within this script file there are some key callback routines which get invoked from the normal code and allow specific places where a developer might gain control and alter Domino Web Access functionality or behavior. At present the key entry points are just before the action menu is displayed, during the JavaScript onload handling and whenever a submit is about to occur to the server (in other words an action is about to be executed).

The Custom_JS form is also a place where custom static script routines might reside. It is important to remind that only static script should be placed here.

Custom_JS is cached and therefore it should not be used to put user specific script or formulas there. The more appropriate form for user specific code is in form *s_SessionInfo*. For example, if you have a lookup based on the user logged in, you should have the lookup in

s_SessionInfo. If the lookup is performed in Custom_JS the formula would be evaluated for the first user who logged in and the output is cached on the server. This evaluated value will then be incorrect for all other users.

Note: HTTP Responses to url requests from the Forms file which have the &MaxExpires (or &MX) argument specified will be cached on the server.

In Appendix, "Different techniques to include externalized code" on page 103 there are two different ways shown to externalize code from forms and subforms.

Tip: Add to s_SessionInfo form if per user or per mail file formula computations are needed. This can be done via a subform or via an external script. For example, if a user-specific profile setting should be retrieved and assigned to a global javascript var.

The functions provided as a standard entry point include:

- Scene_Actions called just before the action buttons are added to the action bar. Some possible customizations include adding a new item, removing an item, or changing the position of an action item.
- Scene_PostLoad called after the body is loaded.
- Scene_PreSubmit called just before a form is submitted, but after Domino Web Access has done its own validation.

Additional useful functions in Custom_JS are documented in Table 3-1:

Function	Meaning
Scene_Actions	Add, remove or change actions
Scene_PostLoad	invoked after page has executed it's onLoad handlers (but still within onload event)
Scene_PreSubmit	Invoked prior to submitting an action to the server
API_SetWelcomePageInboxColumns	Set which columns get displayed for Mail panel in Welcome page
API_TimeZones	Add additional timezones
API_GetSelectedDocs	Returns array of strings representing UNIDs
API_IsView	Returns true if view page
API_GetMailfilePath	Returns URL path up to and including ".nsf"

Table 3-1 Callbacks and Functions

3.2 Domino Web Access architecture

In order to customize Domino Web Access it is important to understand the architecture and the processes of how the different components are integrated and work together, as well as how they are used to construct Domino Web Access pages. Figure 3-1 shows an overview graphic of the general Domino Web Access architecture. As shown, the users mail files inherit their design from the dwa7 template. The page finally is generated with the HTML and JavaScript from the forms7 database and the document and view contents read and stored to the users mailfile.

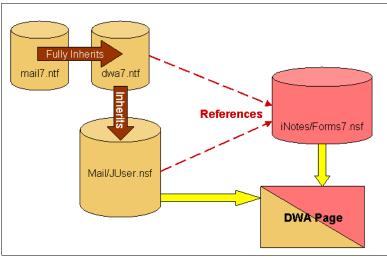


Figure 3-1 Domino Web Access Architecture Overview

3.2.1 Templates & forms files

The following subsections describe the technical architecture and design elements of Domino Web Access and the components needed for the page generation.

The Domino Web Access template inherits fully from the standard mail template. This allows the same user experience offered by the standard mail template when using the Notes client. For typical Notes applications this is about it and all the design elements are located within the template.

However, for Domino Web Access the template also has a reference to another Notes database known as the Forms file. This is where the majority of the design elements which impact the Domino Web Access UI reside and where you will need to make most of your customizations.

When the Domino Web Access template is associated with a user's mail file (when either creating a new mail file or doing a design/replace), the reference to the Forms file also moves over to the mail file. This reference to the Forms file is stored in a notes item in the icon design note. This is explained in more detailed in "Special icon note items" on page 24.

So the key thing to understand is that design elements within the Forms file and the user's mail file work together to help build a typical Domino Web Access page.

Domino Web Access Template

A Domino Web Access user's mail file is based on the *iNotesX.ntf* or *dwaX.ntf* template, where X refers to a version number, for example iNotes6.ntf or dwa7.ntf.

The relationship between mail template filename and version, the Lotus Domino version, and the forms file name is documented in a table in the public technote 1158614, which is available online at:

http://www-1.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&q1=1158614&uid=swg21158614&loc=en_US
&cs=utf-8&cc=us&lang=en

The differences between the Domino Web Access templates and the standard mail templates (mail7.ntf, for example) are transparent to users when accessing a Domino Web Access mail file via the Notes client. The Domino Web Access template offers full compatibility with the

Notes client. In other words, users who access mail files from the Notes client will not notice anything different.

Although the Domino Web Access template has all of the standard forms and views associated with the standard mail template (for compatibility with the Notes client), most of the design elements used to generate and display Domino Web Access in the browser are retrieved from the shared forms database. The only design elements used from the Domino Web Access template are:

- Standard Views/Folders
- Proxy documents

The Domino Web Access template maintains some native design elements that are distinct from the standard mail template, such as:

- One agent to synchronize the Journal entries called Synchronize Journal. Another agent to synchronize the address book called Synchronize Address Book is contained within the standard mail template and supports the synchronization for both Webmail and Domino Web Access.
- Views explicitly for Domino Web Access:
 - Tasks View named (Haiku_TasksAll)
 - TOC views named (Haiku_TOC) and (iNotes_ArchiveTOC)
 - Proxy document view named (iNotes)
 - Meeting Notices view named (iNotesNotices)
 - Contacts View named (iNotes_Contacts)
 - Notebook View named (\$Journal)

Note: The new Domino Web Access templates for version 7.0.1 delivered through IBM Lotus Notes access for SAP solutions are also supported by Domino Web Access though the SAP functionality is only available in the Notes client. For more information refer to:

http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/lotus/library/notesforsap/

The Shared Forms Database

The *FormsX.nsf* (X refers to a version number) database is one of the databases included as part of Domino Web Access. It contains most of the JavaScript, pass-thru HTML, and images used to implement the User Interface (UI) of Domino Web Access.

All the forms, subforms, and graphics used by Domino Web Access (except for certain images in mail views which are either in the Domino icons directory or within the mail template) reside in the FormsX.nsf database located within the <domino data>\iNotes\ subdirectory on the server.

The reason for keeping design elements in a different database, instead of in individual mail databases, is that they can be cached on the server. All the Web browsers accessing mail files on a server will use the same design elements - which can be loaded from the server's cache. Caching the elements on the server allows better performance on the server.

The forms database is used by the Web server to assemble the appropriate forms based on user action and then serve them to the client as the Domino Web Access UI. It is located in the <domino data>\iNotes\ directory on the Domino Web Access server.

The Forms database includes the following design elements:

- ► Forms
- Subforms
- Graphics stored as file resources
- JavaScript
- Skins (HTML and CSS files used to define the general layout of various pages) stored as file resources
- Forms Map Table (maps Notes forms to corresponding Domino Web Access forms) stored as documents in a special view

3.2.2 Special icon note items

In section 3.2.1, "Templates & forms files" on page 22 a reference has been mentioned between the Domino Web Access mail template and the forms database. This reference is stored in special items of the icon design note. Figure 3-2 shows a screen shot of the icon design note property box with the special items.

Within the icon design note of databases created or updated with a Domino Web Access mail template is a field named \$WebHybridDB. The value of this field is set to "1", indicating that this is a Domino Web Access mail database. This is how the Domino Web server identifies a Domino Web Access mail file. The icon note also includes a field called "\$FormsTemplateFile."

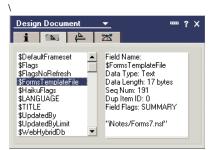


Figure 3-2 The icon design note properties

For the dwa7.ntf template file the default values for special Domino Web Access items of the icon design note are shown in Table 3-2:

Property	Value
\$HaikuFlags	1
\$WebHybridDb	1
\$FormsTemplateFile	iNotes/Forms7.nsf

Table 3-2 Default values for special Domino Web Access properties of icon design notes

These three items govern the association and move over when a Domino Web Access template is assigned to a mail file. The first two are used to trigger some different code paths on the Domino Web server - whether to use the traditional Domino Web page algorithms or the Quickplace and Domino Web Access introduced ones. This is what allows an ?OpenDocument on any document in the mail file to either display the normal WebMail rendering or the Domino Web Access rendering based on which template is being employed.

Attention: Be aware that at present there are some security checks built into the Domino server to only honor a fixed list of Forms files. You might be tempted to go experiment with adding these items to other application templates, but be warned that this is supported only for Domino Web Access templates.

Even if it is possible to change these item values they should remain untouched. There is a better way to change the forms database, which is described in , "Different techniques to include externalized code" on page 103, it shows in detail how Domino Web Access can be forced to use a different default forms database.

3.3 Domino Web Access web page generation

It is important to understand how the web pages for Domino Web Access are generated by the http server. The following sections give an overview of how page generation works and which components are involved in the process.

3.3.1 Domino Web Access Web Page Architecture

The main pages of Domino Web Access use the form h_PageUI for their construction. Figure 3-3 shows the main Notes form h_PageUI elements used for the construction of the main Domino Web Access web pages. For the differentiation of main pages and other pages see 3.4, "Domino Web Access web pages" on page 28.

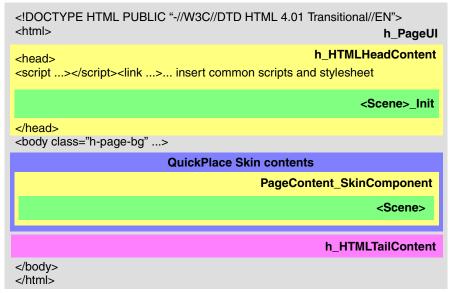


Figure 3-3 Domino Web Access Web Page Construction

h_PageUI

The form h_PageUI contains the HTML opening and closing tags and includes various other subforms and components. The inclusion of subforms is not done in the way Notes normally uses subforms. Subforms are included with the special DWA tag *<InsertNotesSubForm name=....>*. These special tags can be cascaded so that a subform can include a subform which again can include a subform and so on. More detailed information is covered in 3.8, "Domino Web Access special web page elements" on page 33.

h_HTMLHeadContent

The first subform included is the h_HTMLHeadContent. This subform also includes a subform named s_CommonVars. Both contain a lot of JavaScript code and also special Domino Web Access @ Formulas to setup the Domino Web Access page environment. See 3.8.4, "Special Domino Web Access formulas" on page 37 for more information about how to use @ Formulas in Domino Web Access. The h_HTMLHeadContent also includes the scene initialization for the active *scene*. For details about scenes refer to section 3.5, "Domino Web Access scenes & subscenes" on page 29. For example, the included subform could be the custom subform s_AccountRead_Init designed for ITSO Bank. To create a new subform for initialization of a new main page see "Subform s_AccountRead_Init" on page 83.

Body

After the HTML header the body starts next. The body contains a special DWA tag called <*QuickPlaceSkin*>. This tag is a placeholder which is replaced with the full contents of the appropriate skin (within the appropriate skin group) for this page. The skin consists of the PageContent skin component and possibly other additional skin components or subforms. The page content skin component is again a subform named PageContent_SkinComponent. This subform includes more subforms to construct the page. One of them is the scene subform for the document type or view being displayed. In the ITSO Bank scenario, this is s_AccountRead which contains the unique HTML and JavaScript code for the page. The subform is described in "Subform s_AccountRead" on page 84.

h_HTMLTailContent

The next step is to close the body tag and to load the h_HTMLTailContent subform which contains additional JavaScript code and @ Formulas to load some helper functions into the browser.

At last the html page is closed.

The special HTML tags as well as the special URL parameters for the Domino Web Access page construction are explained in 3.8.3, "Special URL arguments" on page 36 and 3.8.4, "Special Domino Web Access formulas" on page 37.

3.3.2 Domino Web Access Web Page Generation process

When a database is opened with a browser, the Domino web server processes the URL and inspects the database icon note for a field called \$WebHybridDB. If this field is found and its value is set to "1" (default value), the Domino web server recognizes that this is an Domino Web Access mail database.

Next, the Domino Web Access logic in the Domino Web server is invoked overriding the server's normal operation. The Domino Web Access logic locates the shared forms database by retrieving the value from the field \$FormsTemplateFile (also found in the database icon note). The Domino URL ?OpenDatabase results in a server side redirect to an ?OpenDocument URL to display the s_Start scene. This scene then redirects to the desired first functional area view page, based on server configuration settings or personal user preference settings. If no specific page is specified, then a url is generated to the first document the user has access to within the view called s_TOC (Table of Contents).

Special tags as shown in 3.8, "Domino Web Access special web page elements" on page 33 are interpreted by the server to:

- Insert skin
- Insert skin components

- Insert subforms
- Evaluate computed blocks (@formulas)
- Determine persisted and computed-only items

All URLs to top level pages have two levels (view level/document level) after the .nsf extension. The parts of a Domino Web Access URL are annotated in Figure 3-4:

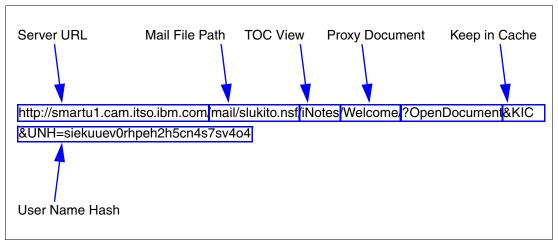


Figure 3-4 Annotated Domino Web Access URL

The Domino Web Access mail template contains a special view named (iNotes), which houses special Proxy design elements as shown in 3.3.3, "Proxy Documents" on page 27 being used by the HTTP task to process the URL and insert the appropriate forms, subforms and other elements into the HTML stream to the browser.

3.3.3 Proxy Documents

Domino Web Access uses the QuickPlace® architecture for generating web pages. Every page generated is generated as a result of a ?OpenDocument or ?EditDocument URL. There is no concept of opening a view but pages may be generated that contain data from one or more Domino views.

Displaying a view is done via Proxy documents. Proxy documents can be opened via the ?OpenDocument URL command and can include data from a view. Examples of proxy document design elements are iwaMail, iwaCalendar and iwaContacts. They are located in the Domino Web Access mail template.

The special Domino Web Access page generation logic takes care of a bunch of special markup tags and formula code in the page source. The most commonly used are explained in 3.8, "Domino Web Access special web page elements" on page 33.

The Proxy documents are viewable from Notes client (open db to view hidden views). The meaning of these documents is to wire specific scenes for specific pages. Figure 3-5 shows an example of a proxy document.

Tip: Proxy documents can be viewed with the NotesPeek utility. This utility is shown in Appendix , "NotesPeek" on page 104.

Figure 3-5 shows a proxy document in the Notes client. This is possible but a little bit more work to see the fields and document structure through the document properties dialog.

	gang Fey - (iNotes) - IBM Lotus Notes					
TOTAL CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR	it <u>V</u> iew <u>C</u> reate <u>A</u> ctions <u>H</u> elp I	<u> </u>	^ ** * ==	<u>~~</u>		
Addres] ♥ 핆၉★ 앱 ☜島 ႏ ♣ ぱ 醕 亩 届 ⊻ 주 ৬ ৫ ॐ ѷ ▣ ቀ = े = ा Ѩ ९ 믙 Address ↓ ↓ ↓ → ★ ♥ Ø ֎ ♥					
						•
	🖏 Workspace 应 Wolfgang Fey - (iNotes) 🗙					
	🕾 Mail 🕇		h_SystemName	h_Type		
	for Wolfgang Fey (iNotesDraftCleanUp) (iNotesNotices) (iNotesStationery) (iNotesToDo) (MiniView - Followup2) (MiniView - Group Calendars) (MiniView - Notices2) (MiniView - Tasks2) (MiniView - Trash2)		Calendar Contacts GroupCalendar Mail MeetingNotices Notebook Proxy SearchResults Settings ToDo Welcome	1 1 1 1 0 1 0 1 1 1 1 1	h_IsInArchiveToc h_IsInToc h_IsPublished h_IsSystem h_Menuld h_Name h_Position h_SetEditScene	h_SetReadScene Data Type: Text Data Length: 10 bytes Seq Num: 2 Dup Item ID: 0 Field Flags: SIGN SUMMARY "s_MailView"
<u>↑</u> ↓	Follow Up on boston/ITSObank	-			Preview 🔺	
			• 😔 (X Disconnected	Office 🔺 🛄 🔺

Figure 3-5 Proxy Document

3.4 Domino Web Access web pages

There are two types of web pages in Domino Web Access: main pages and other types of pages. The following subsections outline some samples for these page types and also some differences.

3.4.1 Main pages

All main pages in Domino Web Access use the h_PageUI form for page construction by default. The following paragraph lists examples of main pages:

- Mail view page
- New Message page
- Read Contact object page
- Edit Calendar Entry page
- Preferences page
- ► Out of Office page

The following lists some of the examples of main pages in Domino Web Access:

- Memo
- To Do
- Appointment
- Contact

3.4.2 Other pages

Unlike main pages, the "other" type of page does not use h_PageUI form. It uses other form by utilizing the "&Form=" argument to override the form specified for the document being

manipulated. Dialog pages are examples of other pages. The following lists some examples of dialogbox in Domino Web Access:

- Delivery options
- About Domino Web Access

In order to clarify the differences between the main and other pages, let's examine the URL of the New Memo main page:

http://smartu1.cam.itso.ibm.com/mail/slukito.nsf/(\$Drafts)/\$new/?EditDocument&Form =h_PageUI&PresetFields=h_EditAction;h_New,s_NotesForm;Memo

And, the URL for the delivery options dialogbox:

http://smartu1.cam.itso.ibm.com/mail/slukito.nsf/iNotes/Proxy/?OpenDocument&Form=s
DeliveryOptions

As you can see from the example above, the URL for the main page uses &Form=h_PageUI argument versus the URL for the dialogbox which uses &Form=s_DeliveryOptions argument to override the form.

Only the h_PageUI form utilizes the <QuickplaceSkin> tag. In other words, the Domino Web Access dialog pages do not use this tag, and hence don't leverage skins or scenes. Rather, they reference the appropriate skin group stylesheet and define the dialog page layout entirely within the form.

3.5 Domino Web Access scenes & subscenes

Section 3.4, "Domino Web Access web pages" on page 28 already mentioned that all pages use the h_PageUI form which uses the <QuickplaceSkin> tag to bring in a skin. The skin has a very important PageContent skin component into which plays a "Scene". Therefore scenes are really what give each Domino Web Access page it's unique visible content.

A scene consists of two subforms. One with the scene name followed by "_Init" to represent content to be emitted in the HEAD area of a page and the other with the actual scene name which is emitted in the body of the page. Refer to Figure 3-6 on page 30 for a visualization of the subforms belonging to a scene.

Example 3-3 Scene Subforms

<SceneName>_Init - Content within the <head> section of the page <SceneName> - Content within the <body> section of the page

Scenes are relevant only for Skins which employ the PageContent_SkinComponent and forms that employ the <QuickplaceSkin> tag.

3.5.1 Standard Read and Edit Scenes and subscenes

Some key computed variables determine which scene is played as shown in Example 3-4:

Example 3-4 Scene Selection based on Variable

h_SetReadScene: used when ?OpenDocument URL is in effect h_SetEditScene: used when ?EditDocument URL is in effect Domino Web Access utilizes a common read scene and edit scene for just about all read object pages and edit object pages, respectively. This allows a mechanism to share code and markup common to several objects. Hence, most Domino Web Access object pages will have h_SetReadScene set to s_StdPageRead and h_SetEditScene set to s_StdPageEdit. Nothing prevents the same scene to be specified for both the h_SetReadScene and h_SetEditScene. For example, the Domino Web Access preferences page is setup in this manner.

If all the Domino Web Access object pages used the same standard read and edit scene, how does Domino Web Access get the New Calendar Entry page to look different from the New Message page? Domino Web Access's standard read and edit scenes implement logic to load additional subforms which contain the actual object specific layout details. This collection of subforms are known as "subscenes."

Like a scene, a subscene also consists of a subform to be used within the head section of the page and a subform to be used within the body section of the page. In addition, there is a subform which defines the "schema" for the object. Each object typically has both a Read subscene and an Edit subscene, and the subscene dictionary is used for both. For a standard read object page, here is a summary of the relevant subforms that comprise the subscene:

- <subscene prefix>+Read_Init: <head> portion
- <subscene prefix>+Dictionary: defines "schema" for object
- <subscene prefix>+Read: <body> portion

For a standard edit object page, the relevant subscene subforms are:

- <subscene prefix>+Edit_Init: <head> portion
- subscene prefix>+Dictionary: defines the "schema" for object
- subscene prefix>+Edit: <body> portion

For the ITSO Bank scenario implementing a whole new main page is demonstrated in section 5.5.5, "Special Subforms for page creation" on page 80. We show, how the different subforms are created and contribute to the page content.

Figure 3-6 shows the structure of the html document regarding the insertion of the scene subforms.

<head></head>	
<script src="s_StdPageReadCode"></script>	s_StdPageRead_Init
<s_subsceneprefix>Dictionary</s_subsceneprefix>	
<s_subsceneprefix>Read_Init</s_subsceneprefix>	
 <body></body>	
	s_StdPageRead
<s_subsceneprefix>Read</s_subsceneprefix>	

Figure 3-6 Visual display of scenes and subscenes

3.6 Domino Web Access Skins

A skin, also referred to as a *skin type*, defines the layout, HTML and CSS for a Domino Web Access web page. This is done through a set of files stored as file resources in the forms database. These files are grouped together by the browser they are made for.

3.6.1 Skin Group

A skin group defines a set of skins sharing the same stylesheet. There are two primary skin groups in the shared forms database for Domino Web Access:

- h_ShimmerSkin used for Internet Explorer
- h_ShimmerSkin_Gecko used for Mozilla and Firefox

Contents of both skin groups are identical except for stylesheet.

There are two less significant skin groups:

- h_ShimmerSkin_UB for unsupported browsers, displays a special form to direct users to webmail instead of using the Domino Web Access frontend
- h_ShimmerSkin_ACC for accessibility and currently not used

3.6.2 Skin Type (Skin)

Skin types are members of a specific skin group. Any skin type can only be a member of one skin group. If it is needed in two skin groups there have to be two skin types. Every skin type defines a specific layout in HTML markup to emit within the page body to govern the overall page layout. For example, the h_ListFolder skin type defines the layout for any view or folder that is displayed through Domino Web Access.

The primary Domino Web Access skin types are:

- h_ListFolder
- h_MailPage
- ▶ h_Edit
- h_Page
- h_Portal

For Domino 7.0.0 and 7.0.1, the Forms7.nsf file contained two skin type which are not used:

- h_DwaLite
- h_PortalLite

They were introduced in 6.5.5 for the display of the lite skin, which minimizes the use of images to gain better performance. For Domino 7, the spirit of these changes were incorporated into the main h_ListFolder and h_Portal skins and hence these were no longer utilized, and have been removed in 7.0.2.

There is also one special skin type: h_Stylesheet (CSS file), it contains the cascading stylesheet called CSS definitions for the skin group. This one file is the most important to modify if corporate design in terms of colors and fonts have to be brought into Domino Web Access.

3.6.3 Which Skin is used?

Special items in the JavaScript influence the skin group and skin type to use on a specific page:

- h_SetSkinGroup NOTESVAR sets skin group to use, defined in the s_CommonVars subform
- h_SkinTypeOverride NOTESVAR provides means of specifying specific skin type

For example, if a mail page is displayed for reading a mail, the variable h_SkinTypeOverride is set to 'h_MailPage'. To get the specific value of a Domino Web Access page just take a look into the page source and search for the variables mentioned.

If the h_SkinTypeOverride variable is not set set h_Type NOTESVAR determines the skin by the simplified logic shown in Example 3-5.

Example 3-5 Simplified synopsis of skin type selection logic (if h_SkinTypeOverride is not explicitly specified)

If page is opened with ?EditDocument in the URL use h_Edit skin Else If h_Type=="1" (QP Type of Folder) use the h_ListFolder skin Otherwise use the h_Page skin (last fallback strategy)

Special items identify skin group and skin type being used for further usage in JavaScript on the page if needed. For example, if it is needed to know whether a document is in edit mode or not, or if a mailpage or notebookpage is currently displayed, these variables can be used:

- h_CurrentSkinName var identifies skin group
- h_CurrentSkinType var identifies skin type

To get these variable contents from an actual page, the pages html source can be displayed by the browser. This is shown in 4.1, "Skin Customization Overview" on page 44.

3.6.4 Skin Components

As discussed previously, skin components are subforms that implement some specific visible area of a page outside the "main essential data content of a view or form." Skin components provide a mechanism for centralizing the html and/or javascript to realize this visible area and reusing the component within different skins.

Unlike a plain subform, the skin component has a mechanism to specify arguments when the component is defined within a skin, and the skin component can then render itself differently based on the argument. For instance, the PanelToggle skin component is setup to be initially expanded when used within the h_ListFolder skin, but collapsed when used within the h_Portal skin.

Their purpose is to externalize code or page fragments to specific subforms and use them as an included block in the html page design. Skin components are used in the skin type as shown in 3.6.2, "Skin Type (Skin)" on page 31, to put specific functional areas on the page. Examples are

- ► toc
- outline
- actionbar
- tools

online awareness

Tip: It is a best practice to introduce new skin components when implementing new visual areas for the overall page. The ITSO Bank example that shows the space left in the current mailfile in megabytes until the quota is reached is implemented as a skin component. Refer to 4.5, "Adding a new Skin Component" on page 59 for the steps to implement a skin component.

3.7 Forms map table

To map the fields of a backend Notes form to a Domino Web Access form definition a mapping document is needed in forms7.nsf. This forms mapping document needs to be defined with a form called "FormsMap" in the forms7.nsf which is not included in the product. Figure 5-6 on page 79 shows the definition for the fields needed for this form.

Formsmap is actually a Notes view in the forms database. This view as shown in Figure 3-7 houses all the formsmap documents which define the read and edit scenes utilized for a particular Notes backend form type.

Domino Web Access Common 🗙				
Domino Web Access Common Forms (7)	s_NotesForm	s_SubFormPrefix	h_SetReadScene	h_SetEditScene
All Documents All Documents AcolorSets hFieldDefinitions hLogoAccentView hResourcesByGroup hResourcesByGroup System Forms inotes inotes inotes	Account Appointment CleanSheet Delivery Report DOLSOfflineConfiguration fa_RcvdVoiceMail fa_VoiceMail Group h_PageUl	s_Account s_Appointment s_NotebookPage s_MailDeliveryReport s_MailMemo s_MailMemo s_Group	s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_DOLSOfflineConf s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead	s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit is_DOLSOfflineConfigurat s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit
I Skin Groups I Skins	h_PrintUl JournalEntry Mailrule Memo NonDelivery Report Notice OutOfOfficeProfile Person Personal Stationery Phone Message QR_BlockSender QR_ListEdit QuickMailrule Reply	s NotebookPage s_Rule s_MailMemo s_NonDelivery s_MeetingNotice s_OutOfOffice s_Contact s_MailMemo s_MailPhoneMessage s_BlockSender s_QuickRule s_MailMemo	s StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageRead	s StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit s_StdPageEdit

Figure 3-7 Forms map view in Notes client

If the scene in the formsmap document is set to s_StdPageRead or s_StdPageEdit, then the value of the s_SubFormPrefix column defines the subscene prefix for the backend form.

For more details and how to create or modify formsmap documents please refer to Section 5.5.3, "Add the FormsMap form to forms7.nsf" on page 79.

3.8 Domino Web Access special web page elements

This section outlines the several different additional special design elements Domino Web Access uses for web page construction.

3.8.1 Special Server-side Tags

Domino Web Access introduced some new special server side html tags to implement several special functions within the application. The following sections outline the different kinds of special tags and functions and how they are used.

Insert content from other design elements

There are three new special tags which are recognized by the Domino http task to insert additional content in the actual page:

- <InsertNotesSubForm Name=SubFormName>
- <QuickPlaceSkin>
- <QuickPlaceSkinComponent Name=xxx>

First <InsertNotesSubForm Name=SubFormName> is used to insert the specified subform content as passthrough html - or JavaScript - in the place where the special tag resides. If the inserted code contains another insertion tag this is also parsed and expanded by the server.

The name of the subform may be a computed value. To get the name computed use a formula like @{...}. The formulas are explained in section 3.8.4, "Special Domino Web Access formulas" on page 37. Conditional insertions are also possible by having the Name attribute value be evaluated by a formula. @If may be used to consider other criteria and conditional include one subform or another. If the desire is in some cases to not insert anything, an empty name value will insert nothing.

<QuickPlaceSkin> inserts contents of skin type for current skin group. See3.5, "Domino Web Access scenes & subscenes" on page 29 for additional explanation.

<QuickPlaceSkinComponent Name=xxx> inserts contents of subform named xxx_SkinComponent. Because skin components are also subforms one could think that these are redundant to <InsertNotesSubForm>, but <QuickplaceSkinComponent> has optional Format and Argument attributes used by some skin components.

Argument translates to javascript arg which is accessible by the skin component. The argument can be used to display different content from the same skin component in different skins. For instance, providing "0" as an argument for the Logout skin component as shown in Example 3-6 results in nothing being displayed if the user is logged in. However, if the user is not logged in, the "Login" link is displayed. If you wish to remove the Logout option from Domino Web Access, we encourage you use this argument rather than removing the skin component altogether (because the skin component doubles as the login option for a mail file opened with Anonymous access).

Format supports special <Item> tag to allow means of excluding some markup if tag is determined at runtime to be not displayed. Real tag contents are emitted there. Example 3-6 shows how this special tag is used in skins with all optional parameters.

Example 3-6 Format and Argument parameters used by <QuickPlaceSkinComponent>

```
<QuickPlaceSkinComponent Name="Logout" Argument="0"
Format={<Item>}>
```

Persisted and computed for display items

As outlined in Section 3.5.1, "Standard Read and Edit Scenes and subscenes" on page 29 and shown in Figure 3-6 on page 30 there are some special tags to define fields and items for the mapping between the JavaScript and HTML frontend in Domino Web Access and the

Notes backend document. This mapping is maintained through the actual scenes <Subformprefix>_Dictionary subform. Other forms and subforms may also include the special tags for individual field mappings.

NotesDictionary Tag

<NotesDictionary>...</NotesDictionary> is the pair of tags enclosing all fieldmappings in the dictionary. The enclosed block may contain NotesVar and NotesField tags:

NotesField Tag

<NotesField Name=ItemName> defines a persisted field. The field may have up to four optional parameters:

Type=TextITextListIRichTextIMimeINumberINumberListI TimeITimeList defines the fieldtype.

InitialValue=... evaluated if item doesn't exist within document.

Value=... evaluated as page is generated and as page is saved.

Include i f="@formula" is an optional attribute for conditional inclusion (New in Forms7.nsf).

Example: <NotesField Name=Subject>

NotesVar Tag

<NotesVar Name=ItemName> defines a computed for display only item. This tag has the same element attributes as Notes field. See Example 5-4 on page 74 for a sample usage of NotesVar.

3.8.2 Extensible tags

As part of the Domino Web Access performance and scalability improvements in Domino 7, an additional page generation enhancement supports the specification of namespace qualified tags. This allows for replacing stand-alone invocations of special Haiku @DbCommands such as the h_RunAgent formula. This results in the compiled version of:

@{@DbCommand("Haiku"; "h_RunAgent"; AgentName; "1")}

being replaced with the following:

```
<dwa:runagent agentname="AgentName" commonagent="1" />
```

The first is what is found in Forms6.nsf, and the second is what is found in Forms7. The first occurrence of a "dwa:" tag actually results in the Web server looking for and processing a special dwa_tags form. This form contains a special XML syntax that defines the various dwa: tags. If you search the dwa_tags form for runagent, you will find the XML stream (some line breaks added for legibility) shown in Example 3-7.

Example 3-7 XML stream for runagent tag definition

```
<tagdefinition name="runagent">
	<description> Haiku::RunAgent
	@DbCommand("Haiku", "h_RunAgent", "<Agent name>" [, "<CommonAgent? 1:0"])
	------The last parameter was changed to a boolean flag since the
	code threw away the arguments anyway. Run a named database agent.
	</description>
	<argument type="fieldname" name="agentname" />
	<argument type="text" optional="yes" name="commonagent" />
	<bodyfunction namespace="haiku" builtin="h_RunAgent" />
```

</tagdefinition>

This allows for the replacement of various compute blocks that were calling the special Haiku @ DbCommands with special dwa namespace tags that are easier to read, self-documenting, and avoid having to initialize and utilize the compute engine, which is a relatively expensive operation.

3.8.3 Special URL arguments

Domino Web Access uses some special URL arguments to control environment settings and the mode and context of how a document is displayed.

Default form override

&Form=FormName triggers the http server to use the specified form rather than any Form value associated with the current document. For example a developer can use the &Form=h_DumpItems URL argument. This will display a page listing all NotesDictionary variables instead of the normal form. So this parameter can be used to override the form specified for the document being displayed.

Setting default field values

&PresetFields= provides a way to override NotesDictionary items by specifying multiple name/value pairs. Each name and value are separated by a semicolon character, and each pair is separated by a comma. For example the mail page uses this argument to identify the view or folder to display and what label to give it:

filename.nsf/iNotes/Mail/?OpenDocument&PresetFields=
s_ViewLabel;Inbox,s_ViewName;(%24Inbox)&...

(The %24 is the URL encoding of the \$ character.) URL arguments can also be used to control the caching of the pages to maximize performance, while insuring that the user is working with the latest data.

This URL argument is useful for passing the values from one page to another, see 5.3.2, "Modify Custom_JS Form" on page 71 for a sample usage and more detailed explanation of &PresetFields.

Setting Last-Modified

&CacheResults (or &CR in version 7 and above) returns the HTTP Last-Modified response header set to last modified of design of Forms file.

Set maximum expiration time

&MaxExpires (or &MX in version 7 and above) returns HTTP Expires response header set to nearly one year from today to keep the page contents in the browser cache. Setting the Expires header to a value in the future results in the browser not even asking the server for a more recent version if this response is already in the browser cache. Reusing static content from the cache greatly improves client performance, reducing both bandwidth consumed and server CPU cycles. However, you need to be careful to avoid using stale information. For this reason, Domino Web Access typically adds an &TimeStamp to avoid this problem. If the resource changes (for example, a newer forms file is installed on the server), this argument value would be different and the application would no longer use the stale information in the cache.

Avoiding stale code or data in the cache

Domino Web Access adds a &TimeStamp (or &TS in version 7 and above) to avoid using stale data. The value for the argument is intelligently calculated based on the resource (for example, static code in the forms file uses the design last modified time of the forms file), so when the resource changes the value changes and hence the stale code or data in the cache is ignored.

Tip: Making sure that the page returns a proper Last-Modified response header allows for more efficient processing if the user invokes the browser's Refresh action, or traverses to the same page again. The browser sends the server an If-Modified-Since GET request in such scenarios, and the server can very efficiently return Not-Modified if nothing more recent is available. A user can hold down the Ctrl key and click the browser's Refresh action to prevent the browser from sending a conditional GET. This is a good debugging technique to make sure a problem isn't resulting from stale data in the browser cache.

Skin selection

&ui (equals inotes | inotes_lite | portal | portal_lite | webmail) causes the specified skin or even webmail to be used for page generation.

For example, if you add &ui=portal to the URL that opens Domino Web Access, it will open Domino Web Access using portal skin instead of the default inotes skin. If you want this change to be permanent, you can set this via an INI value to the desired skin as shown in section "New or modified Notes.ini variables in Notes and Domino 7" on page 95.

The default also can be set via the personal options of the Domino Web Access redirect database as described in chapter 6.3.2, "DWA Redirect Options" on page 99.

User Name Hash

The parameter &unh=... contains a calculated hash value from the users fullname. This hash value is used to avoid collision of user-specific data pages or script which lands in the cache. For example, Domino Web Access caches the main view pages (as there is no real data in this page, just the layout html - the view data is retrieved separately). However, there are some variables that specify what level of access the current user has to this page, and that is used to govern which actions are offered the current user. If the argument is missing, it is assumed there is no user specific data within this page.

This is an option in terms of customization to be used to control self developed pages or externalized scripts to be loaded from the browsercache or not, if the page contains user specific data.

3.8.4 Special Domino Web Access formulas

Formula blocks in HTML and JavaScript

Domino Web Access has a special notation syntax to display and include computed text blocks. These are noted in the @Formula language. Not all @ functions work and some are available only to Domino Web Access. All formula blocks have to be included in a block like $@{\dots}$.

These formulas appeared Base64 encoded in earlier Forms files (Forms5, Forms6) like:

#B64#<base64 results of NSFFormulaCompile>

The output of the formula can contribute to the page, and therefore it may also run output through special filters:

- jsdata: Javascript variable data (apostrophes are escaped)
- html: valid html data
- xml: valid xml data (new in release 7.0.2 and better)

The notation of that would look like $\{\ldots\}$; jsdata; html} and shown in Example 3-8:

```
Example 3-8 Sample @Formula in Domino Web Access
```

```
haiku.CalendarProfileOwnerName = '0{{@Name([Canonicalize];
@GetProfileField("calendarprofile";"Owner"))};jsData}';
```

Table 3-3 shows the characters quoted by the xml filter

Table 3-3 Characters qouted by xml filter

Special Character	quoted filter output
&	&
<	<
>	>
1	'
н	"

The xml filter would be used to properly quote xml element values. Example 3-9 shows how to use the xml filter in a form.

Example 3-9 Form containing XML

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<root>
@{{"abc&<>'\""};xml}
</root>
<NotesDictionary>
<NOTESVAR NAME={$ContentType} VALUE={"text/xml"}>
<NOTESVAR NAME={$CacheControl} VALUE={"no-store"}>
</NotesDictionary>
```

Tip: Consider that server side generated pages as a result of urls to the forms file which have &MaxExpires specified are normally cached and therefore the output of the @Formulas are cached as well., "Different techniques to include externalized code" on page 103 shows a way to create user specific output like lookups.

Special @DBCommand formula

Domino Web Access implements a new @DBCommand formula to deliver a great set of special functions. These functions include for example calls to get current mail database properties, properties about the current user and mailfile, environment settings, profile document access and so on.

Tip: Sometimes it is very useful to investigate existing forms and subforms to learn about the formulas, the @DBCommand and the data structures delivered by the calls. Additional information about a found @DbCommand value might be found within the dwa_tags form.

The general notation for @DBCommand is

@DbCommand("Haiku"; "<command_name>" [; "Arg1"; "Arg2"; ...])

@DbCommand("haiku";"h_Vars") emits all non-system items in document as JavaScript vars with values. This command has up to three optional Args:

- Arg1: UNID of document in current DB being processed (Current document if not specified)
- Arg2: prefix string (string to prepend to each item...useful if desire to put items as properties of another javascript object) (default: "var ")
- ► Arg 3:
 - "1": emit all items on current note (default)
 - "0": emit only if specified in a NotesDictionary block

@DbCommand("haiku";"h_RunAgent"; "Arg1" [; "Arg2"]) runs the specified agent (which can contribute to page output). This call has one required and one optional parameters:

- Arg 1: Required Name of agent
- Arg 2: Optional
 - "1": agent is in Forms file
 - "0": agent is in mail file (default)

@DbCommand("haiku";"h_GetProfileField";"calendarprofile";"Owner") retrieves the value of the field given as the last parameter from the profile with the form name given as the 3rd parameter. The example retrieves the value of the field "Owner" from the profiledocument "calendarprofile".

@DbCommand("Haiku";"h_GetNABName") retrieves the name of the public names and address book.

Example 3-10 shows two samples using the @DBCommand formula:

Example 3-10 Usage samples for @DBCommand

```
<NotesVar>NAME=s_FF INITIALVALUE={@DbCommand("Haiku";"s_GetFormsFile")}
ExcludeFromJSVars=yes>
<NotesVar>Name=s_UNH
INITIALVALUE={@DbCommand("Haiku";"s_Hash";@Name([Abbreviate];@UserName))}>
```

3.9 Domino Web Access table of contents (TOC)

By default, Lotus Domino Web Access displays 6 tabs, also called functional areas: Welcome, Mail, Calendar, ToDo, Contacts, and Notebook. However, you may notice that one or more tabs are missing in a mail file or the order of these items is different from the default od Domino Web Access. Even replacing the design of the mail file, this could also not solve the problem.

This has been observed if the mail files had once inherited from a customized Domino Web Access template. If you open the hidden *Haiku_TOC* view, you will see that the design element for the missing tab is not in the list; there might even be design elements for customized tab(s). The design elements cannot be deleted from the Notes Client user interface (UI). Attempting to do so will give the error #02:41. Neither can design elements be added. It is suggested that you use an agent to delete those design elements. Example 3-11

shows a sample LotusScript code that will delete all the design elements. Once done, you can re-add them by replacing the design of the mail file with the standard Domino Web Access template.

Example 3-11 LotusScript to remove the TOC documents

```
Dim session As New NotesSession
Dim db As NotesDatabase
Set db = session.CurrentDatabase
Dim view As NotesView
Dim note As NotesDocument
Dim note1 As NotesDocument
Set view = db.GetView( "(Haiku TOC)" )
Set note = view.GetFirstDocument
Set note1 = view.GetNextDocument(note)
While Not (note Is Nothing)
     Call note.Remove(True)
     If Not (note1 Is Nothing) Then
        Set note = note1
        Set note1 = view.GetNextDocument(note)
     End If
Wend
```

The customization of the TOC in terms of hiding functional areas from it should not be necessary with Domino Web Access 7, because there is a new notes.ini variable introduced to control the display of the areas displayed in the Domino Web Access browser windows. For details refer to "Enable and/or disable functional areas" on page 18 and , "iNotes_WA_Areas" on page 96.

The order of the tabs in the TOC is taken from the order of the proxy documents in the TOC view in the users mailfile, normally derived from the dwa7 template. So if the order has been modified by changing the proxy documents this has to be redone in a Domino Web Access 6 to 7 migration. The description of how to change the order of the TOC tabs in DWA has been described in Chapter 6 of the Redbook, *iNotes Web Access*, SG24-6518.

3.10 How to edit Domino Web Access Markup

With version 7 of Domino Web Access the only tool really needed for modification and customization is Domino Designer:

- Forms and Subforms: Domino Designer
- Images: Domino Designer within Shared Resources\Files
- Skin elements: Domino Designer within Shared Resources\Files

To start with skin modifications dive into File Resources prefixed with h_ShimmerSkin - but use the one skin group assigned to the targeted browser. Use the javascript variables h_CurrentSkinName and h_CurrentSkinType discussed in chapter 4.2, "Modifying StyleSheet" on page 45 to determine which skin group to edit.

3.11 Taking Customized Domino Web Access Offline

The ability to work while disconnected from the network increases the productivity of ITSO Bank's mobile employees. Domino Web Access uses Domino Off-Line Services (DOLS) to take the mail file offline and gives the disconnected user full fidelity access to Web applications, like their mail files, via a Web browser.

The Domino Web Access mail template is already DOLS-enabled, so no configuration needs to be done in order to take the mailfile offline. To decrease the performance overhead, the out-of-box forms7.nsf database is included in the filesets that DOLS downloads to the local client. So, if the forms7.nsf database is being customized there are some considerations about putting these modifications into the fileset. The following steps can be used to replace the standard Form7.nsf with the customized Forms7.nsf from the pre-packaged fileset n_SHIMMER7_en.exe. This example is only for the Windows® English DOLS fileset but can be applied to the LINUX English fileset(I_SHIMMER7_en, I_SHIMMER7_en.inf) and all supported server languages(n_SHIMMER7_fr.exe, n_SHIMMER7_fr.inf)

Important: Backup n_SHIMMER7_en.exe and n_SHIMMER7_en.inf before making any changes.

- n_SHIMMER7_en.exe is located under Domino\data\domino\html\download\filesets
- n_SHIMMER7_en.exe is a self extracting executable, so we can unzip it using any zip application.
- Replace the standard Forms7.nsf with the customized Form7.nsf underneath \data\iNotes folder of the unzipped contents.
- Maintaining the folder structure, create a new zip file. On Windows XP, one can do this by selecting efInI27w.dll and the data folder, followed by the right click → send to → compressed folder.
- Convert the above zip file into a self exacting executable and name it n_SHIMMER7_en.exe.
- Replace the old n_SHIMMER7_en.exe with the new executable.
- n_SHIMMER7_en.inf is the versioning file. For existing installs, to push out the new customized fileset, increment Version string. For example, the out-of-box Version = 7.0.1.0 so set Version = 7.0.1.100.

Important: If there is a Domino Web Access hotfix applied to the server, the Version string might be higher. So be sure to increment the current string by one. i.e 7.0.1.100 becomes 7.0.1.200 and so on.



Skin Customization Techniques

Note: This Redpaper is in "draft" mode and is undergoing both technical and grammatical review. While in draft mode, the paper may contain minor omissions, technical inaccuracies or spelling errors. Please note that this draft will continue to be updated on a weekly basis until it is complete and ready for publication.

ITSO Bank desires their mail user interface to conform to their corporate standard design. This allows a smooth visual transition as users navigate between Domino Web Access and other internal applications. Customizations implemented to achieve this look and feel are:

- Modifying StyleSheet
- Modifying h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder
- Modifying Forms and Subforms
- Added a new skin component
- Customizing the login screen

4.1 Skin Customization Overview

As discussed in chapter 3, "Customization Considerations" on page 17, most of the design (HTML, JavaScript, Images and CSS) which contributes to the look and feel of Domino Web Access resides within the Domino Web Access Forms file.

Domino Web Access uses Lotus Quickplace themes technology. This entails having *Skin Groups* which represent different *themes*. Each theme is comprised of a set of skins which represent specific layout templates along with a shared stylesheet. Therefore, to change the overall look and feel of Domino Web Access, these skins would need to be modified. Customizations explored in this chapter deal specifically with h_ShimmerSkin, for IE, but can easily be extended for Mozilla/FireFox (h_ShimmerSkin_Gecko). Within each skin group the following key skin types are used in the following pages:

- h_ListFolder, h_Portal, h_DwaLite, h_PortalLite: Used for most view pages. h_ListFolder is the default one used. h_Portal is used if &ui=portal is in effect. h_DwaLite and h_PortalLite are only used by Forms6 (6.5.5 and better). They are not used in 7.0.0 and 7.01 and eliminated in 7.0.2.
- h_MailPage: Used for most object screens
- h_ApptPage: Used by CalendarEntry, ToDo and Out of Office and Preferences screen (has a different class specified for the BodyDiv outer div within the main PageContent area displayed by the PageContent skin component)

To determine which skin to modify examine the h_CurrentSkinName and h_CurrentSkinType variables to figure out which skin group and skin type is being used. To get to these variables click on the View \rightarrow Source menu (in Internet Explorer) and see how these variables are highlighted.

🕞 Mai[1] - Notepad
Eile Edit Format View Help
<pre>5200450041005400450044004100540045005f0044004500530043 007900650073 null null; IBMISP=8b0717fcfadb11d982e09173e454487d-8b0717fcfadb11d982e09173e454487d- 1e6d7cf3bafc7cd530855254d22edf19; sauid=d002000000014t4f11223257850000381412.0009212498; w3ibmProff1e=200303141518040968215884953 gAME 897 WSF en-us; w3sessionid=00002R555500KWACJBBK51ABG51:vcdrh7u9'; var HTTP_USER_AGENT='Mozilla/4.0 (compatible; MSIE 6.0; Windows NT 5.1; SV1; formsPlayer 1.3; .NET CLR 1.1.4322; .NET CLR 2.0.50215; Avalon 6.0.4030; %WAP version%)'; var ULRY_STRING='0penDocument&PresetFields=s_ViewLabel;Inbox,s_ViewName;(%24Inbox) &XIC&UNH=qv2ipu3hcg2apjp8fs1g8qejdb4'; var s_BrowserSuffix='', s_GecKo='0', s_Safari='0', s_Accessible='0', s_Charset='ISO_8859_ 1'.s_UAName='ie', s_UNH='qv2ipu3hcg2apjp8fs1g8qejdb4' (h_CurrentskinName='h_shimmerSkin', h_CurrentskinType='h_ListFolder', H_SYSTEMNAME='Mail';</pre>
Scene='',h_SetEditCurrentScene='',h_SetEditNextScene='',h_EditAction='',h_SetErrorScene ='h_HaikuError',h_EditSceneTrail='',h_ReturnToPage='',h_SetReturnURL='',Path_Info='/mai 1/vseraphi.nsf/iNotes/Mai1/?OpenDocument&PresetFields=s_viewLabel;Inbox,s_ViewName;(% 24Inbox)&KIC&UNH=qv2ipu3hcg2apjp8fs1g8qejdb4'; var
var s_NotesForm='h_PageUI',h_Name='Mail',h_SetReadScene='s_MailView',h_SetEditScene='s_Mail View',s_SubScene='',\$LastModified='20051214T221022,52Z',s_ShowThreads='',s_ShowThreadsU nid='',s_ShowThreadsView='',s_ShowThreadSTumbler='',h_SkinTypeOverride='h_ListFolder')s _ViewLabel='Inbox',s_ViewName='(\$Inbox)'; var
s_Ison]yUnread='0',s_IE='1',h_Context_InFolderName='52482A2D50E6CB5E852568D4007AFDFD',h

Figure 4-1 View \rightarrow Source

As displayed in Figure 4-1 we can see that the skin group we are dealing with is h_ShimmerSkin and skin type is h_ListFolder.

Tip: Most of the color changes can be done by customizing h_ShimmerSkin-h_Stylesheet with the exception of some minor color changes that can be done in h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder and s_SessionInfo form.

4.2 Modifying StyleSheet

How do you know which CSS definitions to change in order to change the appearance of an HTML element? If you examine the HTML that gets generated when you click View \rightarrow Source from Internet Explorer, you will find that it does not offer enough details to help you figure out what to change.

The best tool to use here is either Web Developer or DOM Inspector for Mozilla Firefox or Developer toolbar for IE. These tools make it a lot easier to discover the style that applies to the HTML element. These tools are discussed in detail in Appendix A, "Additional Customization Tips" on page 103.

Important: It is always good development practice to make back-ups of any database or design elements you intend to modify in a way that will allow you to reverse any changes.

- To make modifications to h_ShimmerSkin-h_StyleSheet:
 - From the Domino Designer client, under shared resources → Files, select the file h_ShimmerSkin-h_StyleSheet and click the *Open* or *Open with* button to open the specified file in an application of choice. The open options are available as buttons on top and in the right click menu.
 - Open the file h_ShimmerSkin-h_StyleSheet using a text editor or a CSS editor.
 - If the application saves the file and closes it, the file resource becomes updatet by Designer.
 - Restart the HTTP server
 - tell http quit
 - dbcache flush
 - load http

4.2.1 Change the background of the top toolbar

The following steps explain how to change the background of the top toolbar in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-2.

		Original				
Welcome, Purvi Trivedi	IM Disconnected	•	Preferences	😐 Online 🔻	Logout	Help 🔻
		Modified				
Welcome, admin trivedi	× IM Disconnected		Preferences	<u>₽</u> Online ▼	Logout	Help 🔻

Figure 4-2 Top Toolbar

- Modify the style background-color under .s-toptoolbar-bg, .s-toptoolbar-bg-middle and .s-toptoolbar-bg-last class.
 - .stoptoolbar-bg-middle class controls the middle of the toolbar, except for X (IM Presence status image area) and help.
 - border-right style sets the color of the borders separating each button
 - .stoptoolbar-bg-last class controls the X and Help part of the top toolbar.

Table 4-1 shows the original and modified .s-toptoolbar-bg, .s-toptoolbar-bg-middle and .s-toptoolbar-bg-last class.

Original	Modified
<pre>s-toptoolbar-bg { background-color:#e8e8e8; }</pre>	<pre>s-toptoolbar-bg { background-color:#F0F5BE; }</pre>
<pre>s-toptoolbar-bg-middle { background-color:#e8e8e8; border-right: 1px solid #ffffff; }</pre>	<pre>s-toptoolbar-bg-middle { background-color:#F0F5BE; border-right: 1px solid #ffffff; }</pre>
<pre>s-toptoolbar-bg-last { background-color:#e8e8e8; }</pre>	<pre>s-toptoolbar-bg-last { background-color:#F0F5BE; }</pre>

Table 4-1 .Original and modified functions for top toolbar

4.2.2 Change background color of the left panel

The following steps explain how to change the background color of the left panel in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-3.

Figure 4-3 Left Panel

► Modify the style background-color under .s-leftpanel class.

Table 4-2 shows the original and modified .s-leftpanel class.

Table 4-2 .s-le	ftpanel
-----------------	---------

Original	Modified
<pre>s-leftpanel { background-color: #dee3ef; }</pre>	<pre>s-leftpanel { background-color: #F0F5BE; }</pre>

4.2.3 Change background color of the view label

The following steps explain how to change the view label in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-4

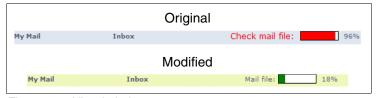


Figure 4-4 View Label

- Modify the style background-color under .s-view-active and .s-margin class.
 - .s-view-active class controls the background of the view label
 - .s-margin class controls the margin color of the view label

Table 4-3 shows the original and modified .s-view-active and .s-margin class.

Table 4-3 .s-view-active class

Original	Modified
<pre>s-view-active { background-color: #dee3ef; }</pre>	<pre>s-view-active { background-color: #F0F5BE; }</pre>
•••	
<pre>s-margin{ border-top:4px solid #dee3ef; border-bottom:4px solid #dee3ef; height:100%; }</pre>	<pre>s-margin{ border-top:4px solid #F0F5BE; border-bottom:4px solid #F0F5BE; height:100%; }</pre>

4.2.4 Change the color of the selected item in the Outline

The following steps explain how to change the color of the selected item in the outline in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-5 on page 48

Original	Modified
My Mail	My Mail
🙆 Inbox	🙆 Inbox
🕅 Drafts	🕅 Drafts
🚯 Sent	🗟 Sent
🚭 Follow Up	🕺 Follow Up
🚇 Junk Mail	🕲 Junk Mail
🛱 Trash	📆 Trash
🗄 🔝 Views	🕀 🛅 Views
🗄 🛅 Folders	D Folders
🗄 🗑 Tools	🕀 🎯 Tools

Figure 4-5 Selected Item in Outline

Modify the style background-color under .s-outlineCellSelected class.

Table 4-4 shows the original and modified .s-outlineCellSelected class.

Table 4-4 .s-outlineCellSelected

Original	Modified
<pre>s-outlineCellSelected{ background-color:#dee3ef; border-left:1px solid #ffffff; border-right:5px solid #ffffff; border-top:1px solid #ffffff; } order-bottom:1px solid #ffffff; }</pre>	<pre>s-outlineCellSelected{ background-color:#F0F5BE; border-left:1px solid #ffffff; border-right:5px solid #ffffff; border-top:1px solid #ffffff; } order-bottom:1px solid #ffffff; }</pre>

4.2.5 Change the highlight color in the Outline

The following steps explain how to change the highlight color in the outline in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-6.

Original	Modified
My Mail	My Mail
🙆 Inbox	🙆 Inbox
🕅 Drafts	Drafts
🚯 Sent	🖏 Sent
S Follow Up	🚭 Follow Up
🚇 Junk Mail	🕲 Junk Mail
📆 Trash	📆 Trash
🗄 🛅 Views	🗄 🛅 Views
🗄 🛅 Folders	D Folders
🗄 🚳 Tools	🗄 🚳 Tools

Figure 4-6 Highlight color in the Outline

► Modify the style background-color for a element of s-outlineEntry:hover class.

Table 4-5 shows the original and modified .a.s-outlineEntry:hover class.

Original	Modified
<pre> a.s-outlineEntry:hover{ color:#ffffff; background-color:#336699; text-decoration:none; }</pre>	<pre> a.s-outlineEntry:hover{ color:#ffffff; background-color:black; text-decoration:none; }</pre>

Table 4-5 a.s-outlineEntry:hover

4.2.6 Change the of the Active, Inactive and highlighted tab

The following steps explain how to change the Active, Inactive and highlighted tab in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-7

Note: This change will be applied to all tabs - Welcome, Calendar, To Do, Contacts and Notebook.

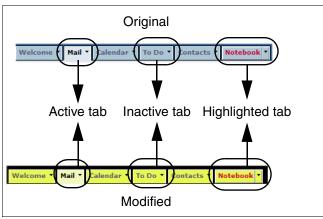


Figure 4-7 Active, Inactive and highlighted tabs

- Modify the following classes and styles:
 - Under .s-toc-tab-active class modify style background-color and border-bottom for active tab color and border. There is a highlighted border around the active tab in the same color as the tab. This border color can be modified under the .dm-toca-hyper class.
 - Under .s-toc-tab-inactive class modify style background-color.
 - Under .dm-toci-hyper class modify the border style. This changes the border of the tab when mouse hover's over the tab.

Table 4-6 shows the original and modified .s-toc-tab-active, .s-toc-tab-inactive, .dm-toci-hyper and .dm-toca-hyper class.

Original	Modified
<pre>s-toc-tab-active{ background-color:#dee3ef; border-bottom:1px solid #dee3ef; }</pre>	<pre>s-toc-tab-active{ background-color:#F0F5BE; border-bottom:1px solid #F0F5BE; }</pre>
<pre>s-toc-tab-inactive{ background-color:#adc3d6; border-bottom:1px solid #000000; }</pre>	<pre>s-toc-tab-inactive{ background-color:#E8F757; border-bottom:1px solid #000000; }</pre>
<pre>dm-toci-hyper{ border:1px solid #acc3d6; color: #595973; }</pre>	<pre>dm-toci-hyper{ border:1px solid #E7F845; color: #595973; }</pre>
<pre>dm-toca-hyper{ border:1px solid #dfe3ef; color: #000000; }</pre>	<pre>dm-toca-hyper{ border:1px solid #F0F5BE; color: #000000; }</pre>

Table 4-6 .s-toc-tab-active, .s-toc-tab-inactive and .dm-toci-hyper

4.2.7 Changing the background color for the table of content toolbar

The following steps explain how to change background color for the table of content toolbar in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-8.

			Origina	I	
Welcome • Mail •	Calendar 🔻	To Do 🔻	Contacts •	Notebook •	
Modified					
Welcome Mail	Calendar 🔻	To Do 🔻	Contacts 🔹	Notebook 🔻	
Figure A-8 Tak	ha of Co	ntonte			

Figure 4-8 Table of Contents

Modify the style background-color under .s-toc-bar-bg class.

Table 4-7 shows the original and modified .s-toc-bar-bg class.

Table 4-7 .s-toc-bar-bgl

Original	Modified
<pre>s-toc-bar-bg { background-color:#336699; }</pre>	<pre>s-toc-bar-bg { background-color:black; }</pre>

4.2.8 Change the background color for action bar

The following steps explain how to change background color for the action bar in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-9.

Original
🔊 New 🔻 Reply 🔻 Forward 🔻 Move 👻 Follow Up 👻 Mark Read 👻 View 👻 Tools 👻 🚑 👸
Modified
🚯 New 🔻 Reply 🔻 Forward 🔻 Move 🔻 Follow Up 👻 Mark Read 🔻 View 👻 Chat 👻 Tools 🖲 🎒 👸
Figure 4-9 Action bar

Modify the style background-color under .dm-actionbar class.

Table 4-8 shows the original and modified .dm-actionbar class.

Table 4-8 .dm-actionbar

Original	Modified
.dm-actionbar{	.dm-actionbar{
border-top: 1px solid #4A494A;	border-top: 1px solid #4A494A;
border-bottom: 1px solid #808080;	border-bottom: 1px solid #808080;
background-color: #E8E8E8;	background-color: #e8f757;
width: 100%;	width: 100%;
padding-top:1px;	padding-top:1px;
padding-left:1px;	padding-left:1px;
}	}

4.2.9 Change the background color of the column header

The following steps explain how to change background color of the column header in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-10.

	Original				
<u>Who</u>	Date	Time	Size	Subject	
	Modified				
Who	Date-	Time	Size	Subject	
Figure 1 10 co	luman haadau				

Figure 4-10 column header

- Modify the following classes and styles:
 - Under .vl-column-header, .ll-column-header class, modify style background-color.
 - Under .vl-coumn-border, .ll-column-bar class, modify style border-left and border- right.

Table 4-9 shows the original and modified .vl-column-header, .ll-column-header, .vl-column-bar, .ll-column-bar class.

Original	Modified
 .vl-column-header, .ll-column-header{ background-color:#eff3f7; border-bottom:1px solid #9999999; font-family:verdana,helvetica,arial,sans-serif; font-size:x-small; height:1.4em; white-space:nowrap; overflow-x:hidden; position:relative; left:0px; top:0px; z-index:0; }	<pre>vl-column-header, .ll-column-header{ background-color:#F3F6D6; border-bottom:1px solid #9999999; font-family:verdana,helvetica,arial,sans-serif; font-size:x-small; height:1.4em; white-space:nowrap; overflow-x:hidden; position:relative; left:0px; top:0px; z-index:0; }g</pre>
 .vl-column-bar, .ll-column-bar{ z-index:1; background-color:#5a5973; border-left:2px solid #eff3f7; border-right:2px solid #eff3f7; height:1em; width:5px; position:absolute; overflow:hidden; cursor:default; }	<pre>vl-column-bar, .ll-column-bar{ z-index:1; background-color:#5a5973; border-left:2px solid #F3F6D6; border-right:2px solid #F3F6D6; height:1em; width:5px; position:absolute; overflow:hidden; cursor:default; }</pre>

Table 4-9 column header and border

4.2.10 Change the Menu highlight color

The following steps explain how to change menu highlight color in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-11.

Original	Modified
Message Phone Message Calendar Entry	Message Phone Message Calendar Entry
To Do	To Do
Contact E-mail Group Notebook Page	Contact E-mail Group Notebook Page
Folder	Folder Account

Figure 4-11 Menu highlight color

 Modify the style background-color for the highlight color and style color for the foreground color under .dm-pop-x-hyper-hover class.

Table 4-10 shows the original and modified .dm-pop-x-hyper-hover class.

Note: The default background-color is set to *highlight* so DWA will use the default operating system color setting.

Table 4-10 .dm-actionbar

Original	Modified
.dm-pop-x-hyper-hover{	.dm-pop-x-hyper-hover{
color: highlighttext;	color: highlighttext;
background-color: highlight;	background-color: black;
}	}

4.2.11 Change background color for message

The following steps explain how to change background color for message in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-12

Original
New ▼ Send Send & File Save As Draft Save As Stationery Follow Up ▼ Options.
High priority Return receipt Sign Encrypt
Purvi Trivedi/North Reading/IBM 06/13/2006 10:48AM
То:
cc:
bcc:
Subject:
Sans Serif ∨ 10 ∨ ⊃ b i ⊔ A = = = = = = = = a → A -
Modified
New Send & File Save As Draft Save As Stationery Follow Up Options
High priority Return receipt Sign Encrypt
Purvi Trivedi/ITSObank 06/13/2006 10:50AM
То:
cc:
bcc:
Subject:
Sans Serif ▶ 10 > ▶ <i>i</i> ⊥ ▲ 10 10 ↓ 10 ↓ ↓ 10 ↓<

Figure 4-12 New message

Note: This modification will apply to opening, creating, replying and forwarding message window

► Modify the style background-color under .s-form-mail class.

Table 4-11 shows the original and modified .s-form-mail class.

Tip: Style background-color can be set to a color like #FOF5BE or it can be set to window which will pick-up the color from user's workstation settings under Control Panel \rightarrow Display Properties \rightarrow Appearance \rightarrow Advanced Appearance \rightarrow window.

Table 4-11 ...s-form-mail class

Original	Modified
<pre>s-form-mail { padding:6px; background-color: #dee3ef; width: 100%; height:100%; }</pre>	<pre>s-form-mail { padding:6px; background-color: window; width: 100%; height:100%; }</pre>

4.3 Modifications to h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder

The layout of the DWA web pages is stored in the skin html files. As we discussed in "Skin Customization Overview" on page 44, the skintype value in the page source points to which layout file needs to be modified. All layout files are stored in the Forms7.nsf as file resources.

- ► To make modifications to h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder:
 - From the Domino Designer client, under shared resources → Files, export h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder. Export option is available as a button on top and in the right click menu.
 - Open h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder using a text editor.
 - Make the required modifications and save the file at location.
 - Delete the original h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder from the Forms7.nsf database.
 - Create a new resource and select the modified h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder
 - Restart the HTTP server
 - tell http quit
 - dbcache flush
 - load http

4.3.1 Change the background color around the arrow on the divider

The following steps explain how to change the background color around the arrow on the divider in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-13.

Original	Modified	
🗄 🗑 Tools	🗄 🌍 Tools	
	4	4

Figure 4-13 background color around the arrow

Modify the bgcolor attribute of s-leftpanel-divider class.

Table 4-12 shows the original and modified s-leftpanel-divider class.

Original	Modified
<pre> <td><pre> </pre></td></pre>	<pre> </pre>

Table 4-12 Original and modified s-leftpanel-divider class

4.3.2 Move search next to preferences

The following steps explain how to move search next to preferences in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-14.

		Origir	al		
		Preferences	<u>Ponline</u>	• Logout	Help 🗸
					<u> </u>
		Modifi	ed		
Preferences	<u>₽</u> Online ▼	Logout	Help 🕇		Q
		ITSO	bank		
3 space left					

Figure 4-14 Search skin component customization

In order to move a skin component, the search bar, from the original place below the ITSO bank logo to above the tools menu, search the code for the string *quicksearch*. The code of the QuickSearch SkinComponent should be found in the file highlighted in Example 4-1 directly after the usageindicator SkinComponent:

Example 4-1 h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder HTML original code fragment

```
...

<InsertNotesSubForm name="UsageIndicator_SkinComponent">
```

Cut the whole HTML table cell including the enclosing tags and insert it directly after the HTML table cell of the Help SkinComponent as shown in Example 4-2:

Example 4-2 Insertion point after the last table cell of the tools menu

```
...

<InsertNotesSubForm name="Help_SkinComponent">
```

Insert QuickSearch SkinComponent here

```
•••
```

Important: Sometimes it is very important to keep the empty table cell to prevent breaking the table structure. In this example it is not needed to keep the empty cell. Eventually it is required to put a nonbreaking space placeholder character (HTML code) into the table cell.

 After that delete the content of the old QuickSearch SkinComponent table cell, but keep the table cell to prevent breaking the table layout.

4.3.3 Remove trash icon

The following steps explain how to remove the trash icon in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-15. The motivation of ITSO Bank was to have only one trash icon displayed. But think of the different areas, which do not have a trash icon in the outline areas and also that this one removed here is an animated trash bin, showing wether there is somthing in the trash or not.

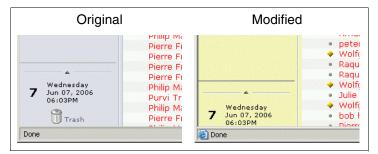


Figure 4-15 DWA page without the Trash bin icon

- Removing the trash icon requires the same steps as moving a SkinComponent. First, find the right SkinComponent by looking for the HTML structure and removing the appropriate code.
- In h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder searching for Trash should lead to the code shown in Example 4-3:

Example 4-3 Locate trashicon skin component

```
<<td>id="TrashBin" valign="top" width=150 nowrap style="padding-top:4px;"
align="center">
<InsertNotesSubForm name="Trash_SkinComponent">
```

• • •

In this case, leaving an empty HTML cell instead of removing the whole cell is the best decision. The resulting code is shown in Example 4-4:

Example 4-4 h_ShimmerSkin-h_ListFolder code without Trash SkinComponent

... ...

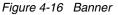
4.4 Modifying Forms and SubForms

ITSO Bank corporate logo changes are controlled by the Custom_banner subform and AboutBox form. Also some look and feel customizations are made in s_SessionInfo form as shown in the following sections.

4.4.1 Change Banner to company logo

The following steps explain how to change the default banner to the ITSO Bank company logo in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-16.





- ► Under Shared Resource → Files, create a new file resource for itso.gif
- ► Under Shared Code → Subforms, modify the Custom_Banner subform to point at the itso.gif. Change the width and height dimension so the graphic is not stretched or compressed out of proportion. The tooltip can also be adjusted by modifying the title value.

Table 4-13 shows the original and modified Custom_Banner subform:

Table 4-13 Custom_Banner subform

Original	Modified
<pre><script> SV('<div id="ProductLogo"></div> '); </script></pre>	<script> SV('<div id="ProductLogo"></div>'); </script>

4.4.2 Change the About information box to display company logo

The following steps explain how to change the About information box to display the ITSO Bank logo in Domino Web Access as displayed in Figure 4-17.

Original	
Lotus. Domino" Web Access	EN.
Modified	
ITSO bank	

Figure 4-17 About box

- From Designer Client, open Forms \rightarrow AboutBox
- Search for AboutBanner.gif and replace it with the graphic, in this case ITSOBanner.gif is used.

Note: The size of ITSOBanner.gif is the same as AboutBanner.gif - 640x512.

Table 4-14 shows the original and modified AboutBox form:

Table 4-14 Before and After AboutBox Form

Original	Modified
<pre> </pre>	<pre> </pre>

4.4.3 Modifications to s_SessionInfo Form

In s_SessionInfo form, there is an array of special colors that controls the colors for various design elements.

To access this array, open the s_SessionInfo form in designer client. Once the form is open, search for "sTmp2=" as shown in Example 4-5

Example 4-5 sTmp2 array

```
...
var sTmp2="#dee3ef, #adc3d6, #336699, #ffffff, #e0e0e0, #000000, #ffffff, #e8e8e8,
#eff3f7, #cc3300, tan, darktan, #9999999, #f6f3e2, #dee3ef";
...
```

► Table 4-15 shows the mapping of elements to index.

Table 4-15 Mapping elements to array index

Element	Array Index
Active Tab Background	0
Inactive Tab	1
Highlight Background	2
Highlight Text	3

Element	Array Index
Drop down manager Selected Background	4
Drop down manager Selected Text	5
Even row background for list	6
Odd row background for list	7
Column header background	8
Hypertext hover(used by outline)	9
Active GifName	10
Inactive GifName	11
Actionbar border color	12
Sorted contacts column color	13
Sorted column list color	14

 For ITSO bank requirements, we are modifying background color highlight for selected message (index 2) and sorted column color (index 14). Figure 4-18 shows the original and modified page design:

Original					
Who	Date	Time	Size	Subject	
admin trivedi	06/07/2006	09:02AM	1005	test2	
admin trivedi	06/05/2006	01:59PM	1004	test	
Modified					
Modified	Date	Time	Size	Subject	
	06/07/20			Skin Customization	test
<u>Who</u>	<u> </u>	06 12:22PM	10		test

Figure 4-18 background color for highlighted messages and sorted column color

► Table 4-16 shows the original and modified sTmp2 array:

Table 4-16 sTmp2 array in s_SessionInfo form
--

Original	Modified
var sTmp2="#dee3ef, #adc3d6, #336699 , #ffffff,	var sTmp2="#dee3ef, #adc3d6, #000000 , #ffffff,
#e0e0e0, #000000, #ffffff, #e8e8e8, #eff3f7,	#e0e0e0, #000000, #ffffff, #e8e8e8, #eff3f7,
#cc3300, tan, darktan, #9999999, #f6f3e2,	#cc3300, tan, darktan, #999999, #f6f3e2,
#dee3e f";	#f0f5be

4.5 Adding a new Skin Component

The most challenging part in modifying the skin layout is to add new skin components. This requires adding new code. In this section we are adding a new skin component to display the remaining space in the mailfile. This skin component will only display when the mail file quota is implemented.

Restriction: Since we cache the top level view page, adding the quota calculation to the main page is not ideal. This will be cached and become stale. The DWA quota implementation suffered from same issue and has been overhauled in 7.0.2.

For an example this might be OK, but wanted to make sure you were aware of this type of problem. A way to make the implementation more robust is to introduce a XML Subform that returns the quota information and have the skincomponent retrieve it via a XMLHttpRequest request.

Original	Modified	
Mail file: 75%	Mail file: 18%	82 MB space left

Figure 4-19 New SkinComponent shown in DWA

The first step is to implement the JavaScript code to calculate and display the value in an appropriate format. To implement this code as a new SkinComponent, we need to create a new subform named AvailSize_SkinComponent. The code needed for the calculation is shown in Example 4-6:

Example 4-6 JavaScript code for AvailSize_SkinComponent

```
<NotesDictionary>
<NotesDictionary>
<NotesDictionary>
<NotesDictionary>
</NotesDictionary>
</NotesDictionary>
<Script>
var ib_dbqs=s_DBQuotaSize;
var ib_array = ib_dbqs.split(",");
var ib_as = parseInt(ib_array[0]);
var ib_qs = parseInt(ib_array[1]);
var ib_avail = Math.round((ib_qs - ib_as)/1024);
if (ib_avail > -1) {document.write(ib_avail + " MB space left");};
</script>
```

Example 4-7 h_ListFolder skin with new AvailSize_SkinComponent

```
...

<InsertNotesSubForm name="UsageIndicator_SkinComponent">

...
...
...
...
```

Attention: Skins are not language-specific, so any implementation should avoid placing user visible text directly within a skin, as done in this example. Rather this is placed within skin components or subforms. If customization is for only one language, user-visible text may be placed within the skin.

4.6 Corporate Login Screen

The Redbook *Domino Web Access 6.5 on Linux*, SG24-7060 shows how to customize the main Logo on the redirection page in the Domino Web Access redirection template. The following sections show how the whole login screen could be customized for representing the corporate design and adding other functionality.

The following examples show how to customize the login page to display:

- corporate logo
- Adding functionality to display weekday, date and time

4.6.1 Corporate Logo

To display the corporate logo it should be imported as an image resource to the iwaredir.ntf template in an appropriate size. In this example we use a custom logo previously used for the About Information box. The size of ITSOBanner.gif is 519x32 pixel.

Figure 4-20 shows the ITSO Bank custom logo and its insertion as an image resource:

ITSO bank

Figure 4-20 ITSObank banner

This has to be imported as an image resource as shown in Figure 4-21:

Image Re:	source 🔻	? X	10/20/2005 01:05:44 PM	Lotus Notes Template Devek	977	r	r
1 i C) i 🔤	e z 🖘	10/20/2005 01:05:43 PM	Lotus Notes Template Devek		۲	r
Name	itsobanner.gif		10/20/2005 01:05:46 PM	Lotus Notes Template Develo	1,792	V	r
Alias			10/20/2005 01:05:44 PM	Lotus Notes Template Devek	1,182	r	r
Comment			10/20/2005 01:05:44 PM	Lotus Notes Template Develo	1,385	r	r
			10/20/2005 01:05:44 PM	Lotus Notes Template Devek	1,335	r	r
Advanced	Images across 1 Images down 1		10/20/2005 01:05:44 PM	Lotus Notes Template Develo	1,884	r	r
	Colorize grays		10/20/2005 01:05:44 PM	Lotus Notes Template Devek	1,160	r	r
	Needs refresh		10/20/2005 01:05:44 PM	Lotus Notes Template Develo		V	r
			10/20/2005 01:05:44 PM	Lotus Notes Template Devek		r	r
			10/20/2005 01:05:43 PM	Lotus Notes Template Develo		r	r
itsobanner.g	gif		06/05/2006 11:57:22 AM	Wolfgang Fey/ITSObank	11,935 🗸		V

Figure 4-21 Imported itsobanner.gif in Domino Designer

Now that image resource can be used and referenced in the DWALoginPage form which is used to display the login dialog in the browser as shown in Figure 4-22:

🗿 IBM Lotus Domino Web Access Login - Microsoft Internet Explorer 📃 🗆 🗙
Eile Edit View Favorites Iools Help
Address 🕘 http://smartu1.cam.itso.ibm.com/
ITSO bank Type your user name and password, and then click Log In. User name: Password: Log In (c) Copyright 1995-2005 IBM Corporation. All rights reserved. This software is subject to the Lotus Software Agreement and applicable export regulations. Restricted Rights for U.S. government uses.
😰 Done 🛛 📃 💽 Trusted sites

Figure 4-22 Corporate Login Screen

Figure 4-23 shows the code extract of the DWALoginForm form in Domino Designer referring to the new image resource:

ND 🚫	#ALoginForm - Form - IBM Lotus Domin) Designer	×
Eile	Edit View Create Tools Design Text	Computed Text Help	
	E 😂 😓 👷 🛛 🕹 🖻 🗋 🗷 🗛	Default Sans Serif 🛛 🔻 10 🖃 🖪 🖌 🍻 🧱 🖛 🚉 🖧 💷 🚖 🖘 🐚 🌆 💾 🛄	
	TWALoginForm - Form × 		_
5		valign="middle" width="520px">	
	<div class="s-dwa</th><th>a-login-background"></div>		
		cellpadding="0" cellspacing="0">	
		td valign="top">	
	·	<computed value=""></computed>	
	<	/td>	
		td valign="top">	
		table border="0" cellpadding="0" cellspacing="4" class="s-dwa-login-font">	
			•
	Objects Reference	Computed Text : Value	
	S Queryclose	Run Client	
	∮ Initialize ∮ Terminate	<pre>"<imp "="" +="" @webdbname="" access="" alt='\"Domino' itsobanner.gif?"<="" login="" pre="" screen\"="" src='\"/"' web=""></imp></pre>	_
	🛨 💻 username (Field)	OpenImageResource\">"	
	🗄 = RedirectTo (Field)		
	E X Computed Text ♦ Value		
	Text Computed Text		
)[▲) (▲) (201 Am Active ▲) (Office ▲) (□	

Figure 4-23 Domino Designer showing computed text for the modified image resource

4.6.2 Adding functionality to display Weekday, Date and Time

In order to add some convenient functionality, like including the actual weekday, date and time on the login form, a modification to the DWALoginForm form has to be done. First find the paragraph in DWALoginPage which holds the table cell with the corporate logo as shown in Figure 4-23. Then insert the JavaScript code provided in Example 4-8 as a whole new table row.

Example 4-8 JavaScript Code for this example

After refreshing the http task the login page should look like Figure 4-24:

😻 IBM Lotus Domino Web Access Login - Mozilla Firefox	
Eile Edit View Go Bookmarks Iools Help	
🗘 • 🖒 • 🛃 🛞 😚 间 http://smartul.cam.itso.ibm.com/ 💽 🗿 Go 💽	
ITSO bank Wednesday, June 21, 2006 06:17:16 PM Type your user name and password, and then click Log In. User name: Password:	•
Done	//

Figure 4-24 DWA Loginpage with date and time shown



Feature Customization Techniques

Note: This Redpaper is in "draft" mode and is undergoing both technical and grammatical review. While in draft mode, the paper may contain minor omissions, technical inaccuracies or spelling errors. Please note that this draft will continue to be updated on a weekly basis until it is complete and ready for publication.

This chapter shows how to implement the various changes needed for the ITSO Bank scenario. ITSO Bank is implementing a simplified e-mail management compliance process by storing a copy of all outgoing mail messages in a repository database. In this example the Redpaper team utilizes a Domino database as the repository. However in the real world the repository choices are virtually limitless - it can be a document management system, relational database, content management system, etc.

For our example customization, we will be performing the following:

- Overwrite an existing action menu
- Remove an action menu
- Add a new action menu
- Add a custom dialog page
- ► Add a custom main page, with the ability to view, edit, and create
- Modify preferences

5.1 Implementation overview

Before getting into the details on how to perform these actions, let's examine the overview of the ITSO Bank customization as displayed in Figure 5-1.

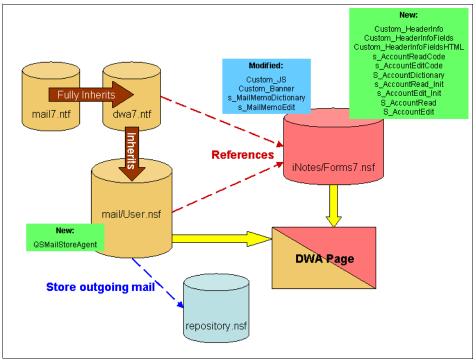


Figure 5-1 ITSO Bank Customization Overview

From Figure 5-1, you can see that we have added the following new design elements to the forms file (forms7.nsf):

- Form: Custom_HeaderInfo
- Subform: Custom_HeaderInfoFields
- Subform: Custom_HeaderInfoFieldsHTML
- Subform: s_AccountReadCode
- Subform: s_AccountEditCode
- Subform: s_AccountDictionary
- Subform: s_AccountRead_Init
- Subform: s_AccountEdit_Init
- ► Form: s_AccountRead
- Form: s_AccountEdit

.... and, we have modified the following design elements from the forms file:

- ► Form: Custom_JS
- ► Form: Custom_Banner
- Subform: s_MailMemoDictionary
- Subform: s_MailMemoEdit

Additionally, we have added a new agent in the mail template file:

Agent: QSMailStoreAgent

Finally, we have created a Domino database (repository.nsf) that will act as the repository in this example implementation. Copies of outgoing messages will be stored in this database.

5.2 Domino Web Access Functions for Action Menu Operations

Before getting into some hands on examples on manipulating action menus, let's examine some of the helpful JavaScript functions that are available in Domino Web Access 7.0.1.

5.2.1 DM_getMenuByPos

This action gives you the handle to the menu node object using the menu position as the parameter.

- Obfuscated name: Dap
- Parameters:
 - p1 = branch ID
 - p2 = position

5.2.2 DM_getMenuById

This action gives you the handle to the menu node object using the menu node ID as the parameter.

- Obfuscated name: DPN
- Parameters:
 - p1 = menu node or node ID

5.2.3 DM_getMenuByLabel

This function gives you the handle to the menu node object using the label as the parameter.

- Obfuscated name: CyE
- Parameters: DM_getMenuByLabel(p1,p2)
 - p1 = tree ID
 - p2 = menu label

5.2.4 DM_removeMenu

Given a menu ID, this function removes the menu item.

- Obfuscated name: DGa
- Parameter: DM_removeMenu(p1)
 - p1 = menu node or node ID

5.2.5 DM_newMenu

This action creates a new menu item. It adds the item to the actionbar as well as to the right click menu.

- Obfuscated name: Dbc
- Parameters: DM_newMenu(p1,p2,p3)
 - p1 = container ID, can be node or branch ID
 - p2 = unique ID (optional)
 - p3 = boolean value indicating whether this is the default action on ENTER press (optional)

5.2.6 DM_getParentNode

This action returns the parent node.

- Obfuscated name: DRo
- Parameters:
 - p1 = menu node object or node ID

5.2.7 DM_getChildNodes

This action returns an array of child nodes

- Obfuscated name: DIh
- Parameters:
 - p1 = menu node object or node ID

5.2.8 DM_updateActionBar

This action updates the action bar after a change to the label, icon, or disabled status

- Obfuscated name: CzB
- Parameters:
 - None

5.2.9 DM_getSubmenultem

This action returns a menu object (not the html, but the data) by its id

- Obfuscated name: Cwo
- Parameters:
 - p1 = branch ID
 - p2 = submenu level
 - p3 = context (optional, the value is either "actionState" or "contextState")

5.2.10 DM_createContextMenu

This action assigns an oncontextmenu event handler to the specified HTML element. The specified menu tree will be shown.

- Obfuscated name: DWh
- ► Parameters:
 - p1 = HTML element ID
 - p2 = branch ID to show
 - p3 = callback function when context menu is about to show

5.2.11 DM_getBranch

This action return an ordered array of the specified menu node object's siblings.

- Obfuscated name: DZo
- Parameters:
 - p1 = menu node or node ID
 - p2 = return sorted array
 - p3 = state, can be null

5.3 Overwrite "New Message" Action

ITSO Bank requires their employees to add some header information to outgoing mail messages prior to sending them. This is accomplished by overwriting the Domino Web Access New Message action so that it prompts the employees to populate the header information via a dialogbox (see Figure 5-2) before displaying the Domino Web Access new message page.

街 Header Information Web Page Dialog 🔀			
		?	
Category:	Checking Accou	nt 🗸	
Туре:	Comment	~	
	ОК	Cancel	
http://smartu1 🍎 Internet			

Figure 5-2 Header Information Dialogbox

The following steps are necessary for accomplishing this task:

- Create Custom_HeaderInfo form, a new dialog page
- Modify Custom_JS form
- Modify s_MailMemoDictionary subform
- Modify s_MailMemoEdit subform

5.3.1 Create New Dialog Page

In order to create a new dialog page, you will need to create a custom form in the forms file. We recommend that you start with a form in forms7.nsf that implements an existing modal dialogbox, such as s_DeliveryOptions. You should keep the majority of the head portion and modify the body portion to fit your purposes.

It is important to keep the head portion of this form because these dialogs bring in certain common external script files that may change from release to release of Domino Web Access, and are typically brought in via some server-side evaluated @formulas. Additionally, various releases emit the script tags in different ways. Earlier releases emitted them via specific <script ...></script> tags on the page. Newer releases have started emitting these via script as well, further reducing the size of the various pages. But they rely on various other JavaScript globals as well, located within the <head>...</head> section of the page.

Starting with a copy, and retaining the majority of the head portion and modifying the body portion will allow you to leverage the same modal dialog box foundation used within other modal dialog boxes in Domino Web Access.

We have created a new form called Custom_HeaderInfo based on the s_DeliveryOptions form and modified the body portion as follows:

Example 5-1 Body portion of Custom_HeaderInfo dialog

```
<FORM NAME="s HeaderInfo">
<script>
 var theForm=document.forms['s HeaderInfo'];
 var IF="H_REQUESTING_A_DELIVERY_REPORT_STEPS_01.html";</script>
</script>
 
   <a onclick="javascript:OE(IF)"><img
src="@{s FF}/help.gif?OpenFileResource&MX" border="0"></a>
 Category:
   <select class="s-form-input" name="DOC CATEGORY" style="width:100%">
     <option>Checking Account</option>
     <option>Saving Account</option>
     <option>Loan</option>
     </select>
   Type:
   <select class="s-form-input" name="DOC TYPE" style="width:100%">
     <option>Comment</option>
     <option>Complaint</option>
     <option>Information</option>
     <option>Other</option>
     </select>
    
     <input class="s-form-button" type="button" id="HeaderDataBtnOK"</pre>
onclick="BDA('OK')" value="OK" style="width:100%">
```

```
</t.d>
       <input class="s-form-button" type="button" id="HeaderDataBtnCancel"
onclick="BDA('Cancel')" value="Cancel" style="width:100%">
       <script language="JavaScript">
function dJ(){
  self.returnValue=false;
}
function BDA(yX){
  if (yX == "OK") {
     var ID = window.dialogArguments;
     var field = theForm.DOC CATEGORY;
     ID.DCat = field.options[field.selectedIndex].text;
     var field = theForm.DOC TYPE;
     ID.DType = field.options[field.selectedIndex].text;
     self.returnValue=true;
  }
  else
     self.returnValue=false;
  self.close();
</script>
</FORM>
</body></html>
```

ITSO Bank implements a simple dialogbox with no lookup for its selection lists. For a more complex dialogbox sample that includes lookup and demonstrates how the lookup is cached, refer to the IBM DeveloperWorks article titled Manipulating data in Domino Web Access at http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/lotus/library/dwa-data/.

This article will also show you how to add a new on-line help content. Since we used Delivery Options form as the starting point, the question mark icon in the ITSO Bank Header Information dialogbox (see Figure 5-2 on page 69) brings up the on-line help for delivery options. To change the target for the help function replace the IF Variable value (IF="H_REQUESTING_A_DELIVERY_REPORT_STEPS_01.html";) with the value of the html document target in the Domino Web Access help database or just empty the value to point to the default help entry point. Appendix , "Creating a custom help document in the Domino Web Access help database" on page 103 describes, how to create a custom help document.

5.3.2 Modify Custom_JS Form

Now, let's see how we overwrite the New Message action menu. Action menu operations (add, remove, re-order, overwrite) are done by modifying Scene_Actions function in Custom_JS form. Scene_Actions is called just before the action buttons are added to the action bar.

Example 5-2 Overwrite New Message action in version 7.0.1

```
function Scene_Actions( s_SceneName, o_Window, s_TopBranchId ){
. . .
  switch (s_SceneName) {
     case 'Mail':
     var menuNode;
     //Overwrite the "New" action
     menuNode = CyE(s_TopBranchId, "New");
     menuNode.onclick = "javascript:showHeaderDialog()";
     var a NewBranchId = menuNode.$branchId;
     //Overwrite the "New\Message" action
     menuNode = CyE(a_NewBranchId, "Message");
     menuNode.onclick = "javascript:showHeaderDialog()";
     break;
  default:
     break;
  }
```

Action menu operations is one of the areas where customization is vastly improved in Domino Web Access 7 as compared to the earlier version. Notice how much more intuitive the menu structure in version 7.0.1 (see Example 5-2 on page 72) as compared to how it was in version 6.5 (see , "Wrapper Functions for Action Menu Operations" on page 112). In version 7.0.1, you can use the new functions for action menu operations (see Chapter 5.2, "Domino Web Access Functions for Action Menu Operations" on page 67) to get the handle to the menu object. Once you get the handle to the menu object, you can easily overwrite its methods and properties. In version 6.5, you have to understand the structure of the menu in order to overwrite it.

ITSO Bank is only concerned with action menu operations in Mail tab (s_SceneName = 'Mail'). Table 5-1 provides a listing of other scenes in Domino Web Access that you might consider working with.

Scene name	Description
Welcome	Welcome tab
Calendar	Calendar tab
ТоDо	To Do tab
Contacts	Contacts tab
Notebook	Notebook tab
s_MailMemo	Memo, reply, forward, stationery
s_MailPhoneMessage	Phone message entry

Table 5-1 Scene names mapping

Scene name	Description
s_Appointment	Calendar entry
s_ToDo	To do entry
s_Contact	Contact entry
s_Group	Group document
s_NotebookPage	Notebook entry
s_OutOfOffice	Out of office setup

Tip: You can discover which scene you are working with by using JavaScript alert statement to the Scene_Actions function (in Custom_JS form) to display the value of s_SceneName with a JavaScript statement like alert(s_SceneName).

As described in Example 5-2 on page 72, the New Message action menu onclick event is replaced with the javascript:showHeaderDialog() statement. This function (see Example 5-3) uses Internet Explorer's window.showModalDialog DOM method to display the custom dialogbox. Domino Web Access implements something comparable for Gecko, so this will work on Firefox and Mozilla as well. Using this function, the dialog box automatically behaves as a modal dialog.

ITSO Bank employees must select a document category and type (from the dialogbox) and click on the OK button in order to proceed with composing a new message. If they click on the Cancel button, they will not be able to compose the memo.

Example 5-3 showHeaderDialog function

```
function showHeaderDialog() {
  11
  // this function displays a dialogbox prior to composing a new message
  11
  var ID = new Object;
  // The Header Information dialogbox is not a main page,
  // you can see that we override the form using &Form=Custom HeaderInfo
  // so that it uses the form specified instead of h PageUI
  var shref = lT(self) +
'/iNotes/Proxy/?OpenDocument&Form=Custom HeaderInfo&l=en@{@If(s Charset="";"";"&ch
arset=" + s Charset)}';
  var lI = window.showModalDialog(shref, ID,
"dialogWidth:300px;dialogHeight:175px;dialogTop:200px;dialogLeft:200px;help:no;sta
tus:no;center:no;");
  // We are passing the values of document category and type
  // through the &PresetFields, which is the third argument
  // of the openNewShimmerDoc function
  if (11) { //User clicks OK
     var str preset = 'DOC CATEGORY;' + encodeURIComponent(ID.DCat) +
',DOC TYPE;' + encodeURIComponent(ID.DType);
     openNewShimmerDoc('($Drafts)', 'Memo', str preset);
  }
```

}

The showHeaderDialog function utilizes an ID object, which returns the values selected from the dialogbox. After the ITSO Bank employee clicks on the OK button, it makes a call to the Domino Web Access openNewShimmerDoc function. The values returned by the ID object (document category and type) are passed to the newly composed memo document using &PresetFields (see Figure 5-3). Notice how the URL of the new message has the information about the custom fields in Figure 5-3.

ew 🔨 Send	Send & File	Save As Draft Save As Stationery Follow Up 🔻 Options Format 🖣 🗙 👘	
roperties General		crypt	
	Message		
Protocol:	HyperText Transf	er Protocol	
Туре:	Not Available		
Connection:	Not Encrypted	E, += ⊨+ := ½: A'A - += 🐝 🖉 A® 🗇	
Address: (URL)		NotesForm, Memo, DOC_CATEGOR ccount, DOC_TYPE, Comment	
Size:	Not Available	🕞 Untitled - Notepad	
Created: Modified:	Not Available Not Available	\$new/?	
Attachme	OK ents ₇	Cancel Apply	

Figure 5-3 New Message

5.3.3 Modify s_MailMemoDictionary subform

In order for the header information fields (document category and document type) to persist in the memo document, we need to add <NOTESFIELD> definitions for those two fields (see Example 5-4) in the s_MailMemoDictionary subform.

As discussed in "Isolate your custom code" on page 7, we recommend that anytime you modify existing Domino Web Access forms or subforms, you should separate your changes from Domino Web Access code. One way to do so is by putting your custom modifications into a subform (see Example 5-4) and insert your custom subform in the Domino Web Access form or subform to modify.

Example 5-4 Custom _ HeaderInfoFields

```
<NotesDictionary>
<NOTESFIELD NAME={DOC_CATEGORY}>
<NOTESFIELD NAME={DOC_TYPE}>
<NOTESVAR NAME={$$QuerySaveAgent} TYPE={Text} INITIALVALUE={"QSMailStoreAgent"}>
</NotesDictionary>
```

In order to insert the subform, you will add the following statement at beginning of s_MailMemoDictionary subform:

<InsertNotesSubform NAME={Custom_HeaderInfoFields}>

5.3.4 Modify s_MailMemoEdit subform

In addition to the <NOTESFIELD> tags, Domino Web Access also need the HTML representation of the fields, as a way to obtain the values selected by ITSO Bank employees via the dialogbox.

Here is another implementation of the best practices by separating the custom HTML fields in the Custom_HeaderInfoFieldsHTML subform (see Example 5-5).

This subform is inserted into the beginning of s_MailMemoEdit subform using the following statement:

<InsertNotesSubForm NAME={Custom_HeaderInfoFieldsHTML}>

Example 5-5 Custom_HeaderInfoFieldsHTML

```
<input type="hidden" name="DOC_CATEGORY" value="@{DOC_CATEGORY}" /> <input type="hidden" name="DOC_TYPE" value ="@{DOC_TYPE}" />
```

QuerySaveAgent

As part of its e-mail management compliance process, ITSO Bank will store copies of all outgoing e-mail messages into a custom Domino database (repository.nsf). We will implement the QuerySave agent (see Example 5-6) to accomplish this. This agent will be invoked before the message is sent out. Unlike other design changes that take place in the forms file, QueryOpen and QuerySave agents must reside in the mail template.

In order to enable QueryOpen and QuerySave agents in Domino Web Access, add the following line to the server's notes.ini file:

iNotes_WA_QueryAgents=1

Additionally, you will have to create a <NOTESVAR> for \$\$QuerySaveAgent in the s_MailMemoDictionary subform (see Example 5-4 on page 74).

Example 5-6 QSMailStoreAgent agent

Sub Initialize

```
Dim session As New NotesSession
Dim db As NotesDatabase
Dim doc As NotesDocument
Dim repository_db As NotesDatabase
Dim repository_doc As NotesDocument
Set db = session.CurrentDatabase
Set doc = session.DocumentContext
'Get the handle to the repository database
Set repository_db = New NotesDatabase(db.Server, "repository.nsf")
If Not (repository_db.IsOpen) Then
Messagebox "Cannot open the repository database!", 48, "Error"
Exit Sub
```

End If 'Store a copy of the message in the repository Set repository_doc = repository_db.CreateDocument Call doc.CopyAllItems(repository_doc) Call repository_doc.Save(True, True)

End Sub

Figure 5-4 shows a sample repository entry, which displays a copy of the message and the additional header fields.

If desired, you can also add a callback function to handle error more gracefully. For example, instead of simply print the error out at the server console (or log) when the repository database is not found, you could prompt the user with the error messagebox instead.

Refer to the IBM DeveloperWorks article titled Manipulating data in Domino Web Access at http://www-128.ibm.com/developerworks/lotus/library/dwa-data/ for more details.

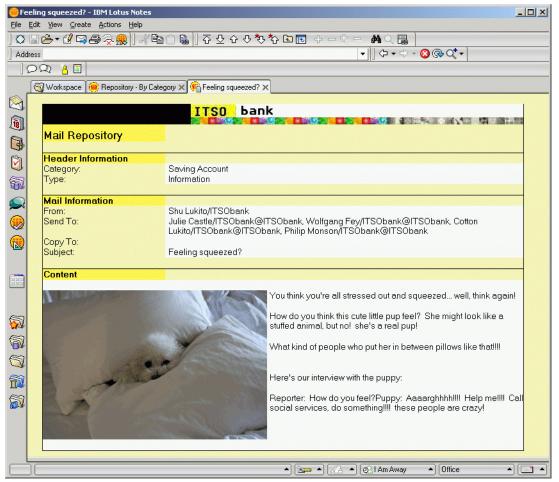


Figure 5-4 Mail Repository entry

5.4 Remove Action "Tools → Block Mail from Sender"

ITSO Bank does not want its employees to filter any incoming messages and has decided to remove the Block Mail from Sender menu from the Tools action. We accomplish this by adding the javascript code described in Example 5-7 to the Custom_JS form.

Again, we can see here how easy it is to remove action menus in version 7.0.1 as compared to how it was done in version 6.5 (see Appendix , "Removing action menu in version 6.5" on page 113). You can also see examples of removing action menus in version 7.0.1 utilizing wrapper functions there.

Example 5-7 Remove Tools \rightarrow Block Mail from Sender action menu

```
function Scene_Actions( s_SceneName, o_Window, s_TopBranchId ){
    switch(s_SceneName) {
        case 'Mail':
            // Remove the "Tools\Block Mail from Sender" action
            var toolsNode = CyE(s_TopBranchId, "Tools");
            var bmsNode = CyE(toolsNode.$branchId,"Block Mail from Sender");
        DGa(bmsNode.$id);
        break;
    }
....
}
```

5.4.1 Add Action "New \rightarrow Account"

ITSO Bank wants to streamline some of its daily processes by allowing their employees to create a new account directly from the mailboxes. Copies of the newly created account information is stored in the employees' mailboxes and a back-end process will add the newly created accounts to the main account database. In our sample, we will not include the back-end implementation.

Example 5-8 demonstrates how to modify Custom_JS in order to create a new action menu in Domino Web Access. The equivalent code for the previous 6.5 version as well as the wrapper functions in version 7.0.1 are displayed in Appendix , "Adding new action menu in version 6.5" on page 121.

Example 5-8 illustrates the usage of the addAction function call:

Example 5-8 Add New \rightarrow Account action menu

```
function Scene_Actions( s_SceneName, o_Window, s_TopBranchId ){
    ...
    switch(s_SceneName) {
        case 'Mail':
        menuNode = CyE(s_TopBranchId, "New");
        var a NewBranchId = menuNode.$branchId;
    }
}
```

```
//Add a menu under the "New" action
menuNode = Dbc(a_NewBranchId);
with (menuNode) {
    pos = 999;
    label = "Account";
    onclick = "javascript:openNewShimmerDoc('($ToDo)','Account')";
    DFB = "Creates a new account form";
  }
}
....
}
```

5.5 Add a new form "Account"

The following actions show how to add a total new main page to Domino Web Access. To perform that several steps need to be done:

- Create a new form in Domino Designer
- Test the form in the Notes client
- Add the Formsmap form to forms7.nsf
- Create the forms mapping document
- Add the forms and subforms for the dictionary, edit and read scenes

5.5.1 Create a new form in Designer

Creating a form in Notes client isn't really necessary if the new form is used for Domino Web Access only. If the form has to accessed from Notes client as well or an easier way to create some test data (or inspect documents via Notes), a Notes form helps to achieve this. Domino Web Access doesn't really care that there is or isn't such a Form within the mail file. It only cares about the Forms map table to know which field in the Domino Web Access form has to be stored and read from which field in the backend form.

Note: The only place that Domino Web Access relies on a Notes form is in the Forward any document object functionality, where the WebEngine's render to form capability is used to construct HTML to forward the document by mail.

For the example shown in this chapter a new account form in the mailfile is used here. The Notes form has five fields:

- Account#
- Account Type
- Lastname
- Firstname
- Internal Contact

Figure 5-5 shows this simple form in Domino Designer.

Figure 5-5 New Account Form in Designer

5.5.2 Create Document in Notes Client

To test the new created form create a new document with the form in the Notes client. This Form should be displayed correctly and also the document should be readable after it is saved. If a view is needed to select the documents created with the new form it should also be built now. If all forms and views are built into the dwa7.ntf template they can be used with Domino Web Access easily.

5.5.3 Add the FormsMap form to forms7.nsf

To map the Notes form to a Domino Web Access form definition later, a mapping document is needed in forms7.nsf. This forms mapping document needs to be defined with a form called "FormsMap" in the forms7.nsf which is not included in the product. Figure 5-6 shows the definition for the fields needed for this form.

🗉 FormsMap - Form 🗙	
FormsMap	
h_SetEditScene	h_SetEditScene T
h_SetReadScene	h_SetReadScene T
s_NotesForm	s_NotesForm T_
s_SubFormPrefix	s_SubFormPrefix T_
Form	Form T

Figure 5-6 FormsMap form definition in Designer

5.5.4 Create the FormsMap mapping document

After adding the formsmap form the mapping document can be created. Creating the mapping defines several parameters for the mapping. Figure 5-7 shows the mapping document.

- ► the edit scene
- the read scene
- the Notes form name

► the subform prefix

FormsMap	
h_SetEditScene	rd s_StdPageEdit』
h_SetReadScene	rd s_StdPageRead』
s_NotesForm	rd Account』
s_SubFormPrefix	rd s_Account』
Form	FormsMap

Figure 5-7 FormsMap definition for new Account form

The edit scene and read scene are set to the default scenes which come with the product. These are subforms in the forms7.nsf database and define mostly javascript code to setup the environment in the browser to edit or read documents through the Domino Web Access proxy mechanism.

The Notes form name is the corresponding backend form name and should be stored in a field of the backend form called "Form".

Note: After adding the specific new formsmap document, the form can be removed again with Domino Designer. But in case there have to be made some changes the form is needed again. So it might be better to keep the formsmap form in the forms7 database

5.5.5 Special Subforms for page creation

The subform prefix is the first part of the name for the five subforms needed to define the Notes fields and items, the JavaScript and the HTML to display the Domino Web Access form in the browser. The names for the subforms are:

- s_AccountDictionary
- s_AccountEdit_Init
- s_AccountEdit
- s_AccountRead_Init
- s_AccountRead

These subforms are shown in detail later.

After the forms mapping has been defined and saved it is shown in the Notes client in view "System\Forms" as shown in Figure 5-8.

◇ Domino Web Access Common Forms (7) - Ele Edit View Create Actions Help ○ □ ● 奈 泉) ◇ + ○ · ○ ③ ④ ○ + ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ ○ +	System\Forms - IBM Domino Administrator _ I X C 산 찻 찫 匝 순 드 한 드 태 # Q 문
 ITSDBANK Domain Domino Web A Domino Web Access Common Forms (7) All Documents hColorSets hFieldDefinitions hLogaAccentView hResourcesByGroup hResourcesByName System Forms Notes Published Skin Groups Skins 	cccess Common X s_NotesForm s_SubFormPrefix h_SetReadScene h_SetEditScene Account s_Account s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit Appointment s_StdPageEdit Appointment s_NotebookPage s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit Image: StdPageEdit Image: StdPageEdit Delivery Report s_MailDeliveryRep s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit Image: StdPageEdit DOLSOfflineConfig s_DOLSOfflineCons_DOLSOfflineCon s_DOLSOfflineCon s_DOLSOfflineCon fa_VoiceMail s_MailMemo s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit ImageEdit fa_VoiceMail s_MailMemo s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit ImageEdit h_PageUl s_Group s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit h_PrintUl JournalEntry s_NotebookPage s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit Memo s_MailMemo s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit Mailrule NonDelivery Repc s_NonDelivery s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit Mailrule Notice s_MeetingNotice s_StdPageRead s_StdPageEdit ImageEdit Notice s_OutOfOffice s_StdPageRead s_StdPag
	▲) (¬¬> ▲) (¬>> Disconnected ▲) (Office ▲) (□¬>)

Figure 5-8 Account FormsMap in forms7.nsf in view System\Forms

5.5.6 Add the forms and subforms for the scene

For the creation of the whole page content of the ITSO Bank account form main Domino Web Access page there are five subforms and two forms needed. The subforms are already mentioned in section 5.5.5, "Special Subforms for page creation" on page 80. The two forms contain the externalized JavaScript code for the creation of the action bars in the context of reading or editing a document.

A good starting point for the creation of the five subforms is to take a look at an existing set of subforms, for example, the set for the journal called notebook page. These forms are not that complicated and have only a minimum of code to deliver for the view fields of the notebook page but also contain the whole code for embedding the Domino Web Access DHTML rich text editor. In the account form sample only text fields are used to keep it simple.

Subform s_AccountDictionary

In order to define the Notes fields and some additional variables needed for the page creation the subform contains a section called "NotesDictionary":

Example 5-9 Code for the s_AccountDictionary subform

```
<NotesDictionary>
<notesvar name=InitializeFields type=text>
<notesvar name="CalendarOwner"
initialvalue={@Name([Canonicalize];@DbCommand("haiku";"h_GetProfileField";"calenda
rprofile";"Owner"))}>
<notesfield name="Principal"
initialvalue={@If(CalendarOwner!="";CalendarOwner;@UserName(0))}>
<notesfield name="From" authorfield="Yes" initialvalue={@UserName(0)}>
<NOTESFIELD NAME=$NoPurge TYPE=Text INITIALVALUE={"1"}>
<NOTESVAR NAME=h_Name TYPE=Text = NOTESFIELD NAME=Form TYPE=Text = NOTESFIELD NAME=Form TYPE=Text = NOTESFIELD NAME=Name = NAME = NOTESFIELD NAME=NAME = NOTESFIELD NAME=NAME = NAME = NA
```

```
<NOTESFIELD NAME="accttype" TYPE=Text>
<NOTESFIELD NAME="lastname" TYPE=Text>
<NOTESFIELD NAME="firstname" TYPE=Text>
<NOTESFIELD NAME="internalcontact" TYPE=Text>
</NotesDictionary>
```

The <NOTESFIELD> tags define the Notes items which will be saved with the document when the document is saved by the user. Such entries along with NOTESVAR entries define which Notes items will be represented as JavaScript vars for the h_Vars custom Domino Web Access formula.

Subform s_AccountEdit_Init

This subform contains code to include the s_AccountEditCode form in the page and some additional variables for the page creation. Also the pagetitle is being set to something useful.

```
Note: There are different techniques available to include externalized code into a form or subform. For more information please see Appendix , "Different techniques to include externalized code" on page 103.
```

The IF variable is set to an empty string in this example. This variable is used to open the context specific help from the help database, if a user clicks on the question mark in the form. The empty string leads to the default Domino Web Access help page.

The value for SceneTitleSkinComponentTitleText sets the title for the window in a document is opened in edit mode.

The formula @{s_FF} returns the server root relative path to the current forms database for accessing resources in the current forms database and is described in Chapter 3.8.4, "Special Domino Web Access formulas" on page 37.

Example 5-10 Code for s_AccountEdit_Init subform

```
<NotesDictionary>
<NOTESVAR name=h_SkinTypeOverride TYPE=TEXT initialValue={"h_MailPage"}>
</NotesDictionary>
<script>
sceneTitleSkinComponentTitleText="Account information";
IF="";
</script>
<script
src="@{s_FF}/iNotes/Proxy/?OpenDocument&Form=s_AccountEditCode@{s_StaticJSArgs}">
</script>
```

Subform s_AccountEdit

In this subform the HTML Layout of the page has to be done. This is also where the HTML form is designed and the JavaScript calls created to get the data from the frontend form to the backend document.

The main part is the HTML code construction for the table used to display the form. There are some special JavaScript functions used:

SV (unobfuscated name *pageWrite*) is a function to write the output of a JavaScript script into the current document. So here is a simplified if condition in the (condition?true:false) notation used to display either code for Firefox/Gecko or Internet Explorer. The function "DLI"

(unobfuscated name *gbIsGecko*) is used to decide wether the current browser is Gecko based or not. Function DJg (unobfuscated name *unlockTextAreaHeight*) is used to implement for Gecko something comparable to the overflow-y:auto CSS style.

The last call used haiku.LB.add("qP()") (unobfuscated name for LB is oOnloadChain) is a function to put the function which is given as a parameter in the onload chain of the current document. Here there is the function qP() (unobfuscated name *initInputFields*) added which is used for the initialization of the fields in the browser. This particular function is defined in the s_AccountEditCode form which is documented in "Form s_AccountEditcode" on page 85.

Example 5-11 Code for the s_AccountEdit subform

```
<img src="@{s FF}/itsobanner.gif?OpenFileResource&MX">
  <h2>Account Statement</h2>
  SV('<textarea class="s-form-input" name="acctno" id="acctno" rows=1"
    style="width:100%;' + (DLI ? 'height:3.1ex" onkeyup="DJg(event)"' :
    'overflow-y:auto"') + '></textarea>');</script>
    Account Typescript> SV('<textarea
    class="s-form-input" name="accttype" id="accttype" rows=1"
    style="width:100%;' + (DLI ? 'height:3.1ex" onkeyup="DJg(event)"' :
    'overflow-y:auto"') + '></textarea>');</script>
    LastnameSV('<textarea
    class="s-form-input" name="lastname" id="lastname" rows=1"
    style="width:100%;' + (DLI ? 'height:3.1ex" onkeyup="DJg(event)"' :
    'overflow-y:auto"') + '></textarea>');</script>
    FirstnameSV('<textarea
    class="s-form-input" name="firstname" id="firstname" rows=1"
    style="width:100%;' + (DLI ? 'height:3.1ex" onkeyup="DJg(event)"' :
    'overflow-y:auto"') + '></textarea>');</script>
    Internal Contactscript> SV('<textarea
    class="s-form-input" name="internalcontact" id="internalcontact" rows=1"
    style="width:100%;' + (DLI ? 'height:3.1ex" onkeyup="DJg(event)"' :
    'overflow-y:auto"') + '></textarea>');</script>
  <!-- HIDDEN FIELDS -->
<div style="display:none">
<input name="From" id="From">
<input name="Principal" id="Principal">
<input name="Type" id="Type" value="Account">
<input name="Form" id="Form" value="Account">
</div>
<script>haiku.LB.add("qP()");</script>
```

Subform s_AccountRead_Init

All variables used for the construction of the form in read mode are defined in this subform. It also contains a reference for the s_AccountReadCode form which defines additional externalized JavaScript functions and is documented in "Form s_AccountReadcode" on page 87. The use of the script tag with an external form reference will allow for caching of the external JavaScript and possibly save future bandwidth associated with the page.

The @{s_StaticJSArgs} delivers the desired url arguments for urls to external static script pages.

Example 5-12 Code for the s_AccountRead_Init subform

```
<NotesDictionary>
<NOTESVAR NAME=h_SkinTypeOverride TYPE=TEXT INITIALVALUE={"h_MailPage"}>
<NOTESVAR NAME=h_Details TYPE="Text">
</NotesDictionary>
<script
src="@{s_FF}/iNotes/Proxy/?OpenDocument&Form=s_AccountReadCode@{s_StaticJSArgs}
">
</script>
```

Subform s_AccountRead

This subform contains the HTML code needed for reading an account document. The HTML creates a table to display the content in a proper format. Again there are some JavaScript functions used:

"SV" and "haiku.LB.add" are already explained in "Subform s_AccountEdit" on page 82.

The function "AdjustWindowSize" is used to proper size and position the window in the onload JavaScript event.

Example 5-13 Code for the s_AccountRead subform

```
<img src="@{s FF}/itsobanner.gif?OpenFileResource&MX">
 <h2>Account Statement</h2>
 <td class="s-form-label-bold" width="20%" valign="BASELINE"
   align="left">Account # <td
   class="s-form-label"
   width="90%"><script>SV(window.acctno);</script>
   <td class="s-form-label-bold" width="20%" valign="BASELINE"
   align="left">Account Type <td
   class="s-form-label"
   width="90%"><script>SV(window.accttype);</script>
   <td class="s-form-label-bold" width="20%" valign="BASELINE"
   align="left">Lastname&nbsp:<td
   class="s-form-label"
   width="90%"><script>SV(window.lastname);</script>
   <td class="s-form-label-bold" width="20%" valign="BASELINE"
   align="left">Firstname <td
   class="s-form-label"
   width="90%"><script>SV(window.firstname);</script>
   <td class="s-form-label-bold" width="20%" valign="BASELINE"
   align="left">Internal Contact <td
   class="s-form-label"
   width="90%"><script>SV(window.internalcontact);</script>
```

<script> haiku.LB.add("AdjustWindowSize()");</script>

The form now displays only a minimum of default actions in the action bar. To add an edit action to the action bar at the appropriate place there has to be added some additional JavaScript code to the s_AccountRead form.

The code consists of two helper functions CTf() and DSy(). DSy is a parser for the location referer and returns back the actual documents url. This DSy function is used by the CTf function which replaces the read command in the URL with an edit command and replaces the location url of the active document browser window. This function is invoked by the edit button which is finally inserted into the actionary by the kk() function call.

Example 5-14 Additional JavaScript code for edit action

```
function CTd()
{
var shref=DSy();
var Bpd=Ns(shref,"PresetFields");
sP=Bpd.replace(',h SetCommand;h ShimmerNotesIDPW', '');
sP+=((sP != '')? ',': '') + "h EditAction;h ShimmerEdit,s ReadToEdit;1";
var wL= shref.substring(0,shref.indexOf("?OpenDocument"))
+ "?EditDocument&Form=h PageUI&PresetFields=" + sP;
window.location.replace(wL);
}
function DSy(){
  var sHref=gLoc.href;
   var Cix=sHref.indexOf(',h SetCommand;h ShimmerNotesIDPW');
  if (-1 != Cix)
      sHref=sHref.substring(0,Cix);
  aUrlComp=sHref.split("/");
  var n;
   for (n=aUrlComp.length-1;n>=0;n--)
      if (aUrlComp[n].indexOf('?OpenDocument')!=-1){
        aUrlComp[n-1]=h PageUnid;
        break;
   return aUrlComp.join("/");
}
function kk () {
   Nv("Edit","javascript:CTd()", 'Edit this document', false, 333);
}
```

Form s_AccountEditcode

This form is used to hold all the JavaScript functions needed to display a valid and proper edit form in the browser. The functions have some important meanings:

Function kk (unobfuscated name *SubScene_Init*):

This function is called to initialize the actual subscene to display. This function is called during the page creation in the browser. From here another function Nv is called.

Function Nv (unobfuscated name *AddSceneAction*):

This function is used to add an action to the actual scenes action bar menu. It takes two parameters: 1st is the actiontitle to display, 2nd is the url to call.

Function k1 (unobfuscated name *SubScene SubmitLogic*):

This function is called from the submit event of the form. In our case we make sure the principal field has a proper value and if not we set one. The parameter Bx which is not used in our example delivers a handle to the actual pageframe to the function.

Function mk (unobfuscated name getObjTitle):

This function has two tasks:

- 1. Set the document to open in edit mode next time, if it is saved only (not send).
- The second task is to try to update the view window by calling the appropriate helper function to reflect the new document just created. The function name need only be a similar function to one implemented by the main view.

For example, the Notebook view page implements BHV() onubfuscated *nbViewRefresh* (nb for Notebook) function, and the Notebook object code trys to call such a function (if it exists). Placing logic in a try block allows for graceful coping with case where it doesn't exist (cause perhaps the Notebook view page is no longer displayed within the other window).

Because we do not implement a specific view displaying the account documents, there is no place to put a specific view related function. So we try to call the function Bh1() - unofuscated name *mailViewRefresh* - which is the view refresh for the general mail view.

Example 5-15 Code for the s_AccountEditcode form

```
<NotesDictionary>
<NOTESVAR NAME={$ContentType} VALUE={"application/x-javascript"}>
</NotesDictionary>
function kk(){
  Nv("Save & Close", "javascript:abPreSubmit('h Jump')", 'Save and close this
  page', false, 20);
  Nv("Save", "javascript:abPreSubmit('h TempSave')", 'Protect your current edits
  from accidental loss without leaving this page', false, 90);
  Nv("Cancel", "javascript:abPreSubmit(\"h Exit\")", 'Discard all the changes you
  have made', false, 336);
  if(h IsNewDoc == "0") Nv("Print", "javascript:OG()", 'Print this
  document',false,334);
ł
function kl(Bx, submitAction){
  theForm.Principal.value=(window.Principal ? window.Principal : haiku.Kq);
  return submitAction;
function mk(window, submitAction, wN){
  if(wN == "h TempSave") theForm.h SetEditNextScene.value="s StdPageEdit";
  if(theForm.h SetReturnURL.value == '<script>self.close();<\/script>')
     theForm.h SetReturnURL.value='<script>try{
        var oWin=window.opener?window.opener:window.parent;
        oWin.Bhl();
        }catch(e){}
        self.close();
        <\/script>';
   return submitAction;
}
```

```
function qP(){
    if (window.acctno) theForm.acctno.value=acctno;
    if (window.accttype) theForm.acctype.value=accttype;
    if (window.lastname) theForm.lastname.value=lastname;
    if (window.firstname) theForm.firstname.value=firstname;
    if (window.internalcontact) theForm.internalcontact.value=internalcontact;
}
```

Form s_AccountReadcode

This form contributes the externalized JavaScript code for the creation of the page to read an account form based document.

The functions k1() and mk() are already explained in "Form s_AccountEditcode" on page 85. Disregard function fH(). It was used at one time to display an error message for unimplemented actions.

Example 5-16 Code for the s_AccountReadcode form

```
<NotesDictionary>
<NOTESVAR NAME={$ContentType} VALUE={"application/x-javascript"}>
</NotesDictionary>
function fH(){alert("Sorry, not yet implemented.");}
function kl(Bx, submitAction){return submitAction;}
function mk(Bx, submitAction, originalAction){
  if('h Delete'==originalAction){
     theForm.h SetReturnURL.value='<script>try{
        var oWin=window.opener?window.opener:window.parent;
        oWin.Bhl();
     }catch(e){}
     self.close();
     <\/script>';
  }
  return submitAction;
}
```

5.5.7 Use the action "New Account"

If the new design has been applied to the forms database, all Domino Web Access users are able to use the new action *New Account* in the menu to create a new account document within the Domino Web Access interface.

Create new document in Domino Web Access

If everything went ok and users click on the "Account" link in the "New" menu in the inbox, users will see a browser window like the one in Figure 5-9.

Account information -	Microsoft Internet Explorer	<u>_ </u>
New ▼ Save & Close Sa	we X	?
ITSO bank		
Account S	tatement	
	-	
Account #	39845987	
Account Type	Lease	
Lastname	Monson	
Firstname	Phil	
Internal Contact	Wolfgang Fey	

Figure 5-9 Account Form

Read the document

Reading an already saved document through Domino Web Access displays the document in a window as shown in Figure 5-10.

Mew • 🚑 👸 🗙	cam.itso.ibm.com/mail/wfey.nsf/20965393ba1c567f852571840 두 🗖 🗙
ITSO ba	nk
Account	t Statement
Account # Account Type Lastname Firstname	75728236 Rent Bergland John
Internal Contact	Wolfgang Fey

Figure 5-10 Reading Account Document

Forward an account document by mail

If there has been created a view, selecting the account documents in the mailfile and the backend form has been applied to the users mail database, then one or more documents can be selected and forwarded by mail. This functionality of Domino Web Access needs the Notes backend form to render the document into the body of the new message like displayed in Figure 5-11:

Message - Microsoft Internet Explorer		
New 🔨 Send Send & File Save As Dra	ft Save As Stationery Follow Up 🔨 Options Format 🕇 🎒	X ?
□ High priority □ Return receip	t 🗖 Sign 🗖 Encrypt	
Wolfgang Fey/ITSObank 06	j/20/2006 11:44AM	
То:		
cc:		
bcc:		
Subject: Fw:		
	및 슈 袖 펜 트, ᆃ ⊨ ፡፡ 초 №A — +	۶ 🏘
Account# Type Lastname Firstname Internal contact	39217658 Lease Monson Phil Wolfgang Fey	
Attachments		

Figure 5-11 Forwarding an account document by mail renders the document into the body field

5.5.8 Preferences

The intention of ITSO Bank is to enable awareness and chat by using Sametime® functionality by default on every users mailfile. This is accomplished by changing the default for the instant messaging setting in the preferences document. This section describes the modifications needed for that customization sample:

- Modify s_MailPreferenceEditCode form
- Create LotusScript agent to modify preferences document

Modify s_MailPreferenceEditCode Form

In order to change the default of the option in the profile document the form s_MailPreferenceEditCode has to be modified. This form contains the code to set the default values in the preferences form.

To modify the default open the form in Designer and search for the string "SametimeAwarenessI0" and change the value to "SametimeAwarenessI1". That's all for that particular case - save end exit the document. Figure 5-17 shows the code fragment with all default values of the preferences page in a JavaScript array already with our modified value.

Example 5-17 Code Fragment of Form s_MailPreferenceEditCode

```
aFlds=new Array( "MailSaveOpt|1", "MailSort|0", "EnableFTIndex",
"DefaultFolderName", "NewMailAlert", "NewMailCheck|1", "NewMailInterval"
,"SoftDeleteExpireTime|48", "MailMsgFmt|" + (!haiku.DefaultFormatPlainText ? "1" :
"0"), "MailEditor|1", "UnreadStyle|red", "ListViewType|0", "DateFormat|MM-dd-yyyy"
,"DateSeparator|/", "TimeFormat|hh:mmt", "TimeSeparator|:", "DateFormatLong|dddd,
MMMM dd, yyyy", "UseStartTimeZone|", "UseCurrentTimeZone|1", "UseAddlTimeZone|0"
,"CurTimeZoneLabel", "AddlTimeZoneLabel", "AdditionalTimeZone", "CurrentTimeZone"
```

```
,"CalendarFirstDayFiveDay|" + 1 ,"CalendarFirstDayWeek|" + 1
,"CalendarFirstDayMonth|" + 0 ,"StartupView|" + BHd[0].systemName
,"DisableDragDropAndInPlace|0" ,"NamePreference|0" ,"SametimeAwareness|1"
,"EnableSignMail|0", "EnableEncryptMail|0", "EnableEncryptUnTrustInetCertsMail|0"
,"ReuseChildWindows|0" ,"SCDictionary" );
```

All new Domino Web Access users will now get the new default for that setting in the preferences dialog.

Create a LotusScript agent to modify preference for existing users:

The Example 5-18 on page 90 is the LotusScript agent that can be run to modify the existing inotesprofile documents to Enable Instant Messaging for all users:

Note: This agent can added to any database on the server, like the names.nsf. It can be set to run from the actions menu or on schedule. Remember to modify servername and mailpath before using this agent.

Example 5-18 Agent to Enable Instant Messaging

```
Sub Initialize
Dim session As New NotesSession
Dim db As NotesDatabase
Dim doc As NotesDocument
Dim Count As Integer
Set db = session.CurrentDatabase
Set doc = db.GetProfileDocument("inotesprofile")
count = "1"
doc.SametimeAwareness = count
Call doc.save(False,False)
End Sub
```

An administrator can modify this setting for all existing mail files on one server by modifying the example below. This can be done using the methods and properties of the NotesDbDirectory class which allows to cycle through all of the databases on a particular server. Example 5-19 is a sample provided to illustrate one way to approach this issue.

Example 5-19 Agent to Enable Instant Messaging on all mailfiles

```
Sub Initialize
Dim db As NotesDatabase
Dim acl As NotesACL
Dim entry As NotesACLEntry
Dim cprofile As NotesDocument
Dim pos As Integer
Dim found As Integer
Dim servername As String
Dim mailpath As String
Dim mailowner As String
Dim doc As notesdocument
```

'PARAMETERS TO CODE 'Indicate mail subdirectory name

```
mailpath = "mail\"
'Server name (in canonical format):
  servername = "boston/ITSObank"
  Dim dbdir As New NotesDbDirectory(servername)
'Cycle through databases on the server
  Set db = dbdir.GetFirstDatabase(DATABASE)
  While Not db Is Nothing
'Skip databases which you don't have access to
     On Error 4060 Goto Error4060
'Check to see if this database is in the mail directory
     pos = Instr(db.FilePath, mailpath)
     If pos = 1 Then
        Call db.Open(servername, db.FilePath)
        Set doc = db.GetProfileDocument("inotesprofile")
        count = "1"
        doc.SametimeAwareness = count
        Call doc.save(False,False)
     End If
GetNextDb:
     Set db = dbdir.GetNextDatabase()
  Wend
  Exit Sub
Error4060:
'If the code reaches here then the user does not have access rights.
  Resume GetNextDb
```

End Sub

Attention: The person executing this code must have manager rights to the mailfiles. If a single user does not have manager rights to all the mail files then the agent can be executed by an administrator with full access.



Administrative Customizations

Note: This Redpaper is in "draft" mode and is undergoing both technical and grammatical review. While in draft mode, the paper may contain minor omissions, technical inaccuracies or spelling errors. Please note that this draft will continue to be updated on a weekly basis until it is complete and ready for publication.

This chapter highlights some areas of Domino Web Access customization that can be performed with common administration techniques. This sections below include:

- Customizing Domino Web Access for different groups of users
- Key notes.ini variables
- Domino Web Access redirect

6.1 Different Customizations for Different audience

Different groups of users in an organization may have different Domino Web Access customization needs. It is possible to meet the requirements of different groups by having each group access it's own Domino server. This can be resource intensive so a second approach is to use different forms7 files and point them to different Domino Web Access mail templates.

6.1.1 How to use different Forms databases

Forms7.nsf introduces a new NotesVar named s_FF which retrieves from the server the current Forms file name. This is a significant improvement in release 7 because there is no concern that the forms file can be replaced during the upgrade process. Example 6-1 demonstrates how to change the value of the \$FormsTemplateFile item within the icon note of both the mail template and the Forms file to refer to a different name. This change will be automatically picked up by Domino Web Access.

Important: It is fundamental to use a forward slash as the path separation character.

Example 6-1 Renaming the forms filename in the icon note

```
Sub Initialize
Dim sess As New NotesSession
Dim db As NotesDatabase
Dim agent As NotesAgent
Dim doc As NotesDocument
Dim item As NotesItem
Dim n As String
Set db = sess.CurrentDatabase
n = "FFFF0010"
Set doc = db.GetDocumentByID(n)
Set item = doc.ReplaceItemValue("$FormsTemplateFile", "iNotes/Custom7.nsf")
Call doc.save(True,True)
```

```
End Sub
```

In addition, there are some NOTES.INI (see Table 6-1) settings to allow other forms files to be treated as valid by the server.

INI Settings	Description	
iNotes_WA_FormsFiles	Override default list of Forms files supported on server. Example:	
	iNotes_WA_FormsFiles=iNotes/Custom7.nsf,iNotes/Forms7 .nsf,iNotes/Form6.nsf,iNotes/Forms5.nsf	
iNotes_WA_DefaultFormsFile	Override the default forms file to use when a DWA mail file specifies a forms file which doesn't exist on the server.	
	Example: iNotes_WA_DefaultFormsFile=iNotes/Custom7.nsf	

Table 6-1 NOTES.INI Settings to use a custom forms file

6.2 Notes.ini Variables affecting Domino Web Access

There are several Notes.ini parameters that can be implemented on the Domino Web Access server to configure the Domino Web Access user environment. Most Domino Web Access Notes.ini parameters came into being as a result of customer requests for the functionality provided. In this section we will examine the Notes.ini parameters.

Important: Notes.ini parameters implemented on the server will not be pushed down to Domino Offline Services. The pre-packaged Notes.ini for DOLS is under n_Dolbase.exe and needs to be modified to include the new Notes.ini parameters. Also, the Version string under n_Dolbase.inf needs to be incremented. These files can be modified and packaged in a similar manner as discussed in Section 3.1.1, "Domino Web Access Customization in Domino 6.5" on page 18 for n_Shimmer7_en.exe and n_Shimmer7_en.inf.

There are a bunch of notes.ini parameters for Domino Web Access. Most of the parameters up to version 6.5.4 are collected and documented in technote 1089521:

http://www-1.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21089521

6.2.1 Configuration Settings versus Notes.ini parameters

In the Server Configuration Document for your Domino Web Access server you will find a tab labeled "Domino Web Access". This tab is where the server administrator configures much of the Domino Web Access environment. Below, various Domino Web Access configuration options on this tab are discussed in terms of customization.

Some Notes.ini settings used for configuring Sametime integration with Domino Web Access have been replaced by settings in the Configuration Settings document in Domino 7. To configure users with the DWA7 mail template, use the appropriate settings on the Domino Web Access tab of the Configuration Settings document instead of these variables.

Although you cannot use these Notes.ini settings for Domino 7 they have not been removed, and are still valid for users who have the iNotes6 mail template.

Important: In a mixed version environment with both iNotes6.ntf and DWA7.ntf mail users, the Notes.ini setting will apply to iNotes6 users, but the corresponding Configuration Settings will override Notes.ini settings for DWA7 users.

NOTES.INI Setting	Configuration Settings document field	
iNotes_WA_Chat	Instant Messaging features	
iNotes_WA_LiveNames	Online awareness	
iNotes_WA_SametimeJavaConnect	Prefer Sametime Java Connect for browsers	
iNotes_WA_NoLocalArchive	Local Archiving	
iNotes_WA_SametimeServer	Set an Instant Messaging server hostname for all Domino Web Access users	
iNotes_WA_SametimeToken	Allow secrets and tokens authentication	
iNotes_WA_STLinksLocal	Loading \stlinks from Domino application server	

Table 6-2 Notes.ini settings and corresponding Configuration Settings document fields

6.2.2 Obsolete notes.ini variables in Domino Web Access 7

Every release Notes and Domino contains a list of the obsolete INI settings which can and should be checked. Technote 1207338 describes notes.ini settings are obsolete for Notes and Domino 7:

http://www-1.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21207338

6.2.3 New or modified Notes.ini variables in Notes and Domino 7

With each release of Domino new notes.ini parameters are introduced allowing customers the flexibility to add and remove functionality. In a future release some of these ini settings may be

integrated with the configuration document. The following are the new or modified Notes.ini variables in Notes and Domino 7.

iNotes_WA_Areas

The value is a set of 6 bits which can be 0 or 1. Each bit represents one functional area to display or not to display in the following way:

iNotes_WA_Areas=ABCDEF

A:Welcome, B:Mail, C:Calendar, D:ToDo, E:Contacts, F:Notebook

0: Disable Functional area, 1: Enable Functional Area

(For example, iNotes_WA_Areas=010010 would make only Mail and Contacts available)

iNotes_WA_NamePickerSearchAccentInsensitive

Defaults:

- ► R6.x: iNotes_WA_NamePickerSearchAccentInsensitive=0
- R7: iNotes_WA_NamePickerSearchAccentInsensitive=1

Values:

- iNotes_WA_NamePickerSearchAccentInsensitive=0 Name Picker search becomes accent sensitive
- iNotes_WA_NamePickerSearchAccentInsensitive=1 Name Picker search becomes accent insensitive

The default behavior of Name Picker search is changed to accent (diacritical mark) insensitive in release 7. In release 6.5.5 and later, the default behavior is accent sensitive.

iNotes_WA_PrintUserStyleSheet

The parameter iNotes_WA_PrintUserStyleSheet is used to specify a user defined style sheet for printing. (For example, a specific Linux environment where the display resolution is set to lower than default, and print output would be larger than expected). Specify relative URL of user defined style sheet file (*.css) for printing under Domino's html directory. For example, if the file print.css is put under data\domino\html:

iNotes_WA_PrintUserStyleSheet=print.css

Important: Stats should not be on all of the time because they could affect performance. Also making the cache size too small could also affect performance.

iNotes_WA_Cache_Stats_On

Set to 1 to enable stats, but note that this will affect performance.

iNotes_WA_FormsCache_Size

Set max number of entries in Forms cache (default: 256).

iNotes_WA_SubformsCache_Size

Set max number of entries in Subforms cache (default: 256).

iNotes_WA_SkinGroupsCache_Size

Set max number of entries in skin groups cache (default: 256)

iNotes_WA_QueryAgents

Set to "1" to enable the ability to customize Domino Web Access to invoke Web Query Open or Web Query Save agents.

iNotes_WA_debug

Setting this variable is very useful for JavaScript error testing and debugging. Instead of the standard error message, *Sorry we are unable to process....,* a call stack of the current JavaScript on the server side is displayed. This helps diagnose where a particular problem resides. The variable is documented in technote 1164431:

http://www-1.ibm.com/support/docview.wss?rs=0&uid=swg21164431

iNotes_WA_DefaultFormatPlainText

When this is set to 1, two things happen:

- 1. (for new users) the default mail format preference is set to plain text.
- when the mail format preference is set to "prompt me when sending", the default format on the prompt UI is set to plain text.

iNotes_WA_ReadAttachments

When set to 0, Domino Web Access users will not be able to read attachments. When set to 1, Domino Web Access users will be able to read attachments. The default is 1. There is also functionality in Domino 7 to disable the ability to read attachments via an argument on the URL. If &ra=0 is placed on the URL, the Domino Web Access user will not be able to read attachments. The URL argument might be used to block particular users via a reverse proxy rule or custom web page.

iNotes_WA_WriteAttachments

When set to 0, Domino Web Access users will not be able to write attachments. When set to 1, Domino Web Access users will be able to write attachments. The default is 1. There is also functionality in Domino 7 to disable the ability to write attachments via an argument on the URL. If &wa=0 is placed on the URL, the Domino Web Access user will not be able to write attachments.

iNotes_WA_ReuseChildWindows=1

When this feature is set Domino Web Access caches and then reuses portions of the Mail and Calendar forms that do not change. For example, when a user opens a message, the Read Message window opens. The Read Message form is also cached without the message text. The form is then used to display any additional messages that the user opens in the same window. This eliminates the time it takes to close the first window and open a subsequent message in a new one.

iNotes_WA_DisableReuseChildWindows

When this Notes.ini value is set to 1 it turns off Reuse Child Windows UI option and disables the feature globally.

6.3 Domino Web Access Redirect Personal Options

Using the Domino Web Access redirect database adds value in terms of customization. The out of the box database already supports some administrative features to offer personal options or specific startup customizations to Domino Web Access users.

6.3.1 Configuration Document Options

The Domino Server settings for the default page that is loaded for a Domino Web Access user is set in the configuration document. This setting can be changed per server and also in the default configuration document.

For example the default template leads the user to the Welcome page of Domino Web Access as shown in Figure 6-1:

😳 Default Configuration - IBM Lotus Notes						
File Edit View Create Actions Text Help						
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<u>u</u>] Address 🔤 🗸 🗸 🗸 🖓 🖓 💐 🗸					
_	Workspace	۲				
	B Save & Close Cancel					
	L ODUQUITATION SOUDOS					
	Basics Smart Upgrade LDAP Router/SMTP MIME NOTES.INI Settings Domino Web Access MAP SNMP Activity Logging					
T	Welcome Page Setup		Offline			
	Default Welcome Page:	View/Modify	Encrypt offline mail databases:	[©] Disabled		
	Allow user to edit the Welcome Page	^r Enabled . •	Allow user to go offline: Only sync documents modified in the last ^{IF} 90 "I days:	^r Enabled . ▼ ^r Disabled . ▼		
	Alarms		Limit document attachments during sync	[₽] Disabled		
222		^r Enabled 』 ▼ ⁷ 5 ⊒ minutes	Security Settings:	[₽] Disabled		
	Mail		International			
		⁷ 5_minutes	Alternate name support: Preferred alternate name	^r Enabled▼ ^r English▼		
100 C 100 C 100 C		^r Letuserdecide 」▼	languages:			
	Name resolution and validation: Maximum attachment size (kb):	「Enabled」▼ 「50000」	Allow user to choose alternate name display:	『Disabled』▼		
	Mail threads:	『Enabled 』 💌	Start Up View			
N	Mail Encryption		Allow user to select default active	[™] Enabled . ▼		
1		^r Enabled , ▼ ^r Disabled , ▼	When opening Domino Web Access, open to:	[®] Welcome		
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	^r Disabled	Browser Cache Management			
	Require SSL to access secure mail features:	' Both 🛛 💌	Browser Cache Management:	Enabled .		
	Use JavaScript for SSL-redirection	^r Enabled⊿▼	Automatically install Browser Cache Management:	^r Disabled ₂ ▼		
			▲ 🔍 ▲ 🖓 ▲	I Am Active 🔺 Office 🔺 🛄 🔺		

Figure 6-1 Configuration Settings Document

This default can be changed by the administrator in the configuration document to point all users to a different page. The options available are shown in Figure 6-2:

eywords Welcome	ОК
Welcome Mail Calendar To Do Contacts Notebook	Cancel

Figure 6-2 Startup Screen Options in Configuration Document

6.3.2 DWA Redirect Options

The administration of the Domino Web Access redirect database allows a customer to set some additional options to customize what users can select and how the redirection is displayed. Additionally, Figure 6-3 shows the Domino Web Access Redirect configuration screen with the following options set:

- corporate logo set to the ITSO Bank banner
- background color set to the corporate standard
- enable the personal options for the user being redirected

🛞 De	omino Web Access Redirect (Administration) - IBM Lotus Notes	- 🗆 ×
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_	S Workspace Domino Web Access Redirect X	
	Lotus, Domino" Web Access	
1	Save & Exit	
6		
1		
	Server Settings UI Setup Application Setup	
	Please enter the time in seconds before the user is redirected $^{\mathbb{F}}4_{\mathbb{J}}$	
	Help	
5	-	
1	What text to be displayed on the Redirection Page	
101	Help	
0		
	Custom Logo for Browser " 📲	
1	(will replace Domino Web Access Redirect Logo)	
0	ATTACH file here (ie .jpg, .gif) itsobanner.gif	
	Help	
	-	
	Select a background color for Browser "#F7F7BD 』	
	Click here for color picker	
	Help	
	▲ 🦃 ▲ 🔏 Am Active ▲ Office ▲	

Figure 6-3 Redirect Options Administration

The Domino Web Access redirect page then displays an additional button for the end user called *Personal Options* as shown in Figure 6-4:

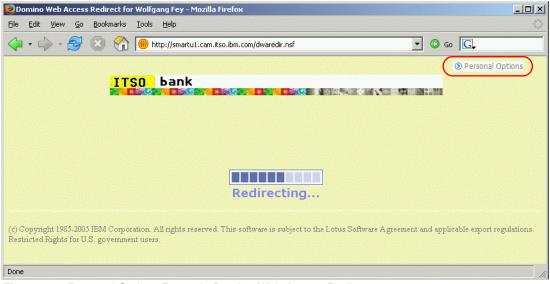


Figure 6-4 Personal Options Button in Domino Web Access Redirect

Clicking the Personal Options button leads the user to a page where the start page can be selected from a set of predefined options like those in Figure 6-5.



Figure 6-5 Personal Options Selection Screen

The default list can also be customized to display different target page layouts or even customized Domino Web Access pages. The place to put the option values and links for the redirections is the form *WMRProfile*. The options are set in the combobox field called *WMRProfileURL*. This field's values can be extended, modified or deleted as needed. For an example please see Figure 6-6:

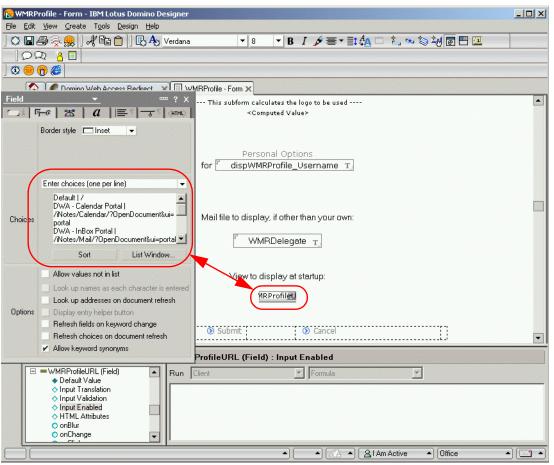


Figure 6-6 WMRProfile Form with Options for WMRProfileURL





Note: This Redpaper is in "draft" mode and is undergoing both technical and grammatical review. While in draft mode, the paper may contain minor omissions, technical inaccuracies or spelling errors. Please note that this draft will continue to be updated on a weekly basis until it is complete and ready for publication.

Creating a custom help document in the Domino Web Access help database

The content of all Help pages is stored as a file resource to the iNotes/help70_iwa_en.nsf database. If a new page or dialog is being added or an existing page is modified it might be useful to also customize the help document or to create an additional one. The name of the HTML file has to be put into the IF variable in the page init context, as shown in "Subform s_AccountEdit_Init" on page 82. An easy way to customize or add a help page it is to start with an existing help HTML file in the help database.

Different techniques to include externalized code

There are at least two ways to include the externalized code content of forms or subforms in other forms or subforms to keep them as small as possible.

One option is to use the **<includesubform>** special DWA tag. This includes all of the HTML and JavaScript code from the subform named in the tag at the location where the tag is placed. This is done by the http server and the result is delivered to the browser.

The other option is to move the code to an external script file by utilizing a HTML script tag with a src value referencing another Domino Web Access form which is setup to contain JavaScript content (\$ContentType NOTESVAR set to "application/x-javascript"). This results in the browser loading the external page when it encounters the tag. The script tag would take the form: <script

src="@{s_FF}/iNotes/Proxy/?OpenDocument&Form=s_SomeForm@{s_StaticJSArgs}">

The use of a script tag to load an external page (part) is so all the script code isn't emitted as part of a top level page. This top level page may not be cacheable and hence every time it is invoked all script is also included, increasing bandwidth consumption and slowing down performance of that page. By placing it in an external page part and setting that part to be cacheable avoids increasing the bandwidth consumed on subsequent re-visits to the top page (or similar pages) since the external script file will now be in the browser cache and can be potentially reused. If the external script part is really data related script and not static code it can't be cached, there is no benefit to having it in an external script file.

If the external script is really data related script (contains formulas that evaluate to different values at different times or for different users), unless it will remain static for some period of time and hence can be setup to be cached, there is limited benefit to having it be an external file.

Tools helpful for Domino Web Access Development

The sections below reference some helpful tools for Domino Web Access customization.

NotesPeek

In case you want to dig into the documents in forms7.nsf or dwa7.nsf that are not viewable with the Notes client you should consider NotesPeek.

NotesPeek was written for technical Domino administrators who want to see a more of a raw view of their Notes databases than the Notes client provides. It presents the information in Notes databases as it is available through the Notes API.

NotesPeek is based on a containment hierarchy: Notes servers have databases, databases have documents, documents have items, etc. For the most part, this containment hierarchy is that presented by the API. Selecting a line in the tree view on the left displays information about that line in the text view on the right.

NotesPeek displays almost all of the data available through the Notes API. Where data cannot be interpreted because its format is not documented, it is displayed as a hex dump.

NotesPeek is provided "as is" by IBM and can be downloaded at

http://www-10.lotus.com/ldd/sandbox.nsf/0/2791869f4e1d3fa385256f2c00432973?OpenDoc ument

Figure A-1 on page 105 shows NotesPeek, to display the content of a profile document.

<mark>ਲ NotesPeek - [Peek1]</mark> 💿 File Edit <u>Vi</u> ew Data <u>W</u> indow <u>H</u> elp		× _ 8 ×
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Figure A-1 NotesPeek showing an inotesprofile

Firefox Extensions and Tools

DOM Inspector

The DOM Inspector comes with the Firefox distribution and is installed as part of Firefox if the option "Developer Tools" is selected in the custom installation dialogbox. If installed, the DOM Inspector can be called at any time in the browser by hitting **shift-ctrl-i**. Figure A-2 on page 106 shows the DOM Inspector with a Domino Web Access page displaying the table of contents (TOC) elements of the page.

•

DOM Inspector						_ []
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	E			offsetHeight		31
#	text			offsetLeft		0
	BODY			scrollLeft		0
	TR			offsetTop		0
	i TD			scrollTop		0
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Follow Up	Wolfgang Fey	06/13/2006	01:48PM	1033		Phone Message from test :
S Fondw Op Junk Mail		06/13/2006	01:46PM	1005		Phone Message from test :
-	Wolfgang Fey	06/13/2006	01:35PM	1232		Phone Message from wolfg
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	Cotton Lukito	06/08/2006	10:01AM	1191	0	Hunger strike
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09:57AM	JIIU LUKICO	06/06/2006	09:30AM	5499	0	IBM IT services
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Figure A-2 DOM Inspector displaying a Domino Web Access page

Web Developer

Web Developer helps developers with a bunch of very helpful tools included in the toolbar.

The download address is:

https://addons.mozilla.org/firefox/60/

After installation the Web Developer toolbar is displayed after the next restart of the Firefox browser. The toolbar is shown in Figure A-3.

```
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```

Figure A-3 Web Developer Toolbar

For example, a developer can dig into the page structure in terms of outlining tags, editing the css code live, so any update displays immediately without affecting the real site online. Figure A-4 shows Web Developer outlining table cells.

Edit View Go Bookma	arks <u>T</u> ools <u>H</u> elp					
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🖁 Drafts 🔤	<u>who</u>	Date -	Time	Size		Subject
🖏 Sent	Wolfgang Fey	06/13/2006	02:51PM	989	0	asdasdv
🖁 Follow Up	Wolfgang Fey	06/13/2006	01:48PM	1033		Phone Message fro
	Wolfgang Fey	06/13/2006	01:46PM	1005		Phone Message fro
Dunk Mail	Wolfgang Fev	06/13/2806	01:35PM	1232		Phone Message fro
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	Wolfgang Fey	06/01/2006	04:55PM	376	•	Mail number 86
	Wolfgang Fey	06/01/2006	04:55PM	376	0	Mail number 87
	Philip Manson	06/01/2006	04:55PM	377	0	Mail number 88
	Arnaz Rustomji	06/01/2006	04:55PM	378	0	Mail number 89
	Julie Castle	06/01/2006	04:55PM	376	0	Mail number 90
	Arnaz Rustomji	06/01/2006	04:55PM	378	0	Mail number 91
▲	peter parker	06/01/2006	04:55PM	376	0	Mail number 92
Tuesday	Wolfgang Fey	06/01/2006	04:55PM	376	0	Mail number 93
2 Sep 12, 2006	Julie Castle	06/01/2006	04:55PM	376	•	Mail number 94
1 119-420M	Diarra Franch	06/01/0006	04.0004	דדר	^	Mail number OF

Figure A-4 Web Developer outlining table cells

Another very useful example is the in place edit of the cascading stylesheet. Modifying a particular style immediately affects the page display. The css is not written back to the server but can be saved local. Figure A-5 shows an example of the css editor.

<mark>Wail - Mozilla Firefox</mark> <u>File Edit V</u> iew <u>G</u> o <u>B</u> ookmarks <u>T</u> ools !	Help		
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background-color:#dee3ef;		A 003°C M	
border-top:lpx solid #4a494a;	1	p) 003℃ M	
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Figure A-5 Web Developer CSS Editing Sidebar

View Formatted Source

This very nice tool hooks into the Tools menu of Firefox and also into the right click menu. Figure A-6 shows the Tools menu. It can be launched from almost every webpage displayed. The source code is displayed in a color coded formatted view and also displays the css information for each tag. The source code can be folded and expanded with little plus and minus signs before each parenthesized section like table, tr, td, div, span, etc.

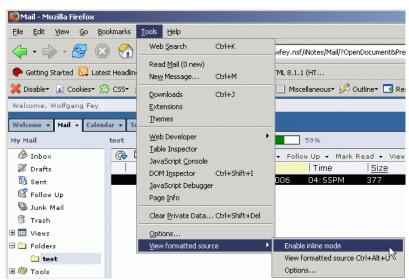


Figure A-6 View Formatted Source Menu

Also, there is an option to display colored inline selection frames for specific areas of the page. These can be clicked and will display only the source for that particular section of the page. The source code displayed is based on the rendered document so every dynamically modified element, either by DOM or javascript, is displayed in the way the browser renders the data.

The tool can be downloaded at:

https://addons.mozilla.org/firefox/697/

After installation Firefox needs to be restarted to enable the extension.

Figure A-7 show the tool in the inline mode displaying the source code of the mail file quota usage bar.

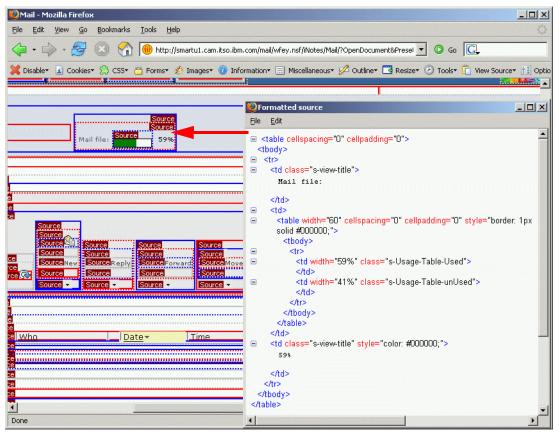


Figure A-7 View Source Inline Mode

View Source Chart

This tool produces a colored chart of the currently displayed web page, using the rendered code, so all includes like JavaScript and DHTML modifications are integrated.

The tool can be downloaded at:

https://addons.mozilla.org/firefox/655/

Figure A-8 shows a sample output of View Source Chart charting the Domino Web Access mail page. The tool is not as many other extensions are under the tools menu - it is integrated into the view menu of the Firefox browser.

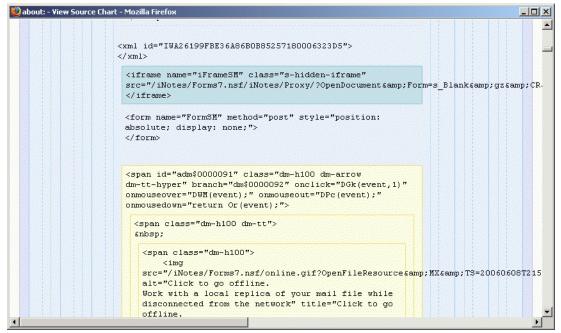


Figure A-8 Sample View Source Chart output

JavaScript Debugger

The Firefox / Mozilla JavaScript debugger is better know by its codename Venkman. It provides a powerful debugging environment for JavaScript code within Mozilla and Firefox. The debugger can be downloaded at:

https://addons.mozilla.org/firefox/216/

Internet Explorer Tools

Internet Explorer Developer Toolbar

At the time of this writing a preview version of the Microsoft IE Developer toolbar is available. The Microsoft Internet Explorer Developer Toolbar provides a variety of tools for quickly creating, understanding, and troubleshooting Web pages.

The download of Microsofts IE Developer toolbar is available at:

http://www.microsoft.com/downloads/details.aspx?FamilyID=e59c3964-672d-4511-bb3e-2 d5e1db91038&displaylang=en

Figure A-9 shows the new toolbar in Internet Explorer.

DevToolBar View DOM Disable View Outline Validate Images Resize Misc Show Ruler Figure A-9 Internet Explorer Developer Toolbar

Note: This tool is still a beta version at the time this Redpaper was written.

The DOM Inspector of the IE developer Toolbar is shown in Figure A-10. Note that this tool is a read only tool so you can read all objects and properties, but can not modify them.

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Part Calendar To Do Contacts Notebook ITSO bank Valid Tobox Mail file: 59% 15 MB space left Drafts Drafts Size Subject Subject Ø bank Wolfgang Fey 06/13/2006 02:45 PM 939 acdasdv Ø bank Wolfgang Fey 06/13/2006 02:45 PM 1005 Phone Messag Ø bank Wolfgang Fey 06/13/2006 02:14 6PM 1003 Phone Messag Ø volfgang Fey 06/13/2006 01:35PM 990 Phone Messag Ø volfgang Fey 06/06/20206 10:05AM 1045830 I am the span Ø volfgang Fey 06/07/2006 10:35PM 990 asdfas Ø volfgang Fey 06/07/2006 10:05AM 1045830 I am the span Ø volfgang Fey 06/07/2006 10:05AM 1045830 I am the span Ø volfgang Fey 06/01/2006 04:05SPM 3776 Mail number 90 Ø volfgang Fey 06/01/2006 04:5SPM 3776 Mail number 90 Ø volfgang Fey 06/01/2006 04:5SP	DevToolBar View DOM Disab	le View Outline Validate Images F	Resize Misc Show Ruler			
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Figure A-10 Internet Explorer DOM Inspector

Documentation

HTML, CSS, JavaScript, DOM and DHTML

Developers should be very familiar with JavaScript, CSS, HTML, DHTML and the DOM implementation of the targeted browser. Some links are provided for your convenience regarding these topics:

- Javascript Documentation
 - Microsoft MSDN® JScript Language Reference

http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/default.asp?url=/library/en-us/script56/ht ml/29f83a2c-48c5-49e2-9ae0-7371d2cda2ff.asp

- IE JScript® objects

http://www.irt.org/xref/jscript_objects.htm

- SUN Microsystems Developer Connection JavaScript Resource Center

http://java.sun.com/javascript/index.jsp

- ► HTML
 - W3C HTML Homepage

http://www.w3.org/MarkUp/

- Microsoft MSDN article HTML and Dynamic HTML Reference

http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/default.asp?url=/workshop/author/dhtml/dht
ml_node_entry.asp

- ► DOM
 - W3C Document Object Model (DOM)

http://www.w3.org/DOM/

- Microsoft MSDN article About the DHTML Object Model

http://msdn.microsoft.com/library/default.asp?url=/workshop/author/dhtml/dht
ml_node_entry.asp

Mozilla DOM Reference

http://developer.mozilla.org/en/docs/Gecko_DOM_Reference

- Cascading Stylesheets (CSS)
 - W3C CSS Homepage

http://www.w3.org/Style/CSS/

Additional Tools

LDAP Browser

Just in case to analyze any LDAP issues there is a very good tool called "LDAP Browser" from Softerra, Ltd. to examine the LDAP environment, LDAP server responses and so on at a very comfortable level. This can help a lot to get any issues regarding LDAP with Single Sign On, Sametime integration, Domino Assistance with LDAP and so on. The product is free of charge and can be downloaded at:

http://www.ldapbrowser.com/

CSS Stylesheet Editor

Topstyle from NewsGator Technologies, Inc. is a Stylesheet editing tool. It can be downloaded from

http://www.newsgator.com/NGOLProduct.aspx?ProdID=TopStyle

Wrapper Functions for Action Menu Operations

As demonstrated by examples provided in Chapter 5, "Feature Customization Techniques" on page 65, you can see the improvement in action menu operations with version 7.0.1 as compared to version 6.5. In this appendix, we have provided you with useful JavaScript wrapper functions to make it easier to manipulate action menus in version 6.5.

We also provide the comparable functions for version 7.0.1 to provide you with a more powerful way to work with action menus without having to be concerned with the details of the implementation of the DM functions discussed in Section 5.2, "Domino Web Access

Functions for Action Menu Operations" on page 67. Additionally, these wrapper functions enable you to build an array to add, overwrite, or remove multiple action menus easily.

removeActions function

The removeAction function here takes two arguments. The first argument is the array passed in as the 3rd argument to Scene_Actions (a_Actions for forms6.nsf and s_TopBranchId for forms7.nsf). The second argument is an array consisting of positions or titles identifying menus to remove.

Table A-1 shows details of the expected properties in this passed in array:

Parameter	Description
title	visible text of action entry to remove
pos	position number of action entry to remove (only way to remove image-only actions). There is also a checkPositions routine below to modify DWA to have it display all the top level position values.
suboffsets	an array of submenu offsets to be removed. Each entry is a zero-based offset. If such an array is present, then the top level menu is not removed. (should not use both this and subtitles within the same object)
subtitles	an array of submenu visible names to be removed. If such an array is present, then the top level menu is not removed. (Should not specify both suboffsets and subtitles)

Table A-1 Details of properties passed as parameter array to remove Actions function

Removing action menu in version 6.5

Example A-1 shows the wrapper and helper functions for removing an action menu item in version 6.5 and forms6.nsf database.

Example: A-1 Remove action menu wrapper and helper functions in version 6.5

```
// Helper functions:
// Routine to add visible position numbers to displayed menu titles. This will
allow to easily
// identify positions that you desire to remove. Particularly helpful for
non-textual actions
function checkPositions(a Actions) {
    var a=[], n=0;
   for(var i=0;i<a Actions.length;i++) {</pre>
      if( typeof a Actions[i].title == "string" )
        a Actions[i].title = a Actions[i].pos + ':' + a Actions[i].title;
      else
        a Actions[i].title[0] = a Actions[i].pos + ':' +a Actions[i].title[0];
   }
}
// Check the passed in array to see if it applies to each action being processed
function checkRemoval(a, action) {
   for(var i=0; i<a.length; i++) {</pre>
      if( typeof a[i].pos != "undefined") {
        if( a[i].pos == action.pos )
           return i;
```

```
} else if( a[i].title) {
        if( typeof action.title=="string") {
           if (a[i].title == action.title )
              return i;
        } else if (a[i].title == action.title[0])
           return i;
     }
   }
   return -1;
}
// Routine to remove subentries based on offsets or titles
function removeSubEntries(action,aSubEntries) {
   var aSubMenu=action.href;
  var aNewMenu=[], n=0;
   var bIsPos = typeof aSubEntries[0] == "number";
   var nEntries=aSubMenu.length/2;
   var j=0;
   for(var i=0;i<nEntries;i++) {</pre>
      if(j<aSubEntries.length && ( (bIsPos && i==aSubEntries[j]) || (!bIsPos &&
aSubMenu[i*2].split("|")[0]==aSubEntries[j])) )
        j++;
     else {
        aNewMenu[n++] = aSubMenu[i*2];
        aNewMenu[n++]=aSubMenu[(i*2)+1];
      }
  }
  action.href=aNewMenu;
}
/* The first argument is the array passed in as the 3rd argument to Scene Actions
 * The second argument is an array of numbers or titles indicating top level
actions to remove
 * See ActionPositions.txt for actions associated with various DWA actions
* Sample removal array by Position: [
{pos:0,suboffsets:null}, {pos:50,suboffsets:[0,1,2,3,4]}];
 * Sample removal array by Title: [{title:"New", subtitles:null},{title:"Tools",
subtitles:["Out of Office",...]}]
 */
function removeActions(a Actions, a ToRemove) {
  var nPos;
  var aRemove=[], n=0;
   var bIsSubMenu = false;
   for(var i=0;i<a_Actions.length;i++) {</pre>
      nPos = checkRemoval(a ToRemove, a Actions[i]);
      if( nPos != -1 ) {
        bIsSubMenu = typeof(a Actions[i].href) == "object";
        if(a ToRemove[nPos].suboffsets && bIsSubMenu) {
            removeSubEntries(a Actions[i],a ToRemove[nPos].suboffsets);
        } else if(a ToRemove[nPos].subtitles && bIsSubMenu) {
            removeSubEntries(a Actions[i], a ToRemove[nPos].subtitles);}
        else
           aRemove[n++] = a Actions[i];
      }
   }
```

```
if(aRemove.length) {
    // BOY == removeItems
    a_Actions.BOY(aRemove,true);
}
```

Removing action by position

The wrapper functions allow you to remove action menu either by menu label or by position. In some cases, you will not be able to remove action menu by label. Examples for such case is non-textual action like refresh, print, and delete.

The checkPositions function in Example A-1 on page 113 is very useful when you want to remove an action menu by position instead of by menu label. It displays the position next to the menu label as depicted in Figure A-11.

🖂 0:New	✓ 50: Reply ✓	110:Forward 🗸	180: Move 🛩	183:Follow Up 🛩	190: Mark Read 🛩
<u>Wh</u>	2	<u>Date</u> ⊽	Time	Size	Subject
📄 🖾 Mail	Router	06/07/2006	06:15PM	2529	DELIVERY FAILURE
🏲 Shu	Lukito	03/29/2006	09:51AM	1321	test follow up
Shu	Lukito	09/27/2005	08:02PM	1614	test 4

Figure A-11 Action menus with positions displayed in version 6.5

Example A-2 provides an example of removing an action menu by position.

```
Example: A-2 Remove menu by position in version 6.5
```

```
function Scene_Actions( s_SceneName, o_Window, a_Actions ){
. . .
  switch (s_SceneName) {
     case 'Mail':
        checkPositions(a_Actions);
        // To remove Tools -> Block Mail from Sender action menu by position
        var a=[{pos:330,suboffsets:[3]}];
        removeActions(a_Actions, a);
        // To remove the New top level menu by position value
        removeActions(a_Actions, [{pos:0}]);
        // To remove the 3-5th submenus within a top level menu named New
        var a=[{title:"New", suboffsets:[2,3,4]}];
        removeActions(a_Actions, a);
        break;
     default:
        break;
  }
. . .
```

Removing action menu by label

Here is an example of removing an action menu by label.

```
Example: A-3 Remove menu by label in version 6.5
```

```
function Scene_Actions( s_SceneName, o_Window, a_Actions ){
. . .
  switch (s SceneName) {
     case 'Mail':
        // To remove Tools -> Block Mail from Sender action menu using label
        var a=[{title:"Tools",subtitles:["Block Mail from Sender"]}];
        removeActions(a Actions, a);
        // To remove a top level (and any submenus it contains)
        removeActions(a Actions, [{title:"New"}]);
        // To remove a "Message" submenu within a "New" top level menu
        removeActions(a Actions, [{title:"New", subtitles: ["Message"]}]);
        // To remove a "Message" and "Contact" submenus
        // within a "New" top level menu
        var a=[{title:"New", subtitles: ["Message", "Contact"]}];
        removeActions(a Actions, a);
        break;
     default:
        break;
  }
. . .
}
```

Removing action menu in version 7.0.1

Example A-4 shows the comparable wrapper and helper functions for removing an action menu item in version 7.0.1 and forms7.nsf database.

```
Example: A-4 Remove action menu wrapper functions in version 7.0.1
```

```
// Routine to add visible position numbers to displayed menu titles.
// This will allow to easily identify positions that you desire to remove.
// Particularly helpful for non-textual actions
// Also provides a way to display menuids by passing true to the second argument.
function checkPositions(branchId, bDisplayIds, bDisplayPos) {
    if(arguments.length < 3)
        bDisplayPos = true;
    if(arguments.length < 2)
        bDisplayIds = false;
    var a_Actions = DZo(branchId); /* DM_getBranch */
    var menuNode, aSubMenu;
    var i,j;
    for(i=0;i<a_Actions.length;i++) {</pre>
```

```
if( typeof a Actions[i] == "string" )
         menuNode = DPN(a Actions[i])
      else
         menuNode = a Actions[i];
     menuNode.label = (bDisplayPos && typeof menuNode.pos == "number" ?
menuNode.pos : '') +
         (bDisplayIds ? ('[' + menuNode.$id + ']') : '') + ':' + menuNode.label;
      if(menuNode.$branchId && bDisplayIds) {
         checkPositions(menuNode.$branchId, bDisplayIds, false);
     }
   }
}
// Routine to remove subentries based on offsets or titles
function removeSubEntries(action,aSubEntries) {
  var i;
  var menuNode;
   if( typeof aSubEntries[0] == "number" ) {
     var aSubMenu= DZo(action.$branchId); /* DM getBranch */
      var nEntries=aSubMenu.length;
      var j=0;
      var aRemoval = [], n=0;
      for(i=0;i<nEntries;i++) {</pre>
         if(j<aSubEntries.length && i==aSubEntries[j]) {</pre>
            aRemoval[n++] = aSubMenu[i];
            j++;
         }
      }
      for (i=0;i<aRemoval.length;i++)</pre>
        DGa(aRemoval[i]);
   }
  else {
     // Find by title
      for(i=0; i<aSubEntries.length; i++) {</pre>
         menuNode = CyE(action.$branchId, aSubEntries[i]);
         if(menuNode)
            DGa(menuNode.$id);
      }
   }
}
/* The first argument is the branch id passed in
 * as the 3rd argument to Scene Actions
* The second argument is an array consisting of positions
 * or titles identifying menus to remove
 * Sample removal array by Position:
 * [{pos:0,suboffsets:null}, {pos:50,suboffsets:[0,1,2,3,4]}];
 * Sample removal array by Title:
 * [{title:"New", subtitles:null},{title:"Tools", subtitles:["Out of
Office",...]}]
 * The array can contain a mixture of these techniques if desired.
 */
function removeActions(branchId, a ToRemove) {
   var action;
```

```
var bIsSubMenu = false;
for(var i=0;i<a ToRemove.length;i++) {</pre>
  if(typeof a ToRemove[i].pos != "undefined")
     action = Dap(branchId, a_ToRemove[i].pos);
  else if (a ToRemove[i].title)
     action = CyE(branchId, a ToRemove[i].title);
  if(action) {
     bIsSubMenu = action.$branchId ? true : false;
     if(a ToRemove[i].suboffsets && bIsSubMenu) {
        removeSubEntries(action, a ToRemove[i].suboffsets);
     } else if(a ToRemove[i].subtitles && bIsSubMenu) {
        removeSubEntries(action, a ToRemove[i].subtitles);
     }
     else
        DGa(action.$id);
  }
}
```

Removing action by position

}

As discussed earlier, the wrapper functions allow you to remove action menu either by menu label or by position. In order to remove non-textual action like refresh, print, and delete, you will need to remove the action by position.

The checkPositions function is useful when you want to remove an action menu by position instead of by menu label. If you set the second argument, bDisplaylds to true, it will display the IDs (e.g., dm\$0000006). Similarly, setting the third argument bDisplayPos to true will display the position (e.g., position 1 for New). See Figure A-12 for a visual representation after running this function.

0[dm\$0000005]:		0000171	Reely T	110[dm	+00000201.5-
Colouis00000031:	Martanapopopoplinem - polaniac		Keply .	110[din:	\$000028]:F0
Who	[dm\$000008]:Message		Size		Subject
Shu Lukito	[dm\$0000009]:Phone Message	PM		1323	test 23
Shu Lukito	[dm\$0000010]:Calendar Entry [dm\$0000011]:To Do	PM		1107	test 22
Shu Lukito	[dm\$0000012]:Contact	PM		1115	test 21
Shu Lukito	[dm\$0000013]:E-mail Group	AM		1118	test 20
Shu Lukito	[dm\$0000014]:Notebook Page	AM		1118	test 19
Shu Lukito	[dm\$000016]:Folder	AM		1117	test 18
Shu Lukito		AM		1119	test 17

Figure A-12 Action menus with positions and ID displayed in version 7.0.1

Here is an example of removing an action menu by position.

Example: A-5 Remove action by position in version 7.0.1

function Scene_Actions(s_SceneName, o_Window, a_Actions){

```
...
switch(s_SceneName) {
   case 'Mail':
      checkPositions(s_TopBranchId, true, true);
      // Remove the "Tools\Block Mail from Sender" action using position
      removeActions(s_TopBranchId, [{pos:330, suboffsets:[5]}]);
      // To remove a top level menu with a particular position value
```

```
removeActions(s_TopBranchId, [{pos:1}]);
    // To remove the 3-5th submenus within a top level menu named New
    var a=[{title:"New", suboffsets:[2,3,4]}];
    removeActions(s_TopBranchId, a);
    default:
        break;
    }
...
}
```

Removing action by label

Here is an example of removing an action menu by label.

```
Example: A-6 Remove action by label in version 7.0.1
```

```
function Scene Actions( s SceneName, o Window, a Actions ){
  switch(s SceneName) {
  case 'Mail':
        // Remove the "Tools\Block Mail from Sender" action using label
        removeActions(s TopBranchId, [{title:"Tools", subtitles:["Block Mail from
Sender"]}]);
        // To remove a top level (and any submenus it contains)
        removeActions(s TopBranchId, [{title:"New"}]);
        // To remove a "Message" submenu within a "New" top level menu
        removeActions(s TopBranchId, [{title:"New", subtitles: ["Message"]}]);
        // To remove a "Message" and "Contact" submenus
        // within a "New" top level menu
        var a=[{title:"New", subtitles: ["Message", "Contact"]}];
        removeActions(s TopBranchId, a);
     default:
        break;
  }
```

addActions function

The addActions function used here takes two arguments. The first argument is the 3rd argument passed into Scene_Actions (a_Actions for forms6.nsf and s_TopBranchId for forms7.nsf). The second argument is an array of objects with a special structure to support inserting and updating entries without having to worry about specific menu APIs.

Table A-2 shows details of the expected properties for each top level menu object in this passed in array:

Parameter	Description
title	visible text to display for the new or updated action
pos	position number for where this action should appear. Lower positions are to the left and higher positions are to the right.
href	the url to invoke on a click of the action. This can be a javascript: url referring to a custom function provided by the customizer
helpText	hover text displayed when a user hovers over the action
img	url to an image to display for the action. The image will appear to the left of any title specified
img_width	numeric value representing the width of the image specified by the img property
img_height	numeric value representing the height of the image specified by the img property
submenus	an array of submenu objects to be inserted
find	an object with properties related to finding an existing action to facilitate replacing properties of the top level action or inserting submenus at a particular location within the submenu

Table A-2 Details of properties passed as parameter array to addActions function

Table A-3 displays details of the expected properties for each submenu object in the submenus array:

Parameter	Description
title	<same as="" description="" for="" level="" object="" top=""></same>
href	<same as="" description="" for="" level="" object="" top=""></same>
helpText	<same as="" description="" for="" level="" object="" top=""></same>
isDivider	set to 1 or true to add a divider (don't specify other properties for this submenu)

Table A-3 Details of properties passed as the submenu structure

The addActions function also supports the ability to modify (or overwrite) existing menus via its find property. Table A-4 shows details of the possible properties for the find object:

Table A-4 Properties of the find object

Parameter	Description		
title	visible text to use to find the action object we wish to update (should specify only this or pos)		
pos	position number of the action object we wish to update (should specify only this or title)		
replace	set to 1 to replace an existing submenu entry		
subtitle	visible text for subtitle before which to insert specified submenus (or name of single submenu to update if replace property is specified) (should specified only this or suboffset)		

Parameter	Description
suboffset	zero-based offset for submenu before which to insert specified submenus (or location of single submenu to update if replace property is specified) (should specify only this or subtitle)

Adding new action menu in version 6.5

Example A-7 on page 121 shows the wrapper and helper functions for adding an action menu item in version 6.5 and forms6.nsf database.

```
Example: A-7 Add new action wrapper functions for version 6.5
```

```
// utility routine to insert submenus into submenu array or replace one entry
function insertSubmenus(a, submenus, offset) {
  var bReplaceOne = (arguments.length >= 3);
  var n = bReplaceOne ? offset : a.length;
  if( bReplaceOne && !submenus[0].isDivider ){
     /* If some info is missing, then use prior existing info */
     var aTmp = a[n].split('|');
     if( typeof submenus[0].title != "string" )
        submenus[0].title = aTmp[0];
     if( typeof submenus[0].helpText != "string")
        submenus[0].helpText = aTmp[1] ? aTmp[1] : "";
     if( typeof submenus[0].href != "string" )
        submenus[0].href = a[n+1];
  }
  for(var j=0; j<submenus.length; j++) {</pre>
     if( submenus[j].isDivider ) {
        a[n++] = "DIVIDER";
        a[n++] = "";
     } else {
        a[n++] = submenus[j].title + "|" + submenus[j].helpText;
        a[n++] = submenus[j].href;
     if( bReplaceOne) break;
  }
}
// Find specified action and then update it
function updateAction(a Actions, findInfo, updateInfo) {
  var i, action, j;
  // First find the offest for this action
  for(i=0; i<a_Actions.length; i++) {</pre>
     action = a Actions[i];
     if(findInfo.title) {
        if( typeof action.title == "string" ) {
           if( findInfo.title == action.title ) break; else continue;
        } else if ( findInfo.title == action.title[0] ) break; else continue;
           return i;
     } else {
        if( findInfo.pos == action.pos )
           break;
     }
  }
```

```
if( i >= a Actions.length )
     return;
  // action is now the found entry
  if( updateInfo.submenus ) {
     var aSubMenu=action.href;
     var nEntries=aSubMenu.length/2;
     if( typeof findInfo.subtitle == "string" ){
        for(j=0; j<nEntries; j++) {</pre>
           if(aSubMenu[j*2].split("|")[0]==findInfo.subtitle ) {
              findInfo.suboffset = j;
              break;
           }
        }
     }
     if( typeof findInfo.suboffset == "number" ) {
        if( findInfo.replace ) {
           insertSubmenus(action.href, updateInfo.submenus, findInfo.suboffset);
        } else {
           // support inserting submenus at an offset
           var aNewMenu=[];
           var nInsertOffset = Math.min(findInfo.suboffset,nEntries);
           if( nInsertOffset > 0 )
              aNewMenu = aSubMenu.slice(0,nInsertOffset*2);
           insertSubmenus(aNewMenu, updateInfo.submenus);
           if( nInsertOffset < nEntries )
              aNewMenu =
aNewMenu.concat(aSubMenu.slice(nInsertOffset*2,nEntries*2));
           action.href=aNewMenu;
        }
     } else {
        // insert all new submenus
        action.href = [];
        insertSubmenus(action.href, updateInfo.submenus);
     }
  }
  // update position
  if( typeof updateInfo.pos == "number")
     action.pos = updateInfo.pos
  // update title
  if( typeof updateInfo.title == "string") {
     if( typeof action.title == "string" )
        action.title = updateInfo.title;
     else
        action.title[0] = updateInfo.title;
  }
  // update href
  if( typeof updateInfo.href == "string") {
     if( typeof action.title == "string" )
        action.href = updateInfo.href;
     else
```

```
action.title[1] = updateInfo.href;
  }
}
// Function to add array of specified actions
// [{title:"New action", pos: 30, href:"javascript:...", helpText:"hover help
text", img:..., img width:13,
11
      img height: 15, submenus: [{title:"submenu1", href:"...", helpText:"some
text"}]}]
function addActions(a Actions, a ToAdd) {
  var oNewEntry;
  var sGif;
  var n=0, i, j;
   var title, href, helpText, sWidth, sHeight;
   for(i=0; i<a ToAdd.length; i++) {</pre>
     oNewEntry = a ToAdd[i];
      if(oNewEntry.find) {
        updateAction(a Actions, oNewEntry.find, oNewEntry);
        continue:
     }
      if(oNewEntry.img) {
        /* First two chars represent img width and following two img height */
        sWidth = oNewEntry.img width + '';
        if(sWidth.length > 2) sWidth = sWidth.substring(0,1);
        if(sWidth.length < 2) sWidth = '0' + sWidth;</pre>
        sHeight = oNewEntry.img height + '';
        if (sHeight.length > 2) sHeight = sHeight.substring (0,1);
        if(sHeight.length < 2) sHeight = '0' + sHeight;
        sGif = sWidth+sHeight+oNewEntry.img;
      }
      if( oNewEntry.img || oNewEntry.submenus ) {
        title = [oNewEntry.title,oNewEntry.href,oNewEntry.helpText,sGif];
        href = '';
        helpText = '';
     }
      else {
        title = oNewEntry.title;
        href = oNewEntry.href;
        helpText = oNewEntry.helpText;
      }
      if( oNewEntry.submenus ) {
        href = [];
        insertSubmenus(href,oNewEntry.submenus);
      }
     a Actions[a Actions.length] = {pos:oNewEntry.pos, title:title, href:href,
BTO:helpText};
  }
}
```

Add new action

Example A-8 shows an example of adding an action menu using addActions wrapper function.

Example: A-8 Add menu in version 6.5

```
function Scene Actions( s SceneName, o Window, a Actions ){
  switch(s SceneName) {
     case 'Mail':
        // To add New \rightarrow Account submenu
        var a=[{find:{title:"New", suboffset:9}, submenus:[{title:"Account",
href:"javascript:openNewShimmerDoc('($ToDo)','Account')", helpText:"Create a new
account"}]}];
        addActions(a Actions, a);
        // To add a top level menu with no submenus:
        var a=[{title:"Hello world", pos: 30, href:"javascript:alert('Hello
world!')", helpText:"some hover text"}];
        addActions(a Actions, a);
        // To add a top level menu with submenus:
        var a=[{title:"Sub menus", pos:31, href:"javascript:alert('submenus')",
helpText:"submenu help", submenus: [{title:"submenu1",
href:"javascript:alert('submenul clicked')", helpText:"click me"},
{isDivider:true}, {title:"submenu2", href:"javascript:alert('submenu2 clicked')",
helpText:"click me"}]}];
        addActions(a Actions, a);
        // To add a new top level image-based action
        var a=[{title:"", pos:30, href:"javascript:launchCorporatePortal()",
helpText:"Open corporate portal",
img:"/iNotes/Forms6.nsf/h ResourcesByName/corpportal.gif?OpenElement",
img width:12, img height:19}];
        addActions(a Actions, a);
     // To find and update a top level menu named "New" and replace it with the
text "Create"
     var a=[{find:{title:"New"}, title:"Create"}];
     addActions(a_Actions, a);
        break;
  }
}
```

Adding new action menu in version 7.0.1

Example A-9 shows the wrapper and helper functions for adding an action menu item in version 7.0.1 and forms7.nsf database.

Example: A-9 Add new action wrapper and helper function in version 7.0.1

```
// utility routine to insert submenus into submenu array
function insertSubmenus(menuNode, submenus, subpos) {
```

```
var j, submenuNode;
   for(j=0; j<submenus.length; j++) {</pre>
      submenuNode = Dbc(menuNode.$id);
     with(submenuNode) {
        if(submenus[j].isDivider)
           CrR = true;/* isDivider */
        else {
           label = submenus[j].title;
           onclick = submenus[j].href;
           DFB = submenus[j].helpText;
        }
        if(subpos && subpos != -1)
           pos = subpos;
     }
  }
}
function updateMenuNode(mn, o) {
  // update position
   if( typeof o.pos == "number")
     mn.pos = o.pos
   // update title
   if( typeof o.title == "string")
     mn.label = o.title
   // update href
   if( typeof o.href == "string")
     mn.onclick = o.href;
  // update tooltip
   if( typeof o.helpText == "string")
     mn.DFP = o.helpText;
}
// Find specified action and then update it
function updateAction(branchId, findInfo, updateInfo) {
  var i, action, aSubMenu, nEntries, nInsertOffset, nAdj, nSubPos=-1;
   // First find the offest for this action
   if( typeof findInfo.pos != "undefined")
     action = Dap(branchId, findInfo.pos);
  else if (findInfo.title)
     action = CyE(branchId, findInfo.title);
   // action is now the found entry
   if(!action)
     return;
   if( updateInfo.submenus ) {
      aSubMenu= DZo(action.$branchId); /* DM getBranch */
     nEntries=aSubMenu.length;
      // If title specified as insert point, find offset
      if (typeof findInfo.subtitle == "string") {
```

```
menuNode = CyE(action.$branchId, findInfo.subtitle);
        if(menuNode) {
           for(i=0;i<nEntries;i++) {</pre>
               if( aSubMenu[i] == menuNode.$id ) {
                 findInfo.suboffset = i;
                 break;
              }
           }
        }
     }
     if( typeof findInfo.suboffset == "number" ) {
        nInsertOffset = Math.min(findInfo.suboffset,nEntries);
        nAdj = 100;
        for(i=nInsertOffset;i<nEntries;i++) {</pre>
           menuNode = DPN(aSubMenu[i]);
           if( findInfo.replace ) {
               updateMenuNode(menuNode,updateInfo.submenus[0]);
              break;
           } else {
              if(nSubPos==-1)
                 nSubPos = menuNode.pos + 50;
              menuNode.pos += nAdj;
           }
        }
     } else {
        // Remove all existing submenus
        for(i=0;i<nEntries;i++)</pre>
           DGa(aSubMenu[i]);
     }
     // insert all new submenus
     if( !findInfo.replace )
        insertSubmenus(action, updateInfo.submenus, nSubPos);
  }
  updateMenuNode(action, updateInfo);
}
// Function to add array of specified actions
// [{title:"New action", pos: 30, href:"javascript:...", helpText:"hover help
text", img:..., img width:13,
     img height: 15, submenus: [{title:"submenu1", href:"...", helpText:"some
//
text"}]}]
function addActions(s_TopBranchId, a_ToAdd) {
  var oNewEntry;
  var n=0, i, j;
  var menuNode, submenuNode;
  var subTitle;
  for(i=0; i<a_ToAdd.length; i++) {</pre>
     oNewEntry = a_ToAdd[i];
     if( oNewEntry.find ) {
        updateAction(s TopBranchId, oNewEntry.find, oNewEntry);
        continue;
```

```
}
menuNode = Dbc(s_TopBranchId);
with(menuNode) {
    pos = oNewEntry.pos;
    label = oNewEntry.title;
    onclick = oNewEntry.href;
    DFB = oNewEntry.helpText;
    if( oNewEntry.img )
        icon = oNewEntry.img + "|" + oNewEntry.img_width + "|" +
oNewEntry.img_height;
    }
    if( oNewEntry.submenus )
        insertSubmenus(menuNode, oNewEntry.submenus)
    }
}
```

Add new action

Example A-10 an example of adding an action menu using addActions wrapper function.

```
Example: A-10 Add new action in version 7.0.1
```

```
function Scene_Actions( s_SceneName, o_Window, s TopBranchId ){
. . .
  switch(s SceneName) {
     case 'Mail':
        // Add a menu under the "New" action
        var a=[{find:{title:"New", suboffset:9}, submenus:[{title:"Account",
href:"javascript:openNewShimmerDoc('($ToDo)','Account')", helpText:"Create a new
account"}]}];
        addActions(s TopBranchId, a);
        // To add a top level menu with no submenus:
        var a=[{title:"Hello world", pos: 30, href:"javascript:alert('Hello
world!')", helpText:"some hover text"}];
        addActions(s TopBranchId, a);
        // To add a top level menu with submenus:
        var a=[{title:"Sub menus", pos:31, href:"javascript:alert('submenus')",
helpText:"submenu help", submenus: [{title:"submenu1",
href:"javascript:alert('submenul clicked')", helpText:"click me"},
{isDivider:true}, {title:"submenu2", href:"javascript:alert('submenu2 clicked')",
helpText:"click me"}]}];
        addActions(s TopBranchId, a);
        // To add a new top level image-based action
        var a=[{title:"", pos:30, href:"javascript:launchCorporatePortal()",
helpText:"Open corporate portal",
img:"/iNotes/Forms6.nsf/h ResourcesByName/corpportal.gif?OpenElement",
img width:12, img height:19}];
        addActions(s TopBranchId, a);
```

```
// To find and update a top level menu named "New" and replace it with the
text "Create"
    var a=[{find:{title:"New"}, title:"Create"}];
    addActions(s_TopBranchId, a);
    break;
    default:
        break;
}
...
}
```

Overwriting action menu in version 6.5

The addAction wrapper function also supports updating or overwriting menu actions. Use the **find** property in order to overwrite menu actions.

Example: A-11 Overwrite New and New \rightarrow Message in version 6.5

```
function Scene_Actions( s_SceneName, o_Window, s_TopBranchId ){
....
switch(s_SceneName) {
   case 'Mail':
        // Overwrite top level New and the New -> Message menu
        var a = [{find: {title:"New", subtitle:"Message", replace:1},
href:"javascript:showHeaderDialog()",
submenus:[{href:"javascript:showHeaderDialog()"}]]
        addActions(a_Actions, a);
        break;
        default:
            break;
    }
....
}
```

Overwriting action menu in version 7.0.1

The addAction wrapper function also supports updating or overwriting menu actions. Use the **find** property in order to overwrite menu actions

```
Example: A-12 Overwrite New and New \rightarrow Message in version 7.0.1
```

```
function Scene_Actions( s_SceneName, o_Window, s_TopBranchId ){
    switch(s_SceneName) {
        case 'Mail':
            // Overwrite the top level New and the New -> Message menu
```

```
var a = [{find: {title:"New", subtitle:"Message", replace:1},
href:"javascript:showHeaderDialog()", submenus:[{href:"
javascript:showHeaderDialog()"}]}]
addActions(s_TopBranchId, a);
break;
default:
break;
}
...
```





Additional material

This Redpaper refers to additional material that can be downloaded from the Internet as described below.

Locating the Web material

The Web material associated with this Redpaper is available in softcopy on the Internet from the IBM Redbooks Web server. Point your Web browser to:

ftp://www.redbooks.ibm.com/redbooks/REDP4188

Alternatively, you can go to the IBM Redbooks Web site at:

ibm.com/redbooks

Select the **Additional materials** and open the directory that corresponds with the Redpaper form number, REDP4188.

Using the Web material

The additional Web material that accompanies this Redpaper includes the following files:

File name forms7.zip	<i>Description</i> Forms7.nsf with the modifications shown in Chapter 4, "Skin Customization Techniques" on page 43 and Chapter 5, "Feature
	Customization Techniques" on page 65.
resource.zip	Sample resource Lotus Notes database to store the copies of all emails as referred to in section 5.3, "Overwrite "New Message" Action" on page 69.
qsagent.zip	Contains QSMailStoreAgent.lss as documented in 5.3.4, "Modify s_MailMemoEdit subform" on page 75.

How to use the Web material

Create a subdirectory (folder) on your workstation, and unzip the contents of the Web material zip file into this folder.

Attention: Before any modification to a production or even a test Domino environment is made all databases and templates should be backed up.

To use the provided databases you need to import the agent provided as *QSMailStoreAgent* into the mail files of the desired users or into the dwa7.ntf template for all users. This agent has to be set as target *none*.

Next step is to copy the provided forms7.nsf to the iNotes directory of the Domino server. Also the repository has to be copied to the data directory on the Domino server.

Recycling the Domino server should now show the modified design and utilize the modified functionality.

С

Sneak Preview - upcoming features

Note: This Redpaper is in "draft" mode and is undergoing both technical and grammatical review. While in draft mode, the paper may contain minor omissions, technical inaccuracies or spelling errors. Please note that this draft will continue to be updated on a weekly basis until it is complete and ready for publication.

Note: Any future capabilities, features, or products that are discussed within this Redpaper appendix are current IBM plans, which are subject to change in whole or in part by IBM at any time, without notice.

What's in Notes and Domino version 7.0.2:

This section shows the types of enhancements that are being designed for the upcoming version of Domino Web Access. This list is provided to give readers a sense of the general direction that future releases are heading. This list is not a definitive list of future features and may change at any time.

Domino Web Access support with FireFox 1.5:

Macintosh users will be able to use Domino Web Access using the Mozilla Firefox 1.5 as displayed Figure C-1 on page 134. Beginning with 7.0.2, Mozilla Firefox 1.5 will also be supported for W32 and Linux.

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Ø Drafts	Who	Date *	Time	Size		Subject
🖏 Sent	Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:52PM	1029		New software tool available
S Follow Up	Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:48PM	2188	0	Customer Conference Call
Junk Mail	Tom Brady	12/21/2005	01:44PM	1064		*URGENT* Please update contact information
Trash	Tom Brady	12/21/2005	01:41PM	442		RECEIVED: Project Planning DB Link
Views	Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:41PM	446	0	RECEIVED: Project Planning DB Link
	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:41PM	442	0	RECEIVED: Project Planning DB Link
D Folders	Julie Davis	12/21/2005	01:41PM	2140	0	Project Planning DB Link
Tools	1 Tom Brady	12/21/2005	01:39PM	2270	0	CONFIDENTIAL - Machine Passwords
	Julie Davis	12/21/2005	01:38PM	1115	0	Bob's Birthday is Monday Lets do Lunch with the team
	Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:38PM	9482		Important client coming into town next week - Information include
	D Tom Brady	12/21/2005	01:34PM	1611	•	Accepted: Status on Team Project
	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:33PM	6229	0	Information Update - There are multiple changes: Staff Meeting
	D Tom Brady	12/21/2005	01:32PM	1600	0	Tentative: Stategy Meeting
	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:31PM	5349	0	Hardware Meeting
	P Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:31PM	2085	0	Declined: Stategy Meeting
	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:30PM	5348	Ó	Staff Meeting
	Tom Brady	12/21/2005	01:30PM	2188	Ō	On vacation from 12/23 - 12/29
	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:29PM	5369	0	Lunch on the Boss
	Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:28PM	1073	-	Contact Information
	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:27PM	1192	0	Need new hardware order ASAP
	V Tom Brady	12/21/2005	01:27PM	3539	-	Present Team Progress to fellow team members
	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:23PM	2168	0	Evaluations
	Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:23PM	4986	~	Reminder - Fill out time sheets every Friday
	P Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:23PM	4286	0	Declined: Clients Support Meeting
	Ca Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:22PM	6149	õ	Update: New Innovations Meeting
	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01:20PM	1600		Tentative: Stategy Meeting
	Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:20PM	1100		Please consider taking this class - CE 272398
	Julie Davis	12/21/2005	01:20PM	1093	0	Clients comming into the office
*	Julie Davis	12/21/2005	01:19PM	1859	õ	Clients Meeting Need Presentation Reviewed
Wednesday	Doeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:16PM	2173	ě	Tentatively Accepted: Status on Team Project
11 Jan 11, 2006	Julie Davis	12/21/2005	01:14PM	21548		Thanks for the presentation
03:41PM	Joeseph Mac	12/21/2005	01:13PM	1087		Anbody up for lunch this afternoon?
Trash	W Tom Brady	12/21/2005	01:13PM	27642		Discuss weekly team progress
Trash	Bob Smith	12/21/2005	01-13PM	27042	0	Funav Link

Figure C-1 Domino Web Access through Macintosh client using Firefox

Improved database quota reporting

Domino Web Access 7.0.2 improves the database quota reporting by polling for quota information when it polls for new mail or alarms thereby updating the indicator. Previously there was a tendency for this information to be accurate only the first time any particular functional area page was displayed during a session.

Thread panel improvements

Domino Web Access 7.0.2 now offers the ability to display the thread panel when using the "Show documents one page at a time" preference setting. The thread panel now supports deleting entries selected within a thread panel list via a right-click action.

UI for attention indicator

Beginning in version 7.0.2, Domino Web Access users will be able to set attention indicators through preferences under the Message Marking option as shown in Figure C-2 on page 135.

Preferences - Microsoft Internet Explorer			
Basics	Recipients		
 Mail General Display Signature Follow Up 	These settings allow you to quickly identify mail that is important to you based on the recipients in the To and cc fields. The icons are displayed in the mail view for mail sent to your Notes-style address. If you also want the icons to be displayed for mail you receive addressed differently (such as to your Internet-style address or to the name of a group you are in), type or select the names below.		
Message Marking	\overline{I} Display a solid circle when I am the only recipient of a message (\odot)		
🕀 Calendar	 ✓ Display a solid clicle when I am the only recipient of a message (♥) ✓ Display a half-solid circle when my name is one of at most the number of names below in the To field (♥) 		
International	2		
	\square Display an empty circle when my name is in the cc field or is one of more than 2 in the To field (O)		
Security			
Archive	Type or select additional addresses or group names to be treated as your name:		
Offline			
Logout			
	OK Cancel Help		

Figure C-2 Setting attention indicator under preferences

Advertise data as Atom and RSS feeds

Note: The Atom and RSS feeds are considered at this time to be only "tech preview" for Domino 7.02.

Domino Web Access 7.0.2 can advertise data as Atom and RSS feeds for the inbox folder. By default this feature is disabled. Feeds may be turned on by the following server Notes.ini settings:

- iNotes_WA_Feeds=atom,rss (to enable both feed types)
- iNotes_WA_Feeds=atom (only enable atom feed)
- iNotes_WA_Feeds=rss (only enable rss)

When feeds are enabled, the mail page will be modified to advertise the existence of the feed when someone goes to the Inbox folder. Feed Readers built into browsers, or browser extensions, will then automatically detect that a link is present. For example, the Sage extension for Firefox will display the clickable image at the bottom right of the Firefox window as shown in Figure C-3:



Figure C-3 Firefox displays this clickable image

The advertised feed title will be the following format (if only one feed is advertised):

<db title>: <view title>

The advertised feed title will be the following format (if multiple feeds are advertised):

[<FEEDTYPE>] <db title>: <view title>

where <FEEDTYPE> is either ATOM or RSS. So from a feed reader one should be able to see information about new messages which arrive and who they are from and a link should be offered to go to the document.

Related publications

The publications listed in this section are considered particularly suitable for a more detailed discussion of the topics covered in this Redpaper.

IBM Redbooks

For information on ordering these publications, see "How to get IBM Redbooks" on page 137. Note that some of the documents referenced here may be available in softcopy only.

- Domino Web Access 6.5 on Linux, SG24-7060-01
- ► iNotes Web Access Deployment and Administration, SG24-6518-00
- iNotes Web Access on the IBM eServer iSeries Server, SG24-6553-00
- Customizing QuickPlace, SG24-6000-00

Online resources

These Web sites and URLs are also relevant as further information sources:

Lotus Domino Web Access product page on IBM / Lotus site

http://www-142.ibm.com/software/sw-lotus/products/product1.nsf/wdocs/webaccessh
ome

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Domino Web Access 7 Customization



Integrate your organizations design into Domino Web Access Extend and enhance Domino Web Access functionality Leverage new version 7 design capabilities Lotus Domino Web Access 7 gives users the power to create rich text messages, schedule meetings, manage tasks, and collaborate with colleagues, whether they are using their own workstation, an Internet kiosk, or another user's PC. Offline services for the security-rich e-mail, collaboration, and personal information management features of DWA allow a mobile workforce to maintain a high level of productivity by expanding access to key information and applications.

This Redpaper will provide you with the knowledge you need to customize Domino Web Access to meet your organizations needs, whether you are an application developer or an administrator. It contains different customization examples for new and additional functionality, as well as removing and rearranging existing components, to meet the design and compliance needs of a ficticious bank.

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